Company Registration No. 03094984 (England and Wales)

PIGOTTS INVESTMENTS LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 APRIL 2017

		2017		2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		3,736		3,411
Investments	3		129,200		125,000
			132,936		128,411
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		120,813		74,096	•
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(59,051)		(47,089)	
Net current assets			61,762		27,007
Total assets less current liabilities			194,698		155,418
Provisions for liabilities	6		(26,300)		(25,300)
Net assets			168,398		130,118
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		10,000		10,000
Profit and loss reserves			158,398		120,118
Total equity			168,398		130,118

The director of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 April 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 16 June 2017

Mr J Pigott

Director

Company Registration No. 03094984

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

	Share capital £	Profit and loss reserves £	Total £
Balance at 1 May 2015 Effect of transition to FRS 102	10,000	43,397 236,722	53,397 236,722
As restated	10,000	280,119	290,119
Year ended 30 April 2016: Profit and total comprehensive income for the year Dividends		59,352 (219,353)	59,352 (219,353)
Balance at 30 April 2016	10,000	120,118	130,118
Year ended 30 April 2017: Profit and total comprehensive income for the year Dividends	-	235,760 (197,480)	235,760 (197,480)
Balance at 30 April 2017	10,000	158,398	168,398

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Pigotts Investments Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 3 Bentsbrook Park, North Holmwood, Dorking, Surrey, RH5 4JL.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £1.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2017 are the first financial statements of Pigotts Investments Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 May 2015. An explanation of how transition to FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 8.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the director has a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the director continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents investment management fees and commission.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

25% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

The accounting policy in respect of deferred tax reflects the requirements of FRS19 - Deferred tax. Deferred tax is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

2 Tangible fixed assets

		Fixtures, fitting	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	
			£	
	Cost			
	At 1 May 2016		16,709	
	Additions		1,572	
	At 30 April 2017		18,281	
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 May 2016		13,298	
	Depreciation charged in the year		1,247	
	At 30 April 2017		14,545	
	Carrying amount			
	At 30 April 2017		3,736	
	At 30 April 2016		3,411	
3	Fixed asset investments		,	
		2017	2016	
		£	£	
	Unlisted investments	129,200	125,000	
		-		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

3 Fixed asset investments (Continued)

Fixed asset investments revalued

5

Unlisted investments are included at revalued amounts based on the latest available auction price prior to the balance sheet date. At 30 April 2017 the historic cost of unlisted investments was £405 (2016 - £595).

		Investments other than loans
Cost or valuation		£
At 1 May 2016	,	125,000
Valuation changes		44,200
Disposals		(40,000)
At 30 April 2017		129,200
Carrying amount		
At 30 April 2017		129,200
At 30 April 2016		125,000
		===
Financial instruments		
	2017	2016
	£	£
Carrying amount of financial assets	400.000	405.000
Equity instruments measured at cost less impairment	129,200	125,000
Carrying amount of financial liabilities		
Measured at amortised cost	2,947	2,889
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2017	2016
	£	£
Corporation tax	56,104	44,200
Other creditors	545	488
	2,402	2,401
Accruals and deferred income	2,402	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

6	Provisions for liabilities			
			2017	2016
		Notes	£	£
	Deferred tax liabilities		26,300	25,300
			26,300	25,300
7	Share capital			
			2017 £	2016 £
	Ordinary share capital		~	_
	Issued and fully paid			
	4,600 Ordinary shares of £1 each		4,600	4,600
	5,200 A Ordinary shares of £1 each		5,200	5,200
	200 B Ordinary shares of £1 each		200	200
			10,000	10,000
			====	
8	Reconciliations on adoption of FRS 102			
	Reconciliation of equity			
			1 May	30 April
			2015	2016
			£	£
	Equity as reported under previous UK GAAP		53,397	30,613
	Adjustments arising from transition to FRS 102:			
	Investment revaluation in year		295,822	124,405
	Deferred taxation on revaluation		(59,100)	(24,900)
	Equity reported under FRS 102		290,119	130,118
	Reconciliation of profit for the financial period			
				2016 £
	Profit as reported under previous UK GAAP			196,569
	Adjustments arising from transition to FRS 102:			
	Investment revaluation in year			(25,000)
	Investment disposal restated			(146,417)
	Deferred taxation on revaluation		•	34,200
	Profit reported under FRS 102			59,352
				=======================================
	Profit reported under FRS 102			=