

STATEMENT OF CONSENT TO PREPARE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

All of the members of Basement Pumps Limited have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of comprehensive income and the abridged statement of financial position for the period ending 31 March 2018 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 10623803

BASEMENT PUMPS LIMITED

**FILLETED UNAUDITED ABRIDGED FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS**

31 March 2018

BASEMENT PUMPS LIMITED

ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 16 FEBRUARY 2017 TO 31 MARCH 2018

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BASEMENT PUMPS LIMITED

ABRIDGED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 March 2018

		31 Mar 18	
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5		25,791
Current assets			
Debtors		75,405	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,354	
		77,759	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		62,272	
Net current assets			15,487
Total assets less current liabilities			41,278
Net assets			41,278
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital			2
Profit and loss account			41,276
Shareholders funds			41,278

These abridged financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the abridged statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the period ending 31 March 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its abridged financial statements for the period in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements .

BASEMENT PUMPS LIMITED

ABRIDGED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION *(continued)*

31 March 2018

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 26 September 2018 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr F Peacock

Director

Company registration number: 10623803

BASEMENT PUMPS LIMITED**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY****PERIOD FROM 16 FEBRUARY 2017 TO 31 MARCH 2018**

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total
	£	£	£
At 16 February 2017	—	—	—
Profit for the period		59,276	59,276
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Total comprehensive income for the period	—	59,276	59,276
Issue of shares	2	—	2
Dividends paid and payable	—	(18,000)	(18,000)
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Total investments by and distributions to owners	2	(18,000)	(17,998)
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At 31 March 2018	2	41,276	41,278
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BASEMENT PUMPS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 16 FEBRUARY 2017 TO 31 MARCH 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Kingfisher House, Hurstwood Grange, Hurstwood Lane, Haywards Heath, West Sussex, RH17 7QX.

2. Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The abridged financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The abridged financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The judgements (apart from those involving estimations) that management has made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are as follows:

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the abridged statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the period amounted to 2 .

5. Tangible assets

	£
Cost	
At 16 February 2017	—
Additions	32,270

At 31 March 2018	32,270

Depreciation	
At 16 February 2017	—
Charge for the period	6,479

At 31 March 2018	6,479

Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2018	25,791

6. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

No transactions with directors were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under FRS102 section 1A

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.