Registered number
10628485

CCH Scaffolding Ltd

Filleted Accounts

31 January 2019

CCH Scaffolding Ltd

Registered number: 10628485

Balance Sheet

as at 31 January 2019

	Notes		2019		2018
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		21,120		18,956
Current assets					
Debtors	3	8,506		3,388	
Cash at bank and in hand		-		2,394	
		8,506		5,782	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	4	(9,744)		(11,830)	
Net current liabilities			(1,238)		(6,048)
Net assets			19,882		12,908
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			10		10
Profit and loss account			19,872		12,898
Shareholders' funds			19,882		12,908

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

C Beardsley

Director

Approved by the board on 23 November 2019

CCH Scaffolding Ltd

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 January 2019

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings	over 50 years
Leasehold land and buildings	over the lease term
Plant and machinery	over 5 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	over 5 years

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal

of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 February 2018	17,663	5,256	22,919
Additions	179	7,000	7,179
At 31 January 2019	17,842	12,256	30,098
Depreciation			
At 1 February 2018	2,649	1,314	3,963
Charge for the year	2,279	2,736	5,015
At 31 January 2019	4,928	4,050	8,978
Net book value			
At 31 January 2019	12,914	8,206	21,120
At 31 January 2018	15,014	3,942	18,956

3 Debtors

	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade debtors	8,506	3,388

4 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	5,879	-
Directors Loan Account	209	9,600
Taxation and social security costs	3,026	1,630
Other creditors	630	600
	9,744	11,830

5 Other information

CCH Scaffolding Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

3 Bright Street

Ilkeston

Derbyshire

DE7 8NH

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.