In accordance with Rule 18.7 of the Insolvency (England & Wales) Rules 2016 and Sections 92A, 104A and 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986.

LIQ03 Notice of progress report in voluntary winding up





17/02/2022 COMPANIES HOUSE

		OOM AMEDITOSSE		
1	Company details			
Company number	0 8 3 7 1 2 2 6	→ Filling in this form Please complete in typescript or in		
Company name in full	Very Yellow Lorry Limited	bold black capitals.		
-				
2	Liquidator's name	***		
Full forename(s)	Darren			
Surname	Brookes			
3	Liquidator's address			
Building name/number	The Old Bank	,		
Street	187a Ashley Road			
		_		
Post town	Hale	_		
County/Region	Cheshire			
Postcode	W A 1 5 9 S Q	_		
Country				
4	Liquidator's name •			
Full forename(s)		Other liquidator Use this section to tell us about		
Surname		another liquidator.		
5	Liquidator's address o	_		
Building name/number		Other liquidator Use this section to tell us about		
Street		another liquidator.		
Post town				
County/Region				
Postcode				
Country		-		

LIQ03
Notice of progress report in voluntary winding up

6	Period of progress report
From date	d 3 0 1 y y y y y 1
To date	
7	Progress report
	☑ The progress report is attached
8	Sign and date
Liquidator's signature	Signature
	× ×
Signature date	1 5 0 2 ½ 10 12 ½

LI003

Notice of progress report in voluntary winding up

Presenter information

You do not have to give any contact information, but if you do it will help Companies House if there is a query on the form. The contact information you give will be visible to searchers of the public record.

Contact name	Darren Brookes		
Company name	Milner Boardman & Partners		
Address	The Old Bank		
	187a Ashley Road		
	-		
Post town	Hale		
County/Region	Cheshire		
Postcode	W A 1 5 9 S Q		
Country			
DX	office@milnerboardman.co.uk		
Теlерһоле	0161 927 7788		

✓ Checklist

We may return forms completed incorrectly or with information missing.

Please make sure you have remembered the following:

- ☐ The company name and number match the information held on the public Register.
- ☐ You have attached the required documents.
- ☐ You have signed the form.

Important information

All information on this form will appear on the public record.

■ Where to send

You may return this form to any Companies House address, however for expediency we advise you to return it to the address below:

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, Wales, CF14 3UZ. DX 33050 Cardiff.

Further information

For further information please see the guidance notes on the website at www.gov.uk/companieshouse or email enquiries@companieshouse.gov.uk

This form is available in an alternative format. Please visit the forms page on the website at www.gov.uk/companieshouse

Very Yellow Lorry Limited (In Liquidation) Liquidator's Summary of Receipts & Payments

From 23/01/2018 To 22/01/2022	From 23/01/2021 To 22/01/2022		Statement of Affairs
£	£	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	£
		ASSET REALISATIONS	,
414.80	NIL	Book Debts	Uncertain
32.60	NIL	Cash at Bank	7.00
447.40	NIL		
		COST OF REALISATIONS	
11.00	NIL	Land Registry	
424.28	NIL	Office Holders Fees	
(435.28)	NIL		
,		UNSECURED CREDITORS	
NIL	NIL	MatterXP Limited	(37,055.00)
NIL	NIL	Trade & Expense	33,458.00)
NIL	NIL	•	, ,
		DISTRIBUTIONS	
NIL	· NIL	Ordinary Shareholders	(100.00)
NIL	NIL	,	,
			
12.12	NIL		(70,606.00)
		REPRESENTED BY	
12.12		VAT Receivable	
12.12			



Our ref:

DTB/AP /2622/24

15 February 2022

TO ALL MEMBERS AND CREDITORS

Dear Sirs

Very Yellow Lorry Limited ("the Company") - In Liquidation

This is my report to members and creditors following the 4th anniversary of my appointment as Liquidator for the period 23 January 2021 to 22 January 2022. This report should be read in conjunction with the previous progress reports issued.

Milner Boardman & Partners uses personal information in order to fulfil the legal obligations of our Insolvency Practitioners under the Insolvency Act and other relevant legislation, and also to fulfil the legitimate interests of keeping creditors and others informed about the insolvency proceedings. You can find more information on how Milner Boardman & Partners uses your personal information on our website at www.milnerboardman.com.

