

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 10482814

Renova FM Limited

Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements

30 November 2018

Renova FM Limited

Statement of Financial Position

30 November 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	1,700	—
Current assets			
Debtors	6	13,000	—
Cash at bank and in hand		7,628	100
		-----	----
		20,628	100
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	9,668	—
		-----	----
Net current assets		10,960	100
		-----	----
Total assets less current liabilities		12,660	100
		-----	----
Net assets		12,660	100
		-----	----
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		10,000	100
Profit and loss account		2,660	—
		-----	----
Shareholders funds		12,660	100
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These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30 November 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Renova FM Limited

Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

30 November 2018

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 11 November 2019
, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Miss P Z Teixeira

Director

Company registration number: 10482814

Renova FM Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 30 November 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 8 Woodcroft Crescent, Hillingdon, Middlesex, UB10 9JA.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Equipment - 20% reducing balance

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 5 (2017: Nil).

5. Tangible assets

	Equipment
	£
Cost	
At 1 December 2017	—
Additions	2,125

At 30 November 2018	2,125

Depreciation	
At 1 December 2017	—
Charge for the year	425

At 30 November 2018	425

Carrying amount	
At 30 November 2018	1,700

At 30 November 2017	—

6. Debtors

	2018	2017
	£	£
Other debtors	13,000	—
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7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2018	2017
	£	£
Corporation tax	7,403	—
Social security and other taxes	279	—
Other creditors	1,986	—
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	9,668	—
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8. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

2018			
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the director	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
Miss P Z Teixeira	—	(136)	(136)
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2017			
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the director	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
Miss P Z Teixeira	—	—	—
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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.