

Registration number: SC026382

# John Tulloch (Shetland Products) Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 30 April 2018

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# **John Tulloch (Shetland Products) Limited**

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**John Tulloch (Shetland Products) Limited**

**(Registration number: SC026382)**

**Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2018**

	<b>Note</b>	<b>2018 £</b>	<b>2017 £</b>
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	5	353,974	344,317
Other financial assets		<u>15,000</u>	<u>15,000</u>
		<u>368,974</u>	<u>359,317</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Stocks	6	475,529	514,997
Debtors	7	601,848	747,715
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>493,778</u>	<u>266,426</u>
		1,571,155	1,529,138
<b>Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year</b>	8	<u>(428,957)</u>	<u>(402,896)</u>
<b>Net current assets</b>		<u>1,142,198</u>	<u>1,126,242</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		1,511,172	1,485,559
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>		<u>(17,600)</u>	<u>(17,200)</u>
<b>Net assets</b>		<u>1,493,572</u>	<u>1,468,359</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital	9	24,975	24,975
Profit and loss account		<u>1,468,597</u>	<u>1,443,384</u>
<b>Total equity</b>		<u>1,493,572</u>	<u>1,468,359</u>

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**John Tulloch (Shetland Products) Limited**

**(Registration number: SC026382)**

**Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2018**

For the financial year ending 30 April 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

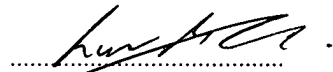
Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 20/11/18 and signed on its behalf by:



Mr R W Boulton  
Director

## **John Tulloch (Shetland Products) Limited**

### **Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2018**

#### **1 General information**

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in Scotland.

The address of its registered office is:

Gremista Industrial Estate

Lerwick

Shetland

ZE1 0PX

Scotland

#### **2 Accounting policies**

##### **Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates**

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

##### **Statement of compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

##### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the fundamental currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

##### **Revenue recognition**

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

##### **Tax**

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

## **John Tulloch (Shetland Products) Limited**

### **Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2018**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

<b>Asset class</b>	<b>Depreciation method and rate</b>
Long leasehold land and buildings	Over term of the original lease
Plant and fittings	15% on written down value
Commercial vehicles	25% on written down value

#### **Goodwill**

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

#### **Amortisation**

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

<b>Asset class</b>	<b>Amortisation method and rate</b>
Goodwill	25% on cost

#### **Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### **Trade debtors**

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

## **John Tulloch (Shetland Products) Limited**

### **Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2018**

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### **Leases**

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

#### **Share capital**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

## **John Tulloch (Shetland Products) Limited**

### **Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2018**

#### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

#### **Defined contribution pension obligation**

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### **3 Staff numbers**

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 22 (2017 - 23).



# John Tulloch (Shetland Products) Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2018

### 4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
<b>Cost or valuation</b>		
At 1 May 2017	218,000	218,000
At 30 April 2018	218,000	218,000
<b>Amortisation</b>		
At 1 May 2017	218,000	218,000
At 30 April 2018	218,000	218,000
<b>Carrying amount</b>		
At 30 April 2018	-	-

### 5 Tangible assets

	Long L/H land and buildings £	Plant and machinery £	Commercial vehicles £	Total £
<b>Cost or valuation</b>				
At 1 May 2017	456,003	297,081	157,350	910,434
Additions	-	36,392	17,527	53,919
Disposals	-	-	(49,150)	(49,150)
At 30 April 2018	456,003	333,473	125,727	915,203
<b>Depreciation</b>				
At 1 May 2017	202,311	277,663	86,143	566,117
Charge for the year	3,428	9,662	22,886	35,976
Eliminated on disposal	-	-	(40,864)	(40,864)
At 30 April 2018	205,739	287,325	68,165	561,229
<b>Carrying amount</b>				
At 30 April 2018	250,264	46,148	57,562	353,974
At 30 April 2017	253,692	19,418	71,207	344,317

### 6 Stocks

	2018 £	2017 £
Other inventories	475,529	514,997

# John Tulloch (Shetland Products) Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2018

### 7 Debtors

	2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors	596,969	738,470
Prepayments	1,500	-
Other debtors	3,379	9,245
	<u>601,848</u>	<u>747,715</u>

### 8 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
<b>Due within one year</b>			
Loans and borrowings		-	8,333
Trade creditors		365,634	318,739
Taxation and social security		9,183	8,402
Other creditors		54,140	67,422
		<u>428,957</u>	<u>402,896</u>

### 9 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2018		2017	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>24,975</u>	<u>24,975</u>	<u>24,975</u>	<u>24,975</u>