If anyone has any queries regarding the conduct of the Liquidation, they should contact Antonia Pettener by email at antoniap@milnerboardman.co.uk or by phone on 0161 927 7788.

Yours faithfully
for and on behalf of
Very Yellow Lorry Limited

Darren Brookes Liquidator



VERY YELLOW LORRY LIMITED IN LIQUIDATION

Liquidator's Progress Report

Covering the Period 23 January 2021 to 22 January 2022

15 February 2022

Milner Boardman and Partners
The Old Bank
187A Ashley Road
Hale
Cheshire
WA15 9SQ

Our Ref: DTB/AP/2622/2

Liquidator's Progress Report



CONTENTS

- 1. Statutory Information
- 2. Executive Summary
- 3. Liquidator's Actions Since Last Report
- 4. Receipts and Payments
- 5. Assets
- 6. Liabilities
- 7. Dividend Prospects
- 8. Pre-appointment Remuneration
- 9. Liquidator's Remuneration
- 10. Liquidator's Expenses
- 11. Further Information
- 12. Summary

APPENDICES

Appendix 1 Receipts and Payments Account

Appendix 2 Milner Boardman and Partners' Practice Fee Recovery Policy

Appendix 3 Provision of Services Summary

1. Statutory Information

Company Name:

Very Yellow Lorry Limited

Trading Name:

SSG London

Company No:

08371226

Trading Address:

8 Crucifix Lane

London Ashford TN23 3GP

Registered Office:

The Old Bank

187a Ashley Road

Hale Cheshire WA15 9SQ

Former Registered Office:

Repton Manor

Repton Avenue

Ashford TN23 3GP

Principal Trading Activity:

Design and production for marketing and design

purposes

Liquidators' Name:

Darren Brookes

Liquidator's Address:

МВР

The Old Bank 187a Ashley Road

Hale Cheshire WA15 9SQ

Liquidator's Contact

Details:

0161 927 7788 and office@milnerboardman.co.uk

Date of Appointment:

23 January 2018

Former Liquidator:

Molly Monks formerly of MBP

The Old Bank 187a Ashley Road

Hale Cheshire WA15 9SQ

Appointed on: 23 January 2018 Removed on: 2 July 2021



Actions of Joint Liquidators:

Whilst there were Joint Liquidators any act required or authorised under any enactment to be done by a Liquidator could be done by either or both of the Liquidators acting jointly or alone.

2. Executive Summary

- 2.1 As Molly Monks has now left MBP, it was necessary to make an application to Court to remove her as office holder. On 2 July 2021, a Court Order was made removing Molly Monks as Joint Liquidator of the Company and leaving Darren Brookes as the sole Liquidator.
- 2.2 The reasons for the failure of the Company, according to the directors was the loss of its major client when they were placed into Administration owing the Company approximately £74,000. In addition, the Company suffered the loss of three other clients and experienced a decline in the industry.
- 2.2 According to the director's statement of affairs, the assets of the Company comprised of book debts and cash at bank.
- The case remains open due to ongoing investigations raised by HM Revenue & Customs ("HMRC").

3. Liquidators' Actions Since Last Report

- 3.1 My duties and functions as Liquidator are the realisation of the Company's assets, the agreement of the claims of creditors, investigation of the directors' conduct and the Company's affairs generally, and if applicable the eventual distribution of the Liquidation funds between the creditors in accordance with their legal entitlements.
- 3.2 Specifically on this case, since my last report, I have continued with my investigation into the tax scheme utilised by the Company, which has involved liaising with HMRC, the directors and Freeths LLP ("Freeths"), who are appointed to assist with my enquiries into the scheme.
- 3.3 In addition to the case specific matters detailed above, there is certain work that I am required by the insolvency legislation to undertake in connection with the Liquidation that provides no financial benefit to the creditors. A description of the routine work undertaken since our last report is detailed below.
 - Dealing with all routine correspondence and emails relating to the case
 - Reviewing the adequacy of the specific penalty bond on a quarterly basis
 - Undertaking periodic reviews of the progress of the case
 - Overseeing and controlling the work done on the case by case administrators



- Filing returns at Companies House
- Maintaining and managing the estate bank account and cashbook
- Undertaking regular bank reconciliations
- Submitting VAT returns
- Preparing and issuing the annual progress report to creditors
- Preparing and filing the Corporation Tax return
- 3.4 As detailed above, further investigations have been carried out into the Company's use of a tax scheme. HMRC requested that the Liquidator investigate this issue. Freeths are continuing to advise on this matter but no decision has yet been taken as to whether recovery action will be taken, however, progress is being made and it is for this reason that the case remains open.

