



DEPARTMENT OF ENTERPRISE
TRADE AND INVESTMENT
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COMPANIES REGISTRY

# AS & D Enterprises Limited Annual report for the year ended 30 June 2004

DEPARTMENT OF ENTERPRISE TRADE & INVESTMENT

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# Annual report for the year ended 30 June 2004

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# **Directors and advisers**

## **Directors**

Mrs VB Scott Mrs B Scott Mrs S Bentley Mr F Ledwidge OBE FCA

# **Secretary**

Mrs KN Duffy

# Registered office

Cherry Cottage 10 Brook Rise Chigwell Essex IG7 6AP

### **Business address**

River House 48 High Street Belfast BT1 2BE

# **Solicitors**

King & Gowdy 298 Upper Newtownards Road Belfast BT4 3EJ

### **Bankers**

Ulster Bank Ltd Donegal Square East Belfast BT1 5HD

# **Registered auditors**

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Waterfront Plaza 8 Laganbank Road Belfast BT1 3LR

# Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2004

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2004.

## **Principal activities**

The company's principal activity during the year was that of an investment company.

## Review of business and future developments

The directors consider the results for the year to be satisfactory. The company continues to seek opportunities to increase profitability.

### Results and dividends

The profit for the financial year is £408,972 (2003 – £397,579). An interim dividend of £25,000 (2003 - £50,000) was paid during the year. The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend and profits of £383,972 (2003 - £347,579) will be transferred to reserves.

### Directors and their interests

The directors who served during the year are shown on page 1. The interests of the directors who held office at the end of the financial year in the shares of the company were as follows:

	Ordinary share	Ordinary shares of £1 each	
	30.06.04	<b>30.06.04</b> 30.06.03	
	Number	Number	
Mr F Ledwidge	-	_	
Mrs VB Scott	33	33	
Mrs B Scott	34	34	
Mrs S Bentley	<u>33</u>	_33	

### Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will
  continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

# **Auditors**

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office, and a resolution concerning their reappointment will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board

K.N. Duffy.

Mrs KN Duffy

Secretary
Date: 25/1/2005

# Independent auditors' report to the members of AS & D Enterprises Limited

We have audited the financial statements, which comprise the profit and loss account, the statement of total recognised gains and losses, the balance sheet, and the related notes.

## Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with the relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions is not disclosed.

### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the financial accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 30 June 2004 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

The make have Coopers HP
Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Belfast

Date: 25/1/2005

# Profit and loss account for the year ended 30 June 2004

		2004	2003
	Notes	£	£
Gross rents		978,404	951,585
Rental expenses		(126,245)	(78,630)
Net rents		852,159	872,955
Administrative expenses		(70,377)	(80,368)
Operating profit	2	781,782	792,587
Interest receivable	3	6,301	12,464
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(189,938)	(196,447)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	old read to mile 18 To To	598,145	608,604
Taxation	5	(189,173)	(211,025)
Profit for the financial year	\$1.00 P 100	408,972	397,579
Dividends	6	(25,000)	(50,000)
Retained profit for the financial year	14	383,972	347,579

All amounts above relate to continuing operations of the company.

There is no significant difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the retained profit for the year stated above, and their historical cost equivalents.

# Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 30 June 2004

	2004	2003
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	408,972	397,579
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of property	688,870	-
Total gains recognised since last annual report	1,097,842	397,579

# Balance sheet at 30 June 2004

		2004	2003
	Notes	£	£
Fixed assets	7	12,812,747	12,129,025
Current assets			
Debtors	8	15,772	12,064
Cash at bank and in hand		834,582	572,046
	4-14-	850,354	584,110
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(2,201,319)	(2,024,195)
Net current liabilities		(1,350,965)	(1,440,085)
Total assets less current liabilities		11,461,782	10,688,940
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10	(3,000,000)	(3,300,000)
Deferred income	12	(11,130)	(11,130)
Net assets		8,450,652	7,377,810
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	13	100	100
Revaluation reserve	14	3,568,143	2,879,273
Capital reserve	14	2,251,367	2,251,367
Profit and loss account	14	2,631,042	2,247,070
Equity shareholders' funds	15	8,450,652	7,377,810

The directors have relied on special exemptions available to small companies on the grounds that the company qualifies as a small company by virtue of Section 247 of the Companies Act 1985.

