Registered number: 05789366

AIRSIDE DATA & TRAINING LTD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018



23/11/2018 : COMPANIES HOUSE

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# **MAGEE GAMMON**

Chartered Accountants
Henwood House
Henwood
Ashford
Kent
TN24 8DH

## **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** Mr C T Cardwell

Mr D T Cardwell (resigned 28 September 2017)

Mr D A Perry

Mr C Hobbis (appointed 28 September 2017)
Ms R V Rawlings (appointed 5 October 2017)
Mr R G P Willis (appointed 28 September 2017)
Mr D B Morris (appointed 28 September 2018)

Company secretary Mr C T Cardwell

**Registered number** 05789366

**Registered office** 19 Cherry Garden Road

Canterbury Kent CT2 8EL

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# AIRSIDE DATA & TRAINING LTD REGISTERED NUMBER:05789366

## BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

•	Note		2018		2017
FIXED ASSETS	11010				
Tangible assets  CURRENT ASSETS	4		118,898		66,193
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	627,918		353,352	
Cash at bank and in hand	6	935,752 1,563,670	-	996,975	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(1,373,423)		(857,195)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			190,247		139,780
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		_	309,145	_	205,973
Deferred tax	9		(6,596)		(7,603)
NET ASSETS		£	302,549	£	198,370
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	10		100		100
Profit and loss account		_	302,449		198,270
		£	302,549	£	198,370

# AIRSIDE DATA & TRAINING LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 05789366

# BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 7 November 2018

Mr C T Cardwell

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales under number 05789366. The registered office of the company is 19 Cherry Garden Road, Canterbury, CT2 8EL. The company specialised in training for airports employees.

### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

### **Rendering of services**

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the most appropriate methods.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Freehold property - over 25 years

Motor vehicles - 25% reducing balance basis
Office equipment - 20% straight line basis
Website development - 33% straight line basis

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

### 2.4 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

### 2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

### 2.6 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

## 2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.8 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

#### 2.9 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

#### 2.10Pensions

#### Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

### 2.11Holiday pay accrual

A liability is recognised to the extent of any unused holiday pay entitlement which is accrued at the Balance Sheet date and carried forward to future periods. This is measured at the undiscounted salary cost of the future holiday entitlement so accrued at the Balance Sheet date.

## 2.12Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings using the effective interest method.

#### 2.13Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance Sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance Sheet.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.14Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

## 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 14 (2017 - 10).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

## 4. Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold property	Motor vehicles	Office equipment	Computer equipment	Total
Cost or valuation					
At 1 April 2017	22,348	38,851	53,254	17,017	131,470
Additions	58,378	-	10,455	<del>-</del>	68,833
Disposals	-	-	(10,678)	-	(10,678)
At 31 March 2018	80,726	38,851	53,031	17,017	189,625
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2017	2,439	17,012	28,809	17,017	65,277
Charge for the year on owned assets	1,712	5,460	7,285	-	14,457
Disposals	-	-	(9,007)	-	(9,007)
At 31 March 2018	4,151	22,472	27,087	17,017	70,727
Net book value	·				
At 31 March 2018	£ 76,575	£ 16,379	£ 25,944	£ - :	£ 118,898
At 31 March 2017	£ 19,909	£ 21,839	£ 24,445	£ - :	£ 66,193

## 5. Debtors

	2018	2017
Trade debtors	513,127	348,926
Other debtors	106,342	-
Prepayments and accrued income	8,449	4,426
	£ 627,918 £	353,352
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## 6. Cash and cash equivalents

		2018	2017
Cash at bank and in hand	£	935,752 £	643,623
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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

## 7. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

2018	2017
421,983	48,223
50,431	20,790
22,659	44,129
814,878	713,471
63,472	30,582
£ 1,373,423 £	857,195
	421,983 50,431 22,659 814,878 63,472

### 8. Financial instruments

		2018	2017
Financial assets			
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	£	935,752 £	643,623

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise cash and bank balances.

### 9. Deferred taxation

			2018	2017
	At beginning of year		7,603	6,493
	Charged to profit or loss		(1,007)	1,110
	At end of year	£	6,596 £	7,603
	The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:			
			2018	2017
	Accelerated capital allowances	£	6,596 £	7,603
10.	Share capital			
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		2018	2017
	100 (2017 - 100) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	£	100 £	100

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

### 11. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £3,297 (2017 - £1,776). Contributions totalling £1,353 (2017 - £378) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date and are included in creditors.