

Registered number  
03183677

East Pharm Limited

Unaudited Filleted Accounts

31 July 2023

**East Pharm Limited****Registered number:** 03183677**Balance Sheet****as at 31 July 2023**

	<b>Notes</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
		<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Intangible assets	3	1	1
Tangible assets	4	2,824	3,764
		<u>2,825</u>	<u>3,765</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Stocks		135,000	130,000
Debtors	5	976,943	932,462
Cash at bank and in hand		79,828	201,862
		<u>1,191,771</u>	<u>1,264,324</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	6	(724,274)	(774,699)
<b>Net current assets</b>		<u>467,497</u>	<u>489,625</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>470,322</u>	<u>493,390</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	7	(128,999)	(223,230)
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>		(706)	(715)
<b>Net assets</b>		<u>340,617</u>	<u>269,445</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		400	400
Profit and loss account		340,217	269,045
<b>Shareholders' funds</b>		<u>340,617</u>	<u>269,445</u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

T Anwar

Director

Approved by the board on 30 April 2024

**East Pharm Limited**  
**Notes to the Accounts**  
**for the year ended 31 July 2023**

**1 Accounting policies**

***Basis of preparation***

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

***Turnover***

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

***Intangible fixed assets***

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

***Tangible fixed assets***

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Leasehold land and buildings	over the lease term
Plant and machinery	over 7 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	over 7 years

***Stocks***

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

***Debtors***

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

***Creditors***

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

## **Taxation**

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

## **Provisions**

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

## **Leased assets**

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

<b>2 Employees</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>Number</b>	<b>Number</b>
Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>
<b>3 Intangible fixed assets</b>		<b>£</b>
Goodwill:		
<b>Cost</b>		
At 1 August 2022		<u>280,000</u>
At 31 July 2023		<u>280,000</u>
<b>Amortisation</b>		
At 1 August 2022		<u>279,999</u>
At 31 July 2023		<u>279,999</u>
<b>Net book value</b>		

At 31 July 2023	1
At 31 July 2022	1

Goodwill is being written off in annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 20 years.

#### 4 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery etc	Total
	£	£	£
<b>Cost</b>			
At 1 August 2022	501	76,938	77,439
At 31 July 2023	501	76,938	77,439
<b>Depreciation</b>			
At 1 August 2022	500	73,175	73,675
Charge for the year	-	940	940
At 31 July 2023	500	74,115	74,615
<b>Net book value</b>			
At 31 July 2023	1	2,823	2,824
At 31 July 2022	1	3,763	3,764

#### 5 Debtors

	2023	2022
	£	£
Trade debtors-Factored debts	139,974	128,833
Other debtors	836,969	803,629
	976,943	932,462

The company has factored all of its trade debtors and used factoring company's finance facilities involving factoring fees. The factored debtors are secured against finance of £202,000 (2022 £201,916) included under creditors (notes 6 & 8)

Other debtors include loan of £603,734 (2022 £581,084) due from director (note 10) and £184,158 (2022 £176,100) corporation tax recoverable upon repayment of loan by the director.

#### 6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2023	2022
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	293,272	286,416
Trade creditors	251,710	320,750
Taxation and social security costs	146,870	118,962
Other creditors	32,422	48,571
	724,274	774,699

#### 7 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year

2023	2022
------	------

	£	£
Bank loans	<u>128,999</u>	<u>223,230</u>
<b>8 Loans</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	£	£
Creditors include:		
Secured loans and other debts	<u>202,000</u>	<u>321,147</u>

Secured loans include loan from factoring finance company £202,000 (2022 £201,916) which is secured against the company's trade debtors (note 5).

<b>9 Other financial commitments</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	£	£
Total future minimum payments under non-cancellable operating leases	<u>214,300</u>	<u>167,000</u>

#### 10 Loans to directors

Description and conditions	B/fwd	Increase in year	C/fwd
	£	£	£
S S Kohli			
Director's Loan account	<u>581,084</u>	<u>22,650</u>	<u>603,734</u>

Loan to director Mr S S Kohli is interest free and without any fixed terms of repayment

#### 11 Other information

East Pharm Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

137 Cann Hall Road  
Leytonstone  
London  
E11 3NJ

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.