Strategic Report,

Report of the Directors and

**Audited Financial Statements** 

for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

<u>for</u>

Ashley Ann-Limited

02/11/2018 COMPANIES HOUSE

Victor T Fraser & Co Limited Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor 3-4 Market Place Wick Caithness KW14LP

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#### **Ashley Ann Limited**

#### Company Information for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

**DIRECTORS:** 

S J Bremner

Mrs E M Bremner

SECRETARY:

Mrs E M Bremner

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

Unit 4A Airport Industrial Estate

Wick Caithness KW1 4QS

REGISTERED NUMBER:

SC098823 (Scotland)

**AUDITORS:** 

Victor T Fraser & Co Limited

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

3-4 Market Place

Wick Caithness KW1 4LP

**BANKERS:** 

The Royal Bank of Scotland

5th Floor Tay House 300 Bath Street Glasgow

G2 4RS

#### Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2018.

#### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

The results for the year and financial position of the company are as shown in the annexed financial statements.

This year has seen continued steady growth. Sales have increased by £1.1m (7%) on last year.

The company continues to remain profitable and has generated an EBITDA of £670,135 (2017-£607,041) for the year.

The outlook for 2018-19 is cautious. We have implemented a further expansion plan in England together with renewed focus on contract sales with Housebuilders. We do not expect to grow at the same level as we have in the past few years due to the ongoing impact of Brexit and continued uncertainty in the marketplace.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The principal risks and uncertainties affecting the business arise from changes in interest rates, an increase in competition and any potential downturn in the housebuilding industry, along with consumer confidence.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

S J Bremner - Director

31 October 2018

#### Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2018.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

An interim dividend of £2.50 per share was paid on 31 March 2018. The directors recommend that no final dividend be paid.

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 31 March 2018 will be £25,000.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 April 2017 to the date of this report.

S J Bremner

Mrs E M Bremner

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

**AUDITORS** 

The auditors, Victor T Fraser & Co Limited, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF O

S J Breganer - Director

31 October 2018

# Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Ashley Ann Limited

## Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Ashley Ann Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2018 which comprise the Income Statement, Other Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page three, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Ashley Ann Limited

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

H M Stewart Busby C A (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Victor T Fraser & Co Limited Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

3-4 Market Place

Wick Caithness KW1 4LP

31 October 2018

## Income Statement for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
TURNOVER	3	16,918,866	15,789,999
Cost of sales		9,284,972	8,695,953
GROSS PROFIT		7,633,894	7,094,046
Administrative expenses		7,366,854	6,921,111
		267,040	172,935
Other operating income		95,419	89,596
OPERATING PROFIT	5	362,459	262,531
Interest payable and similar expenses	6	69,027	97,003
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		293,432	165,528
Tax on profit	7	77,393	<del></del>
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	R	216,039	165,528

## Other Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

Notes	2018 £	2017 £
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	216,039	165,528
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	<del></del>	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	216,039	165,528

## Balance Sheet 31 March 2018

		2018		2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	9		3,409,031		3,059,938
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	10	605,540		536,476	
Debtors	11	1,823,415		1,837,231	
Cash at bank and in hand		535,161		600,303	
		2,964,116		2,974,010	
CREDITORS	12	2 211 102		4 140 425	
Amounts falling due within one year	12	<u>3,211,103</u>		4,140,435	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(246,987)		(1,166,425)
		•			
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			3,162,044		1,893,513
CREDITORS					
CREDITORS  Amounts falling due after more than one year	13		(1,265,476)		(381,007)
Amounts failing due after more than one year	13		(1,203,470)		(301,007)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	17		(77,393)		•
ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME	18		(252,008)		(136,378)
NET ASSETS			1,567,167		1,376,128
•					
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	19		10,000		10,000
Retained earnings	20		1,557,167		1,366,128
SHAPENOI PERSI PAND			1 5/7 1/7		1 277 129
SHAREHOLDERS' DYNDS			1,567,167		1,376,128

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 31 October 2018 and were signed on its behalf by:

S J Bremger - Director

## Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings	Total equity £
Balance at 1 April 2016	10,000	1,217,266	1,227,266
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income  Balance at 31 March 2017	10,000	(16,666) 165,528 1,366,128	(16,666) 165,528 1,376,128
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income	<u>.</u>	(25,000) 216,039	(25,000) 216,039
Balance at 31 March 2018	10,000	1,557,167	1,567,167

## Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

		2018	2017
	Notes	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations Interest paid	1	691,967 (44,636)	815,734 (69,716)
Interest element of hire purchase payments paid	I	(24,391)	(27,287)
Net cash from operating activities		622,940	718,731
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of tangible fixed assets		(1,029,625) <u>414,666</u>	(226,747) 59,780
Net cash from investing activities		(614,959)	(166,967)
Cash flows from financing activities			
New loans in year		1,000,000	(40.050)
Loan repayments in year		(725,639)	(49,050) (170,337)
Capital repayments in year Amounts withdrawn by directors		(76,199) (19,676)	(170,557)
Equity dividends paid	•	(25,000)	(16,666)
Net cash from financing activities		153,486	(236,053)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		161,467	315,711
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2	26,871	(288,840)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2	188,338	26,871

#### Notes to the Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

#### RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS 1.

•	2018	2017
	£	£
Profit before taxation	293,432	165,528
Depreciation charges	320,775	395,797
Loss/(profit) on disposal of fixed assets	7,841	(5,538)
Finance costs	69,027	<u>97,003</u>
	691,075	652,790
(Increase)/decrease in stocks	(69,064)	106,971
Decrease in trade and other debtors	33,492	5,125
Increase in trade and other creditors	36,464	50,848
Cash generated from operations	<u>691,967</u>	815,734

#### 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

r ear	enaea	31	March	2018	

Cash and cash equivalents Bank overdrafts	31.3.18 £ 535,161 (346,823)	1.4.17 £ 600,303 (573,432)
	<u>188,338</u>	26,871
Year ended 31 March 2017	31.3.17 £	1.4.16 £
Cash and cash equivalents Bank overdrafts	600,303 ( <u>573,432</u> )	255,213 (544,053)
	26,871	(288,840)

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Ashley Ann Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in Scotland. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the fair value of the sale of goods and services to external customers net of value added tax and discounts. Turnover is recognised when significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods are transferred to the buyer.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Freehold property - 2% on cost

Tenants Improvements - over the period of the lease

Investment properties - not provided Plant and machinery - 10% on cost

Fixtures and fittings - 25% on cost and 10% on cost
Motor vehicles - 25% on reducing balance

Tangible fixed assets, other than investment properties, are initially stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Investment properties are carried at fair value.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell.

#### Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

#### Foreign currencies

Transactions in overseas currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction or, where forward cover contracts have been arranged, at the contracted rates.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the exchange rate ruling at the balance sheet date or at a contracted rate if applicable and any exchange differences arising are taken to the profit and loss account.

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#### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

#### Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial statements.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the next amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other debtors, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

#### Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

#### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity. Financial liabilities are derecognised when, and only when, the company's obligations are discharged, cancelled, or they expire.

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## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors and bank loans, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financial transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as 'creditors: amounts falling due within one year' if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as 'creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year'. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including debt instruments that do not meet the definition of a basic financial instrument, are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss in finance costs or finance income as appropriate, unless they are included in a hedging arrangement.

#### Fixed asset investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less any provisions for impairment. Investments are reviewed for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

#### 3. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

An analysis of turnover by class of business is given below:

		2018 £	2017 £
	Sales of goods	16,918,866	15,789,999
		16,918,866	15,789,999
4.	EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS		
4.	EMITLOTEES AND DIRECTORS	2018	2017
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	4,402,548	4,044,907
	Social security costs	416,629	368,538
	Other pension costs	<u>84,579</u>	72,592
	·	4,903,756	4,486,037
	The average number of employees during the year was as follows:		
		2018	2017
	Production	126	113
	Administration and Support	50	45
		<u>176</u>	<u>158</u>
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Directors' remuneration	101,521	98,396

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# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

