Registered number: NI001106

MATCHETTS (MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS) LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

## Matchetts (Musical Instruments) Limited Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2023

#### Contents

Contents	
	Page
Balance Sheet	1—2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3—5

# Matchetts (Musical Instruments) Limited Balance Sheet As At 31 March 2023

Registered number: NI001106

		202	3	202	2
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	4	_	15,583	_	16,451
			15,583		16,451
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	5	270,335		277,909	
Deblors	6	51,865		53,312	
Cash at bank and in hand		141,736		192,169	
		463,936		523,390	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	7	(216,608)	-	(263,209)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		-	247,328	_	260,181
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		_	262,911	_	276,632
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred Taxation		_	(2,961)	_	(3,126)
NET ASSETS		=	259,950	<u>-</u>	273,506
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	8		16,600		16,600
Share premium account			315		315
Profit and Loss Account		<u>-</u>	243,035	_	256,591
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		=	259,950	<u>-</u>	273,506

### Matchetts (Musical Instruments) Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As At 31 March 2023

For the year ending 31 March 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

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Mrs Tamara Jackson

Director

30 June 2023

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

#### Matchetts (Musical Instruments) Limited Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2023

#### 1. General Information

Matchetts (Musical Instruments) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in Northern Ireland, registered number NI001106. The registered office is 38 Wellington Place, Belfast, BT1 6GF.

#### 2. Accounting Policies

#### 2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 2.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

#### Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

#### Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

#### 2.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Tenant Improvements 15% Straight Line
Plant & Machinery 15% Straight Line
Motor Vehicles 15% Straight Line

Fixtures & Fittings/Computer Equipment 15% Straight Line/25% Straight Line

Rental Stock 20% Straight Line

#### 2.4. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

#### 2.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

### Matchetts (Musical Instruments) Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 March 2023

#### 2.6. Government Grant

Government grants are recognised in the profit and loss account in an appropriate manner that matches them with the expenditure towards which they are intended to contribute.

Grants for immediate financial support or to cover costs already incurred are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account. Grants towards general activities of the entity over a specific period are recognised in the profit and loss account over that period.

Grants towards fixed assets are recognised over the expected useful lives of the related assets and are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the useful life of the asset concerned.

All grants in the profit and loss account are recognised when all conditions for receipt have been complied with.

#### 3. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 10 (2022: 7)

#### 4. Tangible Assets

•	Land & Property			
	Tenant Improvements	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Fixtures & Fittings/Computer Equipment
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
As at 1 April 2022	44,111	8,810	13,332	313,297
Additions	<del>-</del>	-	-	8,091
As at 31 March 2023	44,111	8,810	13,332	321,388
Depreciation	<del></del>			
As at 1 April 2022	36,297	8,810	13,332	304,981
Provided during the period	3,425	-	-	5,213
As at 31 March 2023	39,722	8,810	13,332	310,194
Net Book Value				
As at 31 March 2023	4,389	-		11,194
As at 1 April 2022	7,814	-	-	8,316
			Rental Stoc	k Total
			£	£
Cost				
As at 1 April 2022			10,381	
Additions				- 8,09 <b>1</b>
As at 31 March 2023			10,381	398,022
Depreciation				
As at 1 April 2022			10,060	
Provided during the period			32	8,959 — ———
As at 31 March 2023			10,381	382,439
Net Book Value				
As at 31 March 2023				- 15,583
As at 1 April 2022			32	16,451

### Matchetts (Musical Instruments) Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 March 2023

5. Stocks		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Finished goods	270,335	277,909
	270,335	277,909
6. Debtors		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	25,954	35,266
Prepayments and accrued income	10,207	10,072
Other debtors	15,050	7,974
Other taxes and social security	654	-
	51,865	53,312
7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	<del></del>	
The treatment of the tr	2023	2022
	£	£
Trade creditors	73,034	~ 56,691
Corporation tax	7,766	19,585
Other taxes and social security		4,570
VAT	33,231	17,584
Other creditors	15,763	10,101
Accruals and deferred income	7,530	7,050
Directors' loan accounts	79,284	147,628
	216,608	263,209
8. Share Capital		
	2023	2022
	£	£

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