

Company Registration No. 03089718 (England and Wales)

**CAREYBROOK LIMITED**  
**ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016**  
**PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR**

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# CAREYBROOK LIMITED

## COMPANY INFORMATION

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|                          |                                                                                        |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Directors</b>         | John Turner<br>Diana Favill                                                            |
| <b>Secretary</b>         | Clive Turner                                                                           |
| <b>Company number</b>    | 03089718                                                                               |
| <b>Registered office</b> | 3rd Floor, Descartes House<br>8 Gate Steet<br>London<br>WC2A 3HP                       |
| <b>Accountants</b>       | Philip Friede & Co<br>3rd Floor, Descartes House<br>8 Gate Steet<br>London<br>WC2A 3HP |
| <b>Business address</b>  | P O Box 205<br>Southam<br>Warwickshire<br>CV47 0ZL                                     |

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# CAREYBROOK LIMITED

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# CAREYBROOK LIMITED

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

#### Principal activities

The principal activities of the company are the provision of consultancy and training services including the production of documentation (in various media forms) together with the sale of various products principally to the UK and Irish markets but also on a global basis.

#### Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

John Turner  
Diana Favill

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board



.....  
Diana Favill

Director

24/7/2017

# CAREYBROOK LIMITED

## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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|                                        | 2016<br>£ | 2015<br>£ |
|----------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| <b>Turnover</b>                        | 114,139   | 89,628    |
| Cost of sales                          | (44,190)  | (27,592)  |
| <b>Gross profit</b>                    | 69,949    | 62,036    |
| Administrative expenses                | (69,500)  | (48,325)  |
| <b>Operating profit</b>                | 449       | 13,711    |
| Interest receivable and similar income | 23        | 870       |
| <b>Profit before taxation</b>          | 472       | 14,581    |
| Taxation                               | (249)     | (249)     |
| <b>Profit for the financial year</b>   | 223       | 14,332    |

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# CAREYBROOK LIMITED

## BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

|                                                       |   | 2016          |               | 2015          |               |
|-------------------------------------------------------|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|                                                       |   | £             | £             | £             | £             |
| <b>Fixed assets</b>                                   |   |               |               |               |               |
| Tangible assets                                       | 3 |               | 1,209         |               | 1,981         |
| Investments                                           | 4 |               | 100           |               | 100           |
|                                                       |   |               | <u>1,309</u>  |               | <u>2,081</u>  |
| <b>Current assets</b>                                 |   |               |               |               |               |
| Stocks                                                |   | 7,888         |               | 18,563        |               |
| Debtors                                               | 5 | 30,720        |               | 10,500        |               |
| Cash at bank and in hand                              |   | 46,384        |               | 56,409        |               |
|                                                       |   | <u>84,992</u> |               | <u>85,472</u> |               |
| <b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b> | 6 | (21,437)      |               | (22,910)      |               |
| <b>Net current assets</b>                             |   |               | <u>63,555</u> |               | <u>62,562</u> |
| <b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>          |   |               | <u>64,864</u> |               | <u>64,643</u> |
| <b>Capital and reserves</b>                           |   |               |               |               |               |
| Called up share capital                               | 7 |               | 1,000         |               | 1,000         |
| Profit and loss reserves                              |   |               | 63,864        |               | 63,643        |
| <b>Total equity</b>                                   |   |               | <u>64,864</u> |               | <u>64,643</u> |

For the financial year ended 31 December 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on ..... and are signed on its behalf by:



John Turner  
Director

Company Registration No. 03089718

# CAREYBROOK LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Careybrook Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 3rd Floor, Descartes House, 8 Gate Steet, London, WC2A 3HP.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 are the first financial statements of Careybrook Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 January 2015. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided net of VAT.

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

|                                |             |
|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Plant and machinery            | 25% on cost |
| Fixtures, fittings & equipment | 25% on cost |

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.4 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

# CAREYBROOK LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

##### 1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

##### 1.6 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of replacement cost and cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

##### 1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

##### 1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.



# CAREYBROOK LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### **Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### **Classification of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### 1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

### 1.10 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### **Current tax**

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

# CAREYBROOK LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

#### **1.11 Employee benefits**

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

#### **1.12 Retirement benefits**

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

#### **1.13 Foreign exchange**

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation are included in the profit and loss account for the period.

### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 2 (2015 - 2).

# CAREYBROOK LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

### 3 Tangible fixed assets

|                                    | Plant and machinery etc<br>£ |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>Cost</b>                        |                              |
| At 1 January 2016                  | 11,662                       |
| Disposals                          | (1,680)                      |
| At 31 December 2016                | 9,982                        |
| <b>Depreciation and impairment</b> |                              |
| At 1 January 2016                  | 9,680                        |
| Depreciation charged in the year   | 773                          |
| Eliminated in respect of disposals | (1,680)                      |
| At 31 December 2016                | 8,773                        |
| <b>Carrying amount</b>             |                              |
| At 31 December 2016                | 1,209                        |
| At 31 December 2015                | 1,981                        |

### 4 Fixed asset investments

|             | 2016<br>£ | 2015<br>£ |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| Investments | 100       | 100       |

#### Movements in fixed asset investments

|                                      | Shares in<br>group<br>undertakings<br>£ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| <b>Cost or valuation</b>             |                                         |
| At 1 January 2016 & 31 December 2016 | 100                                     |
| <b>Carrying amount</b>               |                                         |
| At 31 December 2016                  | 100                                     |
| At 31 December 2015                  | 100                                     |

# CAREYBROOK LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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|                                                         |                   |                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| <b>5 Debtors</b>                                        | <b>2016</b>       | <b>2015</b>       |
|                                                         | <b>£</b>          | <b>£</b>          |
| <b>Amounts falling due within one year:</b>             |                   |                   |
| Trade debtors                                           | 30,720            | 10,500            |
|                                                         | <u>          </u> | <u>          </u> |
| <b>6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b> | <b>2016</b>       | <b>2015</b>       |
|                                                         | <b>£</b>          | <b>£</b>          |
| Trade creditors                                         | 6,583             | 4,034             |
| Corporation tax                                         | 249               | 249               |
| Other taxation and social security                      | 8,035             | 2,943             |
| Other creditors                                         | 6,570             | 15,684            |
|                                                         | <u>          </u> | <u>          </u> |
|                                                         | 21,437            | 22,910            |
|                                                         | <u>          </u> | <u>          </u> |
| <b>7 Called up share capital</b>                        | <b>2016</b>       | <b>2015</b>       |
|                                                         | <b>£</b>          | <b>£</b>          |
| <b>Ordinary share capital</b>                           |                   |                   |
| <b>Issued and fully paid</b>                            |                   |                   |
| 1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each                        | 1,000             | 1,000             |
|                                                         | <u>          </u> | <u>          </u> |

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