Registration number: 05772769

# Ashtead Veterinary Centre Ltd

**Unaudited Abbreviated Accounts** 

for the Year Ended 30 June 2014

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14/11/2014 COMPANIES HOUSE #113

# **Ashtead Veterinary Centre Ltd**

(Registration number: 05772769)

#### Abbreviated Balance Sheet at 30 June 2014

!	Note	2014 £	2013 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible fixed assets		38,635	57,954
Tangible fixed assets		39,027	25,502
	-	77,662	83,456
Current assets			
Stocks		10,429	10,467
Debtors		13,828	12,334
Cash at bank and in hand		583,916	519,326
		608,173	542,127
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	_	(246,076)	(247,431)
Net current assets	_	362,097	294,696
Total assets less current liabilities		439,759	378,152
Provisions for liabilities	<u>-</u>	(7,182)	(4,340)
Net assets	-	432,577	373,812
Capital and reserves	•		
Called up share capital	3	100	100
Profit and loss account		432,477	373,712
Shareholders' funds		432,577	373,812

For the year ending 30 June 2014 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime .

Approved by the director on ..

Balance sheet signatories

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Ms M Mc CAGIE

# **Ashtead Veterinary Centre Ltd**

### Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 30 June 2014

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (Effective April 2008).

#### Turnover

Turnover represents amounts chargeable, net of value added tax, in respect of the sale of goods and services to customers.

#### Goodwill

Positive goodwill is capitalised, classified as an asset on the balance sheet and amortised on a straight line basis over its useful economic life. It is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following the acquisition and in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

#### **Amortisation**

Amortisation is provided on intangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

#### Asset class

Amortisation method and rate

Goodwill

10% straight line

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

#### Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Fixtures and equipment

15% reducing balance

#### Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after due regard for obsolete and slow moving stocks. Net realisable value is based on selling price less anticipated costs to completion and selling costs.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as required by the FRSSE.

Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and law enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### Hire purchase and leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

# Ashtead Veterinary Centre Ltd

# Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 30 June 2014

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#### **Financial instruments**

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

#### 2 Fixed assets

	Intangible assets £	Tangible assets £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 July 2013	193,187	59,062	252,249
Additions		20,412	20,412
At 30 June 2014	193,187	79,474	272,661
Depreciation			
At 1 July 2013	135,233	33,560	168,793
Charge for the year	19,319	6,887	26,206
At 30 June 2014	154,552	40,447	194,999
Net book value			
At 30 June 2014	38,635	39,027	77,662
At 30 June 2013	<u>57,954</u>	25,502	83,456

# 3 Share capital

#### Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

			_+.+	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	100	100	100	100

2014

2013