Rule 4.233

The Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989 Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

A.162

To the Registrar of Companies

Fo	r officia	luse

Company Number

NI 027685

Name of Company

(a) Insert full name of company

- (a) Boyd Landscapes Limited
- (b) Insert full name(s) and address(es)
- I (b) Stephen Armstrong

RSM Number One Lanyon Quay Belfast BT1 3LG **Chris Ratten**

RSM 3 Hardman Street Manchester M3 3HF

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Signed

Dated 10 May 2019

Presenter's name, address and reference (if any)

Public Office

For Official Use



J85EK036 JNI 13/05/2019 COMPANIES HOUSE

#71

Statement of Receipts and Payments under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Name of company

Boyd Landscapes Limited

Company's registered number

NI 027685

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up Creditors

State whether members of creditors voluntary winding up credito

Date of commencement of winding up

28 February 2018

Date to which this statement is brought down

27 February 2019

RSM

Name and address of liquidator

Stephen Armstrong

Chris Ratten

RSM

Number One

3 Hardman Street

Lanyon Quay

Manchester M3 3HF

Belfast BT1 3LG

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

Form and Contents of Statement

Every statement must contain a detailed account of all liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 6 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such; nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

Dividends

(3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum; and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor, or contributory.

- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules (Northern Ireland) 1991.
- (6) This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate.

Liquidator's statement of account under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Realisations				
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount	
		Brought forward	£	
01/03/2018 14/01/2019	Danske Bank HMRC	Cash at Bank VAT refund	19,143 862	
		Carried forward	20,005	

Note. No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and

Disburseme	nts		
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
		Brought forward	£
19/03/2018	TB Miller	Accountancy costs	240
19/03/2018	JLT	Bonding	10
19/03/2018	TSO	Advertising	203
20/03/2018	Independent News & Media	Advertising	299
29/03/2018	Danske Bank	Bank fees	1
09/04/2018	RSM	Joint Liquidators fees	4,955
30/04/2018	Danske Bank	Bank fees	
31/05/2018	Danske Bank	Bank fees	1
30/08/2018	RSM	Joint Liquidators fees	7,772
29/09/2018	Danske Bank	Bank fees	2
20/12/2018	RSM	Joint Liquidators fees and outlay	3,717
06/02/2019	Doxbond	Storage of book and records	20
		Carried forward	17,221

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Analysis	s of balance		£
Total realisations		20,005 17,221	
		Balance £	2,784
1. 2. 3 3 4*	Amounts invested by liquidator Less: the cost of investments realised		2,784
	Balance		
	Total balance as shown above	. £	2,784

[NOTE – Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

* The investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw it from the operation of the Insolvency Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1991, and any such investments representing money held for six months or upwards must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Account, except in the case of investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Department of Economic Development will be accepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of the Regulations.

The liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up-

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured	~
creditors – including the holders of floating charges)	47,643
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	140,500
Floating charge holders	
Unsecured creditors	91,499

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up-

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

Trade Debtors - £1,500 Property - £120,000

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Assets set out in (3) above to be realised.

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed - 12 Months