4. Receipts and Payments

- 4.1 A receipts and payments account for the period 23 January 2021 to 22 January 2024 is enclosed with this report at appendix 1. I have reconciled the account against the financial records that I am required to maintain.
- 4.2 There have been no receipts during the period of this report. Total receipts since appointment are therefore £447.40.
- 4.3 There have been no payments during the period of this report. Total payments since appointment are therefore £435.28.
- 4.4 The Company was registered for VAT purposes, therefore VAT totalling £84.85 is recoverable for the benefit of the insolvent's estate. An amount of £12.12 has yet to be reclaimed. All amounts shown are net of VAT.

5. Assets

5.1 I have previously provided details of the Company's assets and can advise that there have been no asset realisations during the period of this report.

6. Liabilities

- 6.1 Secured Claims
- 6.1.1 According to Companies House, there are no secured creditors in this case.

6.2 Prescribed Part

6.2.1 The legislation requires that if the Company has created a floating charge after 15 Sept 2003, a prescribed part of the Company's net property (i.e. the money that would otherwise be available to the charge holder) should be ring-fenced for distribution to unsecured creditors.



- 6.2.2 In this case, the provision will not apply as no relevant charge is registered.
- 6.3 Preferential Creditors
- 6.3.1 There have been no preferential claims received to date in this matter as anticipated.
- 6.4 Crown Creditors
- 6.4.1 The statement of affairs did not include an amount owing to HMRC as the directors advised that the Company did not have any liability to HMRC. A claim in the sum of £232,951.15 has subsequently been received from HMRC, which relates to £122,230.75 in respect of Regulation 80 PAYE plus interest and penalties, £50,560.60 in respect of CT, £4,928.85 in respect of PAYE, £52,640 in respect of VAT and £2,590.95 interest accrued to the date of insolvency.
- 6.5 Non-Preferential Unsecured Creditors
- 6.5.1 The statement of affairs included other unsecured creditors totalling £70,513, which included a claim of £37,055 from a connected company, MatterXP Limited. Claims received to date total £79,335.14.
- 7. Dividend Prospects
- 7.1 Non-preferential unsecured creditors
- 7.1.1 As previously reported it would seem unlikely that there would be sufficient funds available to distribute to non-preferential unsecured creditors, and to date, this remains the case.

8. Pre Appointment Remuneration

As previously advised, our fee for assisting the directors with the preparation of the statement of affairs and arranging the deemed consent procedure for creditors to appoint Joint Liquidators was paid prior to our appointment by MatterXP Limited, a company connected by way of common directors. A fee of £3,000 plus VAT was paid to MBP and out of that amount, £250 plus VAT was paid to Accounts Unlocked LLP for their assistance with the provision of information in connection with the statement of affairs.

9. Liquidator's Remuneration

9.1 My remuneration was authorised by creditors on 13 February 2018, on a fixed basis of £7,500 for all categories of work. A total of £424.28 has been drawn to date in respect of work done for which fees were approved as a fixed fee, none of which was drawn in this period.

10. Liquidator's Expenses

- 10.1 Expenses are any payments from the estate which are neither an office holder's remuneration nor a distribution to a creditor or a member. Expenses also includes disbursements. Disbursements are payments which are first met by the office holder and then reimbursed to the office holder from the estate. Expenses are split into:
 - category 1 expenses, which are payments to persons providing the service to which the expense relates who are not an associate of the office holder; and
 - category 2 expenses, which are payments to associates or which have an element of shared costs. Before being paid category 2 expenses require approval in the same manner as an office holder's remuneration.
- 10.2 Category 1 expenses incurred in this case total £18,791.18 since appointment, of which £8,129 has been incurred in the period since 23 January 2021.
- 10.3 I have drawn £11 to date, none of which has been drawn during the period since 23 January 2021.

