Company registration number: 05788591

Carmody Groarke Limited

Unaudited abridged financial statements

30th April 2017



Contents

	Page
Directors and other information	1
Accountants report	2
Abridged statement of financial position	3 - 4
Notes to the financial statements	5-9

Directors and other information

Directors Mr Kevin Carmody

Mr Andrew Groarke

Secretary K.I.Carmody

Company number 05788591

Registered office Ground Floor, Southon House

Station Approach

Edenbridge Kent TN8 5LP

Business address 62-70 Shorts Gardens

London WC2H 9AH

Accounts Action (SE) Limited

Ground Floor, Southon House

Station Approach Edenbridge Kent TN8 5LP

Bankers National Westminster Bank

154 Roman Road Bethnal Green

London E2 0RY

Chartered accountants report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of Carmody Groarke Limited Year ended 30th April 2017

As described on the statement of financial position, the directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended 30th April 2017 which comprise the abridged statement of financial position and related notes.

You consider that the company is exempt from an audit under the Companies Act 2006. In accordance with your instructions we have compiled these unaudited financial statements in order to assist you to fulfil your statutory responsibilities, from the accounting records and from information and explanations supplied to us.

Accounts Action (SE) Limited

Ground Floor, Southon House Station Approach Edenbridge Kent TN8 5LP

6th December 2017

Abridged statement of financial position 30th April 2017

	2017		2016		
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	68,487		99,462	
Investments	6	17,400		17,400	
			85,887		116,862
Current assets					
Debtors		873,606		529,277	
Cash at bank and in hand		382,332		226,130	
		1,255,938		755,407	
Creditors: amounts falling due	•				
within one year		(475,142)		(333,013)	
Net current assets			780,796		422,394
Total assets less current liabilities			866,683		539,256
Creditors: amounts falling due					(6,622)
after more than one year					(0,022)
Net assets		•	866,683		532,634
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			200		200
Profit and loss account			866,483		532,434
Shareholders funds			866,683		532,634

For the year ending 30th April 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The shareholders have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

The notes on pages 5 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Abridged statement of financial position (continued) 30th April 2017

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the abridged statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 6th December 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr Keyin Carmody

Director

Company registration number: 05788591

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 30th April 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Ground Floor, Southon House, Station Approach, Edenbridge, Kent, TN8 5LP.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1st May 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 8.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised where it is considered material to show a true and fair view. This is a calculation in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30th April 2017

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - 25% straight line Fittings fixtures and equipment - 25% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30th April 2017

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2017	2016
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible assets	31,824	39,444
Fees payable for the audit of the financial statements	-	1,698

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30th April 2017

5. Tangible assets

		£
	Cost	
	At 1st May 2016	247,616
	Additions	849
	At 30th April 2017	248,465
	Depreciation	
	At 1st May 2016	148,154
	Charge for the year	31,824
	At 30th April 2017	179,978
	Carrying amount	·
	At 30th April 2017	68,487
	At 30th April 2016	99,462
6.	Investments	
		£
	Cost	
	At 1st May 2016 and 30th April 2017	17,400
	Impairment	
	At 1st May 2016 and 30th April 2017	_
	Carrying amount	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	At 30th April 2017	17,400
	At 30th April 2016	17,400
	110 Juli 1 1pm 2010	17,400

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30th April 2017

7. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

•	2017				
		Balance	Advances	Amounts	Balance
		brought	/(credits) to	repaid	o/standing
		forward	the directors		
		£	£	£	£
Mr Kevin Carmody		22	-	2,238	2,260
Mr Andrew Groarke		22	(19,615)	-	(19,593)
		44	(19,615)	2,238	(17,333)
•	2016				
		Balance	Advances	Amounts	Balance
		brought	/(credits) to	repaid	o/standing
		forward	the directors		
		£	£	£	£
Mr Kevin Carmody		105,420	(105,398)	_	22
Mr Andrew Groarke		85,098	(85,076)	-	22
		190,518	(190,474)		44

8. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1st May 2015.

Reconciliation of equity

No transitional adjustments were required.

Reconciliation of profit or loss for the year

No transitional adjustments were required.



Statement of consent to prepare abridged financial statements

All of the members of Carmody Groarke Limited have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of income and retained earnings and the abridged statement of financial position for the current year ending 30th April 2017 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.