**REGISTERED NUMBER: SC159795 (Scotland)** 

Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2018

for

PRENTICE WESTWOOD LIMITED

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# PRENTICE WESTWOOD LIMITED

Company Information for the Year Ended 28 February 2018

Directors: R J Prentice D E Cowen Registered office: Westwood Coach Depot West Calder West Lothian **EH55 8PW** Registered number: SC159795 (Scotland) Accountants: James Anderson & Co **Chartered Accountants** Pentland Estate Straiton Edinburgh

EH20 9QH

### Balance Sheet 28 February 2018

Fixed assets Tangible assets  4 3,565,9  Current assets Stocks Debtors Cash at bank  Creditors  Amounts falling due within one year  Fixed assets  4 3,565,9  27,3  27,3  230,1  267,9  (618,4	
Current assets           Stocks         27,3           Debtors         5         230,1           Cash at bank         10,4         267,9           Creditors	28 3,686,166
Stocks       27,3         Debtors       5       230,1         Cash at bank       10,4       267,9         Creditors       267,9	
Debtors       5       230,1         Cash at bank       10,4         Creditors	
Cash at bank         10,4           Creditors         267,9	57 17,009
Creditors 267,9	93 225,237
Creditors	2122,574
*******	264,820
Apparents followed us within one year 6 (C40.4)	
Amounts falling due within one year 6 (618,4	<u>(597,643)</u>
Net current liabilities (350,4	72) (332,823)
Total assets less current liabilities 3,215,4	3,353,343
Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one	
year 7 (498,5	68) (662,997)
, (100,0	(002,001)
Provisions for liabilities (404,8	34) (429,966)
Net assets <u>2,312,0</u>	
Capital and reserves	
	00 100
Retained earnings 2,311,9	
Shareholders' funds 2,312,0	

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 28 February 2018.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2018 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit & Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 27 November 2018 and were signed on its behalf by:

R J Prentice - Director

2006 relating to small companies.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2018

#### 1. Statutory information

Prentice Westwood Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in Scotland. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

#### 2. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Turnover

Turnover is recognised to the extent that is is probably that the economic benefits will be received by the company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duty.

Turnover is derived wholly from the provision of transport services and is recognised upon the delivery of service to the customers.

The company receives a bus services operating grant based on mileage operated on local registered bus services to reimburse an element of the cost of operating such services.

#### Interest

Interest income is recognised on an accruals basis.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the term, whichever is the shorter.

Coaches - 25% reducing balance and 10% straight line Plant & equipment - 25% reducing balance Yard & garage - over 30 years straight line

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes costs directly attributable to making the assets capable of operating as intended.

### Impairment

Assets not measured at fair value are reviewed for any indication that the asset may be impaired at each balance sheet date. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, or the asset's cash generating unit, is estimated and compared to the carrying amount. Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount where the impairment loss is a revaluation decrease.

#### Stocks

Stocks, which includes vehicle spares and fuel, are stated at cost after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 28 February 2018

# 2. Accounting policies - continued Taxation

Current taxation represents the amount of taxation payable or receivable in respect of the taxable profit (or loss) for the current or past reporting periods. It is measured at the amount expected to be paid or recovered using the taxation rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation represents the future taxation consequences of transactions and events recognised in the financial statements of current and previous periods. It is recognised in respect of all timing differences, with certain exceptions. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of income and expense in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. Unrelieved taxation losses and other deferred taxation assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred taxation liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred taxation is measured using the taxation rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date that are expected to apply to the reversal of timing differences.

#### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates money purchase (defined contribution) pension scheme. Contributions are charged against profits on the amounts payable for the year.

#### Hire purchase and leases

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Rentals payable and receivable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Loans and borrowings

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the transaction price including transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less impairment. If an arrangement constitutes a finance transaction it is measured at present value.

# Debtors and creditors receivable / payable within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administrative expenses.

# Bank and cash

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

#### 3. Employees and directors

The average number of employees during the year was 74 (2017 - 81).

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 28 February 2018

4.	Tangible fixed assets				
	<b>Q</b>	Yard &	Plant &		
		garage	equipment	Coaches	Totals
	Cost	£	£	£	Ł
	At 1 March 2017	107,557	165.283	6,075,160	6,348,000
	Additions	107,337	3,079	536,965	540,044
	Disposals	_	(8,299)	(673,350)	(681,649)
	At 28 February 2018	107,557	160,063	5,938,775	6,206,395
	Depreciation	107,007	100;000	0,000,110	0,200,000
	At 1 March 2017	_	131.298	2,530,536	2,661,834
	Charge for year	-	10,079	530,186	540,265
	Written back on disposals	=	(8,299)	(553,333)	(561,632)
	At 28 February 2018		133,078	2,507,389	2,640,467
	Net book value				
	At 28 February 2018	107,557	26,985	3,431,386	3,565,928
	At 28 February 2017	107,557	33,985	3,544,624	3,686,166
5.	Debtors: amounts falling due within one year				
				2018	2017
	Trade debtors			<b>£</b> 154,679	<b>£</b> 175,394
	Other debtors			75,514	49,843
	Other debtors			230,193	225,237
6.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year				
				2018	2017
	Bank loans and overdrafts			£ 105,703	<b>£</b> 35,973
	Hire purchase contracts			328,108	401,007
	Trade creditors			96,748	75,206
	Taxation and social security			40,153	34,133
	Other creditors and accruals			47,731	51,324
				618,443	597,643
7.	Craditars; amounts falling due ofter more than ar	10 V00r			
1.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than or	ie yeai		2018	2017
				£	£
	Hire purchase contracts			498,417	662,550
	Directors' loans			151	447
				498,568	662,997

The directors' loans are unsecured, interest free and carry no schedule of repayment. The directors have advised that they will not seek repayment of their loan balances falling due after more than one year within a year of the balance sheet date.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 28 February 2018

#### 8. Secured debts

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Bank overdrafts	105,703	35,973
Hire purchase contracts	826,525	1,063,557
	932,228	1,099,530

The bank facility is secured by bond and floating charge over the whole assets of the company and by standard security over the company's heritable property.

The directors have granted personal guarantees to the company's bankers in respect of overdraft facilities.

The hire purchase contracts are secured over the assets concerned.

#### 9. Other financial commitments

At 28 February 2018, the company had total commitments under a non-cancellable property lease over the remaining year totalling £20,422 (2017 £20,422)

In addition the company had total commitments under non-cancellable office equipment and software leases over the remaining life of the leases totalling £15,144 (2017 £3,781)

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.