10.4

Nature of expense	Estimated expenses	Total incurred £	Amount incurred in reporting period (£)	Amount drawn in reporting period (£)	Total Paid to date (£)
Specific bond	44	44	0	0	0
Legal fees	0	18,583	8,129	0	0
Land Registry search fee	0	11	0	0	11
Statutory advertising	178.20	153.18	0	0	0
Total	222.20	18,791.18	8,129	0	11

- 10.5 Details of the category 1 expenses that I have paid to date and in the reporting period are included in the receipts and payments account attached. The specific bond and advertising costs have been paid by MBP in this case.
- 10.6 I am required to seek approval before I can pay any expenses to associates, or pay expenses where there is an element of shared costs, which are known as category 2 expenses. I obtained approval to pay the category 2 expenses on 19 March 2018. I have not drawn any category 2 expenses in the period since my last progress report.



MILNER BOARDMAN & PARTNERS

10.7 I have used the following agent or professional advisor in this reporting period:

Professional Advisor	Nature of Work	Basis of Fees
Freeths	Legal advice	Time costs

- 10.6 The choice of professionals was based on my perception of their experience and ability to perform this type of work and the complexity and nature of the assignment. I also considered that the basis on which they will charge their fees represented value for money.
- 10.7 As detailed above, I instructed Freeths, independent solicitors, to provide their advice in respect of the tax scheme utilised by the Company in order to assist HMRC in their enquiries and to establish whether the Liquidator could recover any funds for the benefit of creditors. Freeths are continuing to advise me in this matter. Freeths total outstanding time costs at the date of this report are £18,583.
- As you can see from the information provided in this report, the expenses we have incurred in this matter have exceeded the total expenses we estimated we would incur when our remuneration was authorised by the creditors. The reasons we have exceeded the expenses estimate are that additional work has arisen in respect of legal costs in respect of the additional work carried out in respect of the tax scheme and enquiries raised by HMRC, and advice required on the potential recovery of funds.

11. Further Information

- 11.1 An unsecured creditor may, with the permission of the Court, or with the concurrence of 5% in value of the unsecured creditors (including the creditor in question), request further details of the Liquidator's remuneration and expenses within 21 days of their receipt of this report. Any secured creditor may request the same details in the same time limit.
- 11.2 An unsecured creditor may, with the permission of the Court, or with the concurrence of 10% in value of the unsecured creditors (including the creditor in question), apply to Court to challenge the amount of remuneration charged by the Liquidator's as being excessive, and/or the basis of the Liquidator's remuneration, and/or the amount of the expenses incurred as being excessive, within 8 weeks of their receipt of this report. Any secured creditor may make a similar application to court within the same time limit.
- To comply with the Provision of Services Regulations, some general information about MBP is in the attached summary sheet at appendix 3.

12. Summary

12.1 This concludes the Liquidator's progress report for the year ended 22 January 2022. The liquidation will remain open until the investigations into the tax scheme used by the



Company have been fully resolved, and it is known whether any recoveries will be made in this matter. I estimate that this will take approximately 6 months and once this matter has been resolved, the Liquidation will be finalised, and the files closed. If the Liquidation has not been finalised, the next report is due within 2 months of the next year's anniversary, i.e. before 22 March 2023.

12.2 If creditors have any queries regarding the conduct of the Liquidation, they should contact Antonia Pettener by email at antoniap@milnerboardman.co.uk or by phone on 0161 927 7788.

Yours faithfully

for and on behalf of Very Yellow torry Limited

Darren Brookes Liquidator



Appendix 1 Receipts and Payments Account

Very Yellow Lorry Limited (In Liquidation)

Summary of Receipts & Payments

RECEIPTS	Statement of Affairs (£)	From 23/01/2018 To 22/01/2021 (£)	From 23/01/2021 To 22/01/2022 (£)	Total (£)
Book Debts	Uncertain	414.80	0.00	414.80
Cash at Bank	7.00	32.60	0.00	32.60
		447.40	0.00	447.40
PAYMENTS		,		-
Office Holders Fees		424.28	0.00	424.28
Land Registry		11.00	0.00	11.00
		435.28	0.00	435.28
Net Receipts/(Payments)		. 12.12	0.00	12.12
MADE UP AS FOLLOWS				-
VAT Receivable		12.12	0.00	12.12
		12.12	0.00	12.12
		4		Property
			Dai	rren Brookes

Liquidator



Appendix 2 Milner Boardman & Partners' Practice Fee Recovery Policy

PRACTICE FEE RECOVERY POLICY FOR MILNER BOARDMAN & PARTNERS

Introduction

This sheet explains the alternative fee bases allowed by the insolvency legislation when acting as office holder in insolvency appointments. The legislation allows different fee bases to be used for different tasks within the same appointment. The fee basis, or combination of bases, set for a particular appointment is/are subject to approval, generally by a committee if one is appointed by the creditors, failing which the creditors in general meeting, or the Court. The report accompanying the request to fix the basis of remuneration will indicate the basis, or bases, being requested in that particular case and will make it clear what work is to be undertaken in respect of each basis.