## 5. **OPERATING PROFIT**

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

		2018	2017
	Operating lease cost - plant and machinery	£ 4,508	£ 8,050
	Depreciation - owned assets	235,772	327,001
	Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts	85,003	68,794
	Loss/(profit) on disposal of fixed assets	7,841	(5,535)
	Auditors' remuneration Auditors' remuneration - non audit services	5,380 1,000	5,000 1,000
	Government Grants released	(20,940)	(45,752)
	Operating lease costs - other assets	344,633	340,007
6.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES		
0.		2018	2017
	Poul Second	£	£
	Bank interest Interest rate swaps	43,901 735	46,535 23,181
	Hire purchase	24,391	27,287
	•	<del></del>	<del></del>
		69,027	<u>97,003</u>
7.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge		
	The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:		
		2018	2017
	D. Comp. J. Com	£	£
	Deferred tax	77,393	<del></del>
	Tax on profit	77,393	
			<del></del> -
	Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss		
	The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. Th	e difference is exp	olained below:
		2018	2017
		2016 £	£
	Profit before tax	293,432	165,528
		<del></del>	
	Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017 -	55.750	22.107
	20%)	55,752	33,106
	Effects of:		
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	15,636	-
	Utilisation of tax losses	-	(33,106)
	Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	6,005	•
		77.202	
	Total tax charge	77,393	
8.	DIVIDENDS	2010	2017
		2018 £	2017 £
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	~	L
	Interim	25,000	16,666
		<del></del>	

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

## 9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

ANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		Freehold property £	Tenants Improvements £	Investment properties
COST At 1 April 2017 Additions		1,154,464 655,718	525,080	360,000
Disposals				(360,000)
At 31 March 2018		1,810,182	525,080	
DEPRECIATION		21,899	440 276	
At 1 April 2017	·		448,376	-
Charge for year		23,089	37,876	-
Eliminated on disposal		<del></del>	<del>-</del>	
At 31 March 2018		44,988	486,252	
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 March 2018		1,765,194	38,828	
At 31 March 2017		1,132,565	76,704	360,000
		Fixtures		
	Plant and	and	Motor	
	machinery	fittings	vehicles	Totals
	£	£	£	£
COST	-	-	_	
At 1 April 2017	2,291,906	1,053,583	135,710	5,520,743
Additions	93,599	343,058	-	1,092,375
Disposals	-	(131,875)	_	(491,875)
Disposais		(131,073)	<del></del>	
At 31 March 2018	2,385,505	1,264,766	135,710	6,121,243
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 April 2017	1,429,015	440,978	120,537	2,460,805
Charge for year	135,353	113,659	10,798	320,775
Eliminated on disposal	-	(69,368)	-	(69,368)
·		(07,53.0.0)		(32,32,32)
At 31 March 2018	1,564,368	485,269	131,335	2,712,212
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 March 2018	821,137	779,497	4,375	3,409,031
At 31 March 2017	<u>862,891</u>	612,605	15,173	3,059,938

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

## 9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

10.

11.

Directors' current accounts

Prepayments and accrued income

	Plant and	Motor	
	machinery	vehicles	Totals
	· £	£	£
COST			
At 1 April 2017	680,352	32,500	712,852
Additions	62,750	-	62,750
Transfer to ownership	(13,229)	•	(13,229
Reclassification/transfer	71,400	<del>_</del>	71,400
At 31 March 2018	801,273	_32,500	833,773
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 April 2017	110,614	22,851	133,465
Charge for year	76,878	8,125	85,003
Transfer to ownership	(3,969)		(3,969
At 31 March 2018	183,523	30,976	214,499
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31 March 2018	617,750	1,524	619,274
At 31 March 2017	569,738	9,649	579,387
STOCKS			
		2018 £	2017 £
Raw materials		522,975	422,135
Work-in-progress		82,565	114,341
		605,540	536,476
DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
•		2018	2017
		£	£
Trade debtors		1,712,026	1,715,396
Other debtors		50,000	50,000

The amount of debts included in trade debtors at the balance sheet date subject to the invoice discounting agreement is £1,024,611 (2017 - £1,064,129).

## 12. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

CREDITORS: AMOUNTS PARELING DOE WITHIN ONE LEAR		
	2018	2017
•	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 14)	399,323	1,299,071
Hire purchase contracts (see note 15)	150,146	120,010
Trade creditors	1,491,684	1,563,926
Social security and other taxes	116,131	109,748
VAT	168,210	169,283
Other creditors	-	1,980
Accruals and deferred income	885,609	876,417
·	3,211,103	4,140,435

209

71,626

1,837,231

19,885

41,504

1,823,415

#### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

#### 12. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR - continued

Bank overdrafts include an amount of £346,823 (2017 - £573,432) in respect of debts subject to the invoice discounting agreement.

