Registration number: 05787168

R B Vinyls Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

Smith Butler
Chartered Certified Accountants
10 Mercury Quays
Ashley Lane
Shipley
Bradford
West Yorkshire
BD17 7DB

Contents

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Balance Sheet	<u>2</u> to <u>3</u>
Notes to the Financial Statements	<u>4</u> to 9

Company Information

Directors Mrs Carol Barnes

Mr Christopher Ellis Bellaby

Mr Roger Barnes

Mr Kenneth Leslie Herd Mr Richard Illingworth

Registered office 2 Low Moor Industrial Estate

Common Road Low Moor Bradford West Yorkshire BD12 0NB

Accountants Smith Butler

Chartered Certified Accountants

10 Mercury Quays Ashley Lane Shipley Bradford West Yorkshire BD17 7DB

Page 1

(Registration number: 05787168) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	63,900	66,528
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u> 6	292,710	321,970
Debtors	<u>6</u>	355,054	214,902
Cash at bank and in hand		49,690	59,116
		697,454	595,988
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u> 7</u>	(643,262)	(556,371)
Net current assets	_	54,192	39,617
Total assets less current liabilities		118,092	106,145
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>/</u>	(4,522)	(15,970)
Net assets	_	113,570	90,175
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		200	200
Profit and loss account		113,370	89,975
Total equity	_	113,570	90,175

For the financial year ending 31 March 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{9}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

(Registration number: 05787168)
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2018

Approved and authori	sed by the Board on 15 June 2018 and signed on its behalf by:
	
Mr Roger Barnes	
Director	
	The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{9}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 2 Low Moor Industrial Estate Common Road Low Moor Bradford West Yorkshire BD12 ONB

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 15 June 2018.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts. The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Plant and machinery Fixtures and fittings Motor vehicles Office equipment Depreciation method and rate

20% reducing balance 20% straight line 25% reducing balance 25% straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 11 (2017 - 12).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2017	70,647	66,071	136,718
Additions	18,187	<u>-</u>	18,187
At 31 March 2018	88,834	66,071	154,905
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2017	42,379	27,810	70,189
Charge for the year	11,251	9,565	20,816
At 31 March 2018	53,630	37,375	91,005
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2018	35,204	28,696	63,900
At 31 March 2017	28,267	38,261	66,528
5 Stocks			
		2018 £	2017 £
Other inventories	=	292,710	321,970
6 Debtors			
		2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors		354,885	214,737
Prepayments	_	169	165
	_	355,054	214,902

7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	<u>8</u>	21,999	17,790
Trade creditors		348,931	309,519
Taxation and social security		70,574	77, 2 95
Accruals and deferred income		8,961	8,861
Other creditors		192,797	142,906
	_	643,262	556,371
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
		2018	2017
	Note	£	£
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>8</u>	4,522	15,970
8 Loans and borrowings			
2 Edding diffe Soft Ownings		2018	2017
		£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings			
Finance lease liabilities	_	4,522	15,970
		2018 £	2017 £
Current loans and borrowings		r	L
Finance lease liabilities		21,999	17,790
			
9 Related party transactions			
Directors' remuneration			
The directors' remuneration for the year was as follows:			
The directors remaneration for the year was as follows.		2019	2017
		2018 £	2017 £
Remuneration		51, 1 44	32,890
			<u> </u>

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

Dividends paid to directors

Nava Canad Barrana	2018 £	2017 £
Mrs Carol Barnes	33,000	33,000
Mr Kenneth Leslie Herd	30,040	30,040
Mr Christopher Ellis Bellaby	26,000	26,000
Mr Roger Barnes	3,972	3,972
Mr Richard Illingworth	-	14,667

Page 9

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.