Further information about creditors' rights can be obtained by visiting the creditors' information micro-site published by the Association of Business Recovery Professionals (R3) at http://www.creditorinsolvencyguide.co.uk/. Details about how an office holder's fees may be approved for each case type are available in a series of guides issued with Statement of Insolvency Practice 9 (SIP 9) "Payments to Insolvency Office Holders and their Associates from an Estate" and can be accessed at www.milnerboardman.com. Alternatively, a hard copy may be requested directly from Milner Boardman & Partners . Please note that we have provided further details in this policy document.

SIP 9 also contains various requirements that the office holder has to comply with in connection with their remuneration, both when seeking approval and when reporting to creditors and other interested parties after approval. One of the matters that an office holder has to comply with is that they must also seek approval for any payments that could reasonably be perceived as representing a threat to the office holder's objectivity or independence by virtue of a professional or personal relationship, including to an associate. Where it is anticipated that such payments will be made in a case they will be separately identified when seeking approval for the basis of the office holder's remuneration.

Other than in respect of Voluntary Arrangements an office holder is required to record the time spent on casework in all cases, even if they are being remunerated for that work on a basis other than time costs. Time is recorded directly to the relevant case and the nature of the work undertaken is recorded at that time. The work is generally recorded under the following categories:

- Case Administration (including statutory reporting).
- Realisation of Assets.
- Investigations.
- Creditors (claims and distributions).
- Trading
- Case specific matters.

Time cost basis

When charging fees on a time costs basis we use charge out rates appropriate to the skills and experience of a member of staff and the work that they perform. This is combined with the amount of time that they work on each case, recorded in 6 minute units with supporting narrative to explain the work undertaken.

Charge out Rates

Grade of staff	Current charge-out rate per hour, effective from 1 June 2017	Previous charge-out rate per hour, effective from 1 April 2015	Previous charge-out rate per hour, effective from 1 November 2008 £
Director	370	370	295 to 370
Appointment Taker	295	N/A	N/A
Senior Manager	255	255	N/A
Manager	215	215	215
Case Administrator	175	175	175
Support Staff	175	175	175
		!	

These charge-out rates charged are reviewed each year and may be adjusted to take account of inflation and the firm's overheads.

When we seek time costs approval, we have to set out a fees estimate. That estimate acts as a cap on our time costs so that we cannot draw fees of more than the estimated time costs without further approval from those who approved our fees. When seeking approval for our fees, we will disclose the work that we intend to undertake, the hourly rates we intend to charge for each part of the work, and the time that we think each part of the work will take. We will summarise that information in an average or "blended" rate for all of the work being carried out within the estimate, and by reference to each separate category of work. The blended rate is calculated as the prospective average cost per hour, based upon the estimated time to be expended by each grade of staff at their specific charge out rate. We will also say whether we anticipate needing to seek approval to exceed the estimate and, if so, the reasons that we think that may be necessary.

A report accompanying the request to fix the basis of remuneration will include the fees estimate, as well as details of the expenses that will be, or are likely to be, incurred. Further information about expenses is given in a separate section below.

The disclosure that we make should include sufficient information about the insolvency appointment to enable you to understand how the proposed fee reflects the complexity (or otherwise) of the case, any responsibility of an exceptional kind falling on the office holder, the effectiveness with which the office holder has carried out their functions, and the value and nature of the property with which the office holder has to deal.

If we subsequently need to seek authority to draw fees in excess of the estimate, we will say why we have exceeded, or are likely to exceed the estimate; any additional work undertaken, or proposed to be undertaken; the hourly rates proposed for each part of the work; and the time that the additional work is expected to take. As with the original estimate, we will summarise that information in an average or "blended" rate for all of the work being carried out within the estimate, and by reference to each separate category of work, and will also say whether we anticipate needing further approval and, if so, why we think it may be necessary to seek further approval.