13.	CREDITORS:	AMOUNTS	FALLING DUE .	AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

Bank loans (see note 14) Hire purchase contracts (see note 15) Other creditors	2018 £ 947,500 317,976	2017 £ 361,561 19,446
	1,265,476	381,007
LOANS		
An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:	2018 £	2017 £
Bank overdrafts Bank loans	346,823 52,500	573,432 <u>725,639</u>
	399,323	1,299,071
Amounts falling due between one and two years: Bank loans - 1-2 years	<u>52,500</u>	

Amounts falling due in more than five years:

Amounts falling due between two and five years:

Repayable by instalments
Bank loans more 5 yr by instal

737,500

The bank loan and overdraft are from the Royal Bank of Scotland plc.

The invoice discounting facility is provided by Royal Bank Invoice Finance Ltd. The invoice discounting facility charges are 3.0%.

In December 2017, the existing bank loan was refinanced with a new bank loan of £1,000,000. Repayments on the new loan will commence in April 2018 and repayments will be £7,211 per month thereafter. The interest rate on the new bank loan will be 2.95% over the Base Rate.

## 15. LEASING AGREEMENTS

Bank loans - 2-5 years

14.

Minimum lease payments under hire purchase fall due as follows:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Net obligations repayable:		
Within one year	150,146	120,010
Between one and five years	317,976	358,385
In more than five years	<del>·</del>	3,176
	468,122	481,571

157,500

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

#### 16. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

·	2018	2017
	£	£
Bank overdrafts	346,823	573,432
Bank loans	1,000,000	725,639
Hire purchase contracts	468,122	481,571
•	1,814,945	1,780,642

The Bank overdraft and loan is secured by a bond and floating charge over the whole of the assets of the company. The Bank also holds a Standard Security over the company's properties.

Hire purchase contracts are secured over the assets subject to the hire purchase agreements.

Bank overdrafts include an amount of £346,823 (2017 - £573,432) in respect of debts subject to the invoice discounting agreement.

#### 17. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

Deferred tax	2018 £ 77,393	2017 £
Provided during year Released in year		Deferred tax £ 77,393
Notedadd III yeur		
Balance at 31 March 2018		77,393

#### 18. ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME

	Deterred
	government
	grants
	£
Balance at 1 April 2017	136,378
Additional provision in year	136,570
Amounts released in year	(20,940)
Balance at 31 March 2018	252,008
Datance at 31 Water 2010	232,000

## 19. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issue	ed and fully paid:				
Number:	Class:	•	Nominal	2018	2017
			value:	£	£
10,000	Ordinary		£1	10,000	10,000

#### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

#### 20. RESERVES

RESERVES	Retained earnings £
At 1 April 2017 Profit for the year Dividends	1,366,128 216,039 (25,000)
At 31 March 2018	1,557,167

#### 21. PENSION COMMITMENTS

Staff pension scheme is a money purchase scheme.

Cost of scheme to the company in the period ended 31 March 2018 was £84,579 (2017 £72,592). Contributions totalling £30,491 (2017 - £28,889) were payable to the fund at the year end and are included in accruals of this £20,939 (2017 - £19,839) were employer contributions.

#### 22. OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

Commitments under operating leases

£

At 31 March 2018, the company had minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

Within one year	342,324
Within two to five years	730,406
Over five years	368,832

#### 23. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The following advances and credits to directors subsisted during the years ended 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2017:

	2018	2017
	£	£
S J Bremner and Mrs E M Bremner		
Balance outstanding at start of year	(209)	(2,950)
Amounts advanced	(127,429)	-
Amounts repaid	107,751	2,741
Amounts written off	•	-
Amounts waived	-	•
Balance outstanding at end of year	_(19,887)	(209)
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

The loan was interest-free and was repaid within nine months of the end of the financial year.

#### 24. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year, total dividends of £15,000 were paid to the directors.

#### 25. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The company is under the control of the directors who own 60% of the ordinary share capital.