Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

for

Miltenyi Biotec Limited

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Miltenyi Biotec Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

DIRECTOR:

S G Miltenyi

SECRETARY:

Mrs M Giroux

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Almac House

Church Lane

Bisley Woking Surrey GU24 9DR

REGISTERED NUMBER:

03096272

SENIOR STATUTORY AUDITOR:

Andrew Skilton, ACA

AUDITORS:

Brewers Chartered Accountants (Statutory Auditors)

Bourne House Queen Street Gomshall Surrey GU5 9LY

Balance Sheet 31 December 2017

		31.12	.17	31.12	2.16
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	4		403,420		436,897
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	5	46,648		7,828	
Debtors	6	2,482,683		2,286,134	
Cash at bank		993,126		836,685	
		3,522,457		3,130,647	
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	7	3,178,698		2,765,068	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			343,759		365,579
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIE	ES		747,179		802,476
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than	1				
one year	8		(206,025)		(198,577)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	10		<u>(57,895</u>)		(66,556)
NET ASSETS			483,259		537,343
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	11		10,000		10,000
Retained earnings			473,259		527,343
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			483,259		537,343

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and loss account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director on signed by:

19 Jane 2018 and were

S G Millenyi - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

STATUTORY INFORMATION 1.

Miltenyi Biotec Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's' registered number and registered office address can be found on the company information pages.

The presentational currency is the pound sterling (£).

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Related party exemption

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Turnover

Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Short leasehold

- in accordance with the property

Plant and machinery - 20% on cost

Office equipment

- at varying rates on cost

Fixed assets costing over £500 are capitalised.

No amortisation has been charged on the leasehold improvements as they were only complete at the end of the year.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

*Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Debtors

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Basic financial assets, including trade and other debtors, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financial transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are represented by cash in hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, and other short-term highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

Creditors

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors, loans from third parties and loans from related parties, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Such instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

3. **EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS**

The average number of employees during the year was 32 (2016 - 31).

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

-1.	TANOISEE TIMES ASSETS	Short leasehold £	Plant and machinery	Office equipment £	Totals £
	COST	7, 617	540 100		/0/ 071
	At 1 January 2017	76,917	543,188	66,766	686,871
	Additions Disposals	4,904 	129,937 (<u>144,808</u>)	9,526 	144,367 (144,808)
	At 31 December 2017	81,821	528,317	76,292	686,430
	DEPRECIATION				
	At 1 January 2017	5,231	222,455	22,288	249,974
	Charge for year	7,716	78,939	7,319	93,974
	Eliminated on disposal		(60,938)		<u>(60,938</u>)
	At 31 December 2017	12,947	240,456	29,607	283,010
	NET BOOK VALUE				
	At 31 December 2017	<u>68,874</u>	287,861	46,685	403,420
	At 31 December 2016	71,686	320,733	44,478	436,897
5.	STOCKS				
				31.12.17 £	31.12.16 £
	Stocks			46,648	7,828

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

6.	DEBTORS		
		31.12.17 £	31.12.16 £
	Amounts falling due within one year: Trade debtors	1,737,712	1,748,100
	Other debtors	5,056	5,456
	Prepayments and accrued income	566,119	378,128
	•	2,308,887	2,131,684
	Amounts falling due after more than one year:		
	Other debtors	<u>173,796</u>	154,450
	Aggregate amounts	2,482,683	2,286,134
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	21 10 17	31.12.16
		31.12.17 £	31.12.16 £
	Trade creditors	100,834	55,819
	Tax	59,443	82,207
	Social security and other taxes	52,079	53,150
	VAT	363,872 1,303,573	391,809 1,133,072
	Miltenyi Biotec GmbH Deferred income	1,303,373	859,352
	Accrued expenses	200,886	189,659
		3,178,698	2,765,068
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
0.	CREDITORS. AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFFER MORE HIAR ONE FEAR	31.12.17	31.12.16
		£	£
	Accruals and deferred income	206,025	<u>198,577</u>
9.	LEASING AGREEMENTS		
	Atining up losses negreents under non equalible energting losses	fall due as fa	allove:
	Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases	31.12.17 £	31.12.16 £
	Within one year	229,568	165,248
	Between one and five years	397,617	430,054
		627,185	595,302
10.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		
*		31.12.17	31.12.16
		£	£
	Deferred tax		
	Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	57,895	66,556
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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

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10. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES - continued

	Deferred tax	
	£	
Balance at 1 January 2017	66,556	
Credit to Income Statement during year	<u>(8,661</u>)	
Balance at 31 December 2017	<i>57,</i> 89 <i>5</i>	

11. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issued and fully paid:

Number: Class: Nominal 31.12.17 31.12.16 value: \mathbf{f} \mathbf{f} 10,000 Ordinary \mathbf{f} 10,000 10,000

12. DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 444(5B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

The Report of the Auditors was unqualified.

Andrew Skilton, ACA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Brewers Chartered Accountants (Statutory Auditors)