Percentage basis

The legislation allows fees to be charged on a percentage of the value of the property with which the office holder has to deal (realisations and/or distributions). Different percentages can be used for different assets or types of assets. A report accompanying the request to fix the basis of remuneration will set out the potential

assets in the case, the remuneration percentage proposed in respect of any realisations and the work covered by that remuneration, which may solely relate to work undertaken in connection with the realisation of the assets, but might also include other categories of work as listed above. The report will also include details of the expenses that will be, or are likely to be, incurred. Further information about expenses is given in a separate section below.

The percentage approved in respect of realisations will be charged against the assets realised, and where approval is obtained on a mixture of bases, any fixed fee and time costs will then be charged against the funds remaining in the liquidation after the realisation percentage has been deducted.

A percentage of distributions made to unsecured creditors may also be requested, in order to cover the work associated with the agreement of claims and making the distribution.

The disclosure that we make will include sufficient information about the insolvency appointment to enable you to understand how the proposed fee reflects the complexity (or otherwise) of the case, any responsibility of an exceptional kind falling on the office holder, the effectiveness with which the office holder has carried out their functions, and the value and nature of the property with which the office holder has to deal. In order to meet the requirements of SIP 9 it will also explain why the basis requested is expected to produce a fair and reasonable reflection of the work that we anticipate will be undertaken on the case.

If the basis of remuneration has been approved on a percentage basis then an increase in the amount of the percentage applied can only be approved by the committee or creditors (depending upon who approved the basis of remuneration) in cases where there has been a material and substantial change in the circumstances that were taken into account when fixing the original level of the percentage applied. If there has not been a material and substantial change in the circumstances, then an increase can only be approved by the Court.

Fixed fee

The legislation allows fees to be charged at a set amount. Different set amounts can be used for different tasks. A report accompanying the request to fix the basis of remuneration will set out the set fee that we proposed to charge and the work covered by that remuneration, as well as details of the expenses that will be, or are likely to be, incurred. Further information about expenses is given in a separate section below.

The disclosure that we make will include sufficient information about the insolvency appointment to enable you to understand how the proposed fee reflects the complexity (or otherwise) of the case, any responsibility of an exceptional kind falling on the office holder, the effectiveness with which the office holder has carried out their functions, and the value and nature of the property with which the office holder has to deal. In order to meet the requirements of SIP 9 we will also explain why the basis requested is expected to produce a fair and reasonable reflection of the work that we anticipate will be undertaken on the case.

If the basis of remuneration has been approved on a fixed fee basis then an increase in the amount of the fixed fee can only be approved by the committee or creditors (depending upon who approved the basis of remuneration) in cases where there has been a material and substantial change in the circumstances that were taken into account when fixing the original level of the fixed fee. If there has not been a material and substantial change in the circumstances, then an increase can only be approved by the Court.

Direct Costs

Where we seek approval on a percentage and/or fixed fee basis, in order to meet the requirements of SIP 9 we also have to disclose the direct costs that are included within the remuneration that will be charged on those bases in respect of the work undertaken. The following are direct costs that will be included in respect of work undertaken in respect of each of the standard categories of work where the office holder is to be remunerated for such work on either a percentage or fixed fee basis:

- Case Administration (including statutory reporting) staff costs, costs of case management system and time recording system.
- Realisation of Assets staff costs, costs of case management system and time recording system.
- Investigations staff costs, costs of case management system and time recording system.
- Creditors (claims and distributions) staff costs, costs of case management system and time recording system.
- Trading staff costs, costs of case management system, costs of accounting software and time recording system.

Mixed basis

If remuneration is to be sought on a mixed basis, we will make it clear in the report accompanying the request to fix the basis of remuneration which basis will be charged for each category of work that is to be undertaken on the case.

Members' Voluntary Liquidations and Voluntary Arrangements

The legislation is different for Members' Voluntary Liquidations (MVL), Company Voluntary Arrangements (CVA) and Individual Voluntary Arrangements (IVA). In MVLs, the company's members set the fee basis, often as a fixed fee, and SIP 9 does not apply unless the members specifically request it. In CVAs and IVAs, the fee basis is set out in the proposals and creditors approve the fee basis when they approve the arrangement.

All fee bases

With the exception of IVAs and CVAs, which are usually VAT exempt, the office holder's remuneration invoiced to the insolvent estate will be subject to VAT at the prevailing rate.

Expenses

As already indicated, a report will accompany the request to fix the basis of remuneration and that will include details of expenses to be incurred, or likely to be incurred. When reporting to the committee and creditors during the course of the insolvency appointment the actual expenses incurred will be compared with the original estimate provided.

