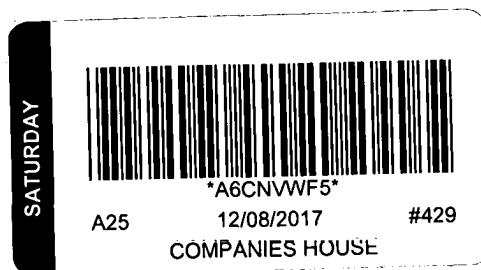


Company Registration No. 03092025 (England and Wales)

**D & A (1860) LIMITED**  
**ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017**



# D & A (1860) LIMITED

## COMPANY INFORMATION

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<b>Directors</b>	A H Ratcliffe D&A Nominees Limited
<b>Secretary</b>	D&A Secretarial Services Limited
<b>Company number</b>	03092025
<b>Registered office</b>	30 City Road London EC1Y 2AB
<b>Accountants</b>	Arram Berlyn Gardner LLP 30 City Road London EC1Y 2AB

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# **D & A (1860) LIMITED**

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# **D & A (1860) LIMITED**

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017**

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The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017.

### **Principal activities**

The company is dormant and has not traded during the year.

### **Directors**

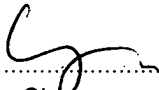
The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

A H Ratcliffe

D&A Nominees Limited

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

By order of the board



Karen Chapman on behalf of D&A Secretarial Services Limited

Secretary

04/08/17

# D & A (1860) LIMITED

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 MARCH 2017

	Notes	2017 £	£	2016 £	£
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	2	1		1	
<b>Net current assets</b>			<u>1</u>		<u>1</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital	3		<u>1</u>		<u>1</u>

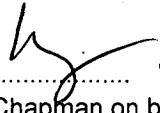
For the financial year ended 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 480 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to dormant companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 04/08/17 and are signed on its behalf by:

  
Karen Chapman on behalf of D&A Nominees Limited  
Director

Company Registration No. 03092025

# D & A (1860) LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

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### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

D & A (1860) Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 30 City Road, London, EC1Y 2AB.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Profit and loss account

The company has not traded during the year or the preceding financial period. During this time the company received no income and incurred no expenditure and therefore no Profit and loss account is presented in these financial statements

#### 1.3 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### **Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### **Classification of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

# D & A (1860) LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

##### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.4 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 2 Debtors

	2017 £	2016 £
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Other debtors	1	1
	==	==

#### 3 Called up share capital

	2017 £	2016 £
Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid 1 Ordinary share of £1 each	1	1
	==	==