The financial statements on pages 5 to 12 were approved by the board on the statements on pages 5 to 12 were approved by the board on the statements on pages 5 to 12 were approved by the board on the statements on pages 5 to 12 were approved by the board on the statements on pages 5 to 12 were approved by the board on the statements on pages 5 to 12 were approved by the board on the statements on pages 5 to 12 were approved by the board on the statements of the statements of

Mr F Ledwidge
Director

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2004

# 1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective June 2002).

These financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain tangible fixed assets, and in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and applicable accounting standards. The significant accounting policies adopted are set out below.

### **Gross rents**

Gross rents are derived from ordinary activities.

### **Investment properties**

Investment properties are stated at open market value based on professional valuations and are revalued annually.

Surpluses/deficits on revaluation of investment properties are credited/debited to a non-distributable revaluation reserve. On disposal realised surpluses/deficits are transferred to/from revaluations reserve. Where a deficit on an individual investment property is expected to be permanent it is transferred to the profit and loss reserve.

No depreciation is provided in respect of long leasehold investment properties. Although the Companies Act would normally require the systematic annual depreciation of fixed assets, the directors believe that the policy of not providing depreciation is necessary for the accounts to give a true and fair view, since the current value of investment properties, and changes to that current value, are of prime importance rather than a calculation of systematic annual depreciation. Depreciation is only one of the many factors reflected in the annual valuation, and the amount which might otherwise have been included cannot be separately identified or quantified.

### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated in order to write off the cost of tangible assets other than land and investment properties over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Fixtures and fittings 5 years Motor vehicles 5 years

### **Deferred taxation**

The company has adopted FRS 19 "Deferred taxation" in these financial statements. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profit and its results as stated in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised have not been discounted.

### Cash flow statement

The company qualifies as a small company under Sections 246 to 249 of the Companies Act 1985 and is therefore exempt from the requirement of Financial Reporting Standard No.1 to prepare cash flow statement.

2	Operating	profit
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Interim paid

2 Operating profit		
2 Operating profit	2004	2003
	£	£
This is stated after charging:		
Auditors' remuneration	4,100	3,900
Directors' remuneration	19,500	18,000
Depreciation (Note 7)	5,148	5,231
3 Interest receivable and similar income		
3 Threfest receivable and similar income	2004	2003
	£	£
Bank interest	6,301	12,464
4 Interest payable and similar charges	2004	2002
	2004	2003
	£	£
	100.000	10 ( 11=
On bank and other loans	189,938	196,447
On bank and other loans  5 Tax on profit on ordinary activities	189,938 2004	196,447
5 Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
5 Tax on profit on ordinary activities  Current tax	2004 £	2003 £
5 Tax on profit on ordinary activities  Current tax  UK corporation tax at 30% (2003: 30%)	2004 £ 179,500	2003 £ 185,000
5 Tax on profit on ordinary activities  Current tax  UK corporation tax at 30% (2003: 30%)  Adjustment in respect of previous years	2004 £ 179,500 9,673	2003 £ 185,000 26,025
5 Tax on profit on ordinary activities  Current tax  UK corporation tax at 30% (2003: 30%)  Adjustment in respect of previous years  Total current tax	2004 £ 179,500 9,673 189,173	2003 £ 185,000 26,025 211,025
	2004 £ 179,500 9,673	2003 £ 185,000 26,025
5 Tax on profit on ordinary activities  Current tax  UK corporation tax at 30% (2003: 30%)  Adjustment in respect of previous years  Total current tax  Tax on profit on ordinary activities  The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK	2004 £ 179,500 9,673 189,173	2003 £ 185,000 26,025 211,025 211,025
Tax on profit on ordinary activities  Current tax  UK corporation tax at 30% (2003: 30%)  Adjustment in respect of previous years  Total current tax  Tax on profit on ordinary activities  The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK below:-	2004 £ 179,500 9,673 189,173	2003 £ 185,000 26,025 211,025 211,025
Tax on profit on ordinary activities  Current tax  UK corporation tax at 30% (2003: 30%)  Adjustment in respect of previous years  Total current tax  Tax on profit on ordinary activities  The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK below:-  Profit on ordinary activities before tax	2004 £ 179,500 9,673 189,173 189,173	2003 £ 185,000 26,025 211,025 211,025 es are explained
Tax on profit on ordinary activities  Current tax  UK corporation tax at 30% (2003: 30%)  Adjustment in respect of previous years  Total current tax  Tax on profit on ordinary activities  The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK below:-  Profit on ordinary activities before tax  Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate in the UK 30% (2002: 30%)	2004 £ 179,500 9,673 189,173 189,173 30%. The difference	2003 £ 185,000 26,025 211,025 211,025 es are explained 608,604
Tax on profit on ordinary activities  Current tax  UK corporation tax at 30% (2003: 30%)  Adjustment in respect of previous years  Total current tax  Tax on profit on ordinary activities  The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK below:-  Profit on ordinary activities before tax  Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate in the UK 30% (2002: 30%)  Effects of:	2004 £ 179,500 9,673 189,173 189,173 30%. The difference	2003 £ 185,000 26,025 211,025 211,025 es are explained 608,604
5 Tax on profit on ordinary activities  Current tax  UK corporation tax at 30% (2003: 30%)  Adjustment in respect of previous years  Total current tax	2004 £ 179,500 9,673 189,173 189,173 30%. The difference 598,145 179,443	2003 £ 185,000 26,025 211,025 211,025 as are explained 608,604 182,581