Expenses are any payments from the insolvent estate that are neither an office holder's remuneration nor a distribution to a creditor, or a member. Expenses also include disbursements. Disbursements are payments that are first paid by the office holder and then reimbursed from the insolvent estate. Expenses are divided into those that do not need approval before they are charged to the estate (Category 1) and those that do (Category 2).

Category 1 expenses are payments to persons providing the service to which the expense relates who are not an associate of the office holder. They can be paid by the office holder without obtaining prior approval. Examples of costs that may amount to Category 1 expenses are professional advisors (who are not associates), statutory advertising, external meeting room hire (where the room is only hired for that meeting), external storage, postage, specific penalty bond insurance, insolvency case management software fees charged on a per case basis, and Company search fees.

Category 2 expenses are either payments to associates, or payments in respect of expenses that have an element of shared costs, such as photocopying and mileage. Category 2 expenses require approval in the same manner as an office holder's remuneration before they can be paid.

The practice intends to seek approval to recover the following Category 2 expenses that include an element of shared costs:

Mileage 0.45p per mile (In accordance with HM Revenue & Customs approved rates)

Photocopying 10p per sheet (Circulars to creditors only)

Room Hire £30 per hour

Professional advisors may be instructed to assist the office holder on the case where they consider that such assistance is necessary to enable them to appropriately administer the case. The fees charged by any professional advisors used will be recharged at cost to the case. Where the professional advisor is not an associate of the office holder it will be for the office holder to agree the basis of their fees. Where the professional advisor is an associate of the office holder it will be for those responsible for fixing the basis of the office holder's remuneration to approve payments to them. The fees of any professional advisors are subject to the rights of creditors to seek further information about them or challenge them as summarised below. Professional advisors that may be instructed on a case include:

- Solicitors/Legal Advisors;
- Auctioneers/Valuers;
- Accountants:
- Quantity Surveyors;
- Estate Agents;
- Pension specialists*;
- Employment Claims specialists*; and
- GDPR/Cyber Security specialists.

*Note: where such professional advisors are instructed on a case, the office holder will not charge any remuneration to the case in respect of such work, other than in respect of supervising and monitoring their work.

Reporting and rights to challenge

Once the basis of the office holder's remuneration has been approved, a periodic report will be provided to any committee and also to each creditor. The report will provide a breakdown of the remuneration charged by the office holder in the period covered by the report, i.e., the amount that the office holder is entitled to draw, together with the amount of remuneration actually drawn. If approval has been obtained for remuneration on a time costs basis, the time costs incurred will also be disclosed, whether drawn or not, together with the "blended" rates of such costs. The report will also compare the actual time costs incurred with those included in the fees estimate prepared when fixing the basis of the remuneration, and indicate whether the fees estimate is likely to be exceeded. If the fees estimate has been exceeded, or is likely to be exceeded, the report will explain why that is the case.

The report will also provide information about expenses incurred in the period covered by the report, together with those actually paid, together with a comparison with the estimated expenses. If the expenses incurred, or anticipated to be incurred, have exceeded the estimate provided the report will explain why that is the case.

Under the insolvency legislation the report must also include a statement of the legislative rights of creditors to request further information about the remuneration charged and expenses incurred in the period covered by the report, or to challenge them on the grounds that they are excessive. Extracts of the relevant insolvency rules dealing with these rights are set out below. Once the time period to seek further information about the office holder's remuneration and/or expenses for the period covered by the report has elapsed, then a Court Order is required to compel the office holder to provide further information about the remuneration and expenses. A Court order is required to challenge the office holder's remuneration and/or expenses for the period covered by the report. Once that period has elapsed, then a separate Court Order is required to allow an application out of time.

Under rule 18.9 of the Insolvency (England and Wales) Rules 2006, an unsecured creditor may, with the permission of the court or with the concurrence of 5% in value of the unsecured creditors (including the creditor

in question) request further details of the office holder's remuneration and expenses, within 21 days of receipt of any report for the period. Any secured creditor may request the same details in the same time limit.

Under rule 18.34, an unsecured creditor may, with the permission of the court or with the concurrence of 10% in value of the unsecured creditors (including the creditor in question), apply to court to challenge the amount and/or basis of the office holder's fees and the amount of any proposed expenses or expenses already incurred, within 8 weeks of receipt of any report for the period. Any secured creditor may make a similar application to court within the same time limit.