2004

25,000

2003 £ 50,000

# 7 Tangible fixed assets

	Long leasehold land and	Fixtures and	Motor	
	buildings £	fittings £	Vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 30 June 2003	12,111,130	4,910	21,245	12,137,285
Surplus on revaluation	688,870	-	-	688,870
At 30 June 2004	12,800,000	4,910	21,245	12,826,155
Accumulated depreciation				
At 30 June 2003	-	4,011	4,249	8,260
Charge for year	-	899	4,249	5,148
At 30 June 2004	-	4,910	8,498	13,408
Net book value				
At 30 June 2004	12,800,000	-	12,747	12,812,747
At 30 June 2003	12,111,130	899	16,996	12,129,025

The historical cost of the long lease land and buildings included at valuation was £9,231,857. The investment properties were professionally valued at 30 June 2004 by the Whelan Partnership on an open market existing use basis at an amount of £12,800,000.

# 8 Debtors

	2004 £	2003
		£
Other debtors	7,154	6,724
Prepayments and accrued income	8,618	5,340
	15,772	12,064

# 9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2004	2003
	£	£
Bank loan	300,000	-
Amounts due to related undertakings	918,396	1,036,032
Corporation tax	181,815	338,200
Other tax and social security	9,743	5,333
Other creditors	757,375	583,516
Accruals and deferred income	33,990	61,114
	2,201,319	2,024,195

# 10 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

20 Ordanos uniounes raining due after more than one year	2004		2003
	£	£	
Bank loan	3,000,000	3,300,000	
Loan repayable:			
1 Year	300,000	-	
2-5 years	1,200,000	1,200,000	
After 5 Years	1,800,000	2,100,000	

The bank loan is secured by a floating charge on the company's assets and by a fixed charge on the company's properties.

# 11 Provisions for liabilities and charges

No provision has been made for any tax liability that would arise, if the properties were disposed of at their revalued amounts.

	2004	2003
	£	£
Deferred taxation		
Potential deferred tax on revaluation surplus	450,000	450,000

# 12 Deferred income

	2004	2003
	£	£
At 30 June 2003 and 30 June 2004	11,130	11,130

# 13 Called up share capital

2004 £	2003 £
5,000	5,000
100	100
	£ 5,000

### 14 Reserves

	Revaluation reserve £	Capital reserve £	Profit and loss account	Total £
At 30 June 2003	2,879,273	2,251,367	2,247,070	7,377,710
Retained profit for the year	-	-	383,972	383,972
Surplus on revaluation of assets	688,870	-	-	688,870
At 30 June 2004	3,568,143	2,251,367	2,631,042	8,450,552

# 15 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2004	2003
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	408,972	397,579
Dividends	(25,000)	(50,000)
	383,972	347,579
Unrealised surplus on property revaluation	688,870	-
Net addition to shareholders' funds	1,072,842	347,579
Opening shareholders' funds	7,377,810	7,030,231
Closing shareholders' funds	8,450,652	7,377,810

# 16 Capital Commitments

There were no capital commitments for the year ended 30 June 2004.

# 17 Related party disclosures

At the year end other debtors (note 8) include the following amount due from:

	2004	2003
	£	£
Herclose Investments	7,154	6,724

All the directors of AS & D Enterprises Limited are also directors of Belfast Fashions, its fully-owned subsidiary Herclose Investments, and Progressive Trading Company (Belfast). Additionally three of the directors (Mrs VB Scott, Mrs B Scott and Mrs S Bentley) own the majority of the shares in Belfast Fashions and Progressive Trading Company (Belfast).

Fees of £15,825 for property investment services were paid to Mr F Ledwidge, a director of the company.