Under some old legislation, which still applies for insolvency appointments commenced before 6 April 2010, there is no equivalent mechanism for fees to be challenged.



Appendix 3 Provision of Services Summary

PROVISION OF SERVICES REGULATIONS SUMMARY SHEET FOR MILNER BOARDMAN & PARTNERS

The following information is designed to draw the attention of interested parties to the information required to be disclosed by the Provision of Services Regulations 2009.

Licensing Body

Darren Brookes and Natasha Baldwin are licensed to act as Insolvency Practitioners in the United Kingdom by the Insolvency Practitioners Association ("IPA").

Darren Brookes and Natasha Baldwin are members of the IPA.

Milner Boardman & Partners is also a member of the IPA.

Rules Governing Actions

All IPs are bound by the rules of their professional body, including any that relate specifically to insolvency. The rules of the professional body that licences Darren Brookes and Natasha Baldwin of ("MBP") Milner **Partners** can be found https://insolvency-Boardman & at practitioners.org.uk/about/ipa-articles-of-association-and-regulation-rules/. In addition, IPs are bound by the Statements of Insolvency Practice (SIPs), details of which can be found at https://www.r3.org.uk/technical-library/england-wales/sips/

Ethics

All IPs are required to comply with the Insolvency Code of Ethics and a copy of the Code can be found at https://insolvency-practitioners.org.uk/wp-content/uploads/2020/08/IPA-Code-of-Ethics.pdf

Complaints

At MBP we always strive to provide a professional and efficient service. However, we recognise that it is in the nature of insolvency proceedings for disputes to arise from time to time. As such, should you have any comments or complaints regarding the administration of a particular case then in the first instance you should contact the IP acting as office holder.

Please note that within MBP there are two Licensed Insolvency Practitioners: Darren Brookes and Natasha Baldwin.

If you consider that the IP has not dealt with your comments or complaint appropriately you should then put details of your concerns in writing to our complaints officer Darren Brookes. However, if your complaint is regarding Darren Brookes then please contact Natasha Baldwin.

We will lodge your complaint and open a file, this will be done immediately. We will then investigate your complaint and report to you as soon as possible, usually within five business days.

Most disputes can be resolved amicably either through the provision of further information or following negotiations. However, in the event that you have exhausted our complaints procedure and you are not satisfied that your complaint has been resolved or dealt with appropriately, you may complain to the regulatory body that licences the insolvency practitioner concerned. Any such complaints should be addressed to The Insolvency Service, IP Complaints, 3rd Floor, 1 City Walk, Leeds, LS11 9DA, and you can

make a submission using an on-line form available at www.gov.uk/complain-about-insolvency-practitioner; or you can email insolvency.enquiryline@insolvency.gsi.gov.uk; or you may phone 0300 678 0015. Information on the call charges that apply is available at https://www.gov.uk/call-charges.

Bribery Act 2010

MBP is committed to applying the highest standards of ethical conduct and integrity in its business activities. Every employee and individual acting on MBP's behalf is responsible for maintaining our reputation and for conducting company business honestly and professionally.

MBP take a zero-tolerance approach to bribery and corruption and are committed to acting professionally, fairly and with integrity in all our business dealings and relationships wherever we operate.

MBP requires all those who are associated with it to observe the highest standards of impartiality, integrity and objectivity.

MBP prohibits anyone acting on its behalf from:

- bribing another person. A bribe includes the offering, promising or giving of any financial or other type of advantage;
- accepting a bribe. This includes requesting, agreeing to receive or accepting any financial, or another kind of advantage;
- bribing a foreign public official; and
- condoning the offering or acceptance of bribes.

MBP will:

- avoid doing business with others who do not accept our values and who may harm our reputation;
- maintain processes, procedures and records that limit the risk of direct or indirect bribery;
- promote awareness of this policy amongst its staff, those acting on its behalf and entities with which it has any commercial dealings;
- investigate all instances of alleged bribery, and will assist the police, and other authorities when appropriate, in any resultant prosecutions. In addition, disciplinary action will be considered against individual members of staff;
- review this policy regularly and update it when necessary.

Professional Indemnity Insurance

Milner Boardman & Partners' Professional Indemnity Insurance is provided by Travelers Insurance Company Limited 61-63 London Road Redhill Surrey RH1 1NA.

VAT

Milner Boardman & Partners is registered for VAT under registration no 693 3180 22.