Company registration number: 3087822

Starr Consulting Limited

Unaudited filleted financial statements

5 April 2017

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Statement of financial position 5th April 2017

	2017		2016		
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4	21,528		29,431	
Investments	5	129,494		127,197	
			151,022		156,628
Current assets					
Debtors	6	129,993		90,433	
Cash at bank and in hand		425,506		422,784	
		555,499		513,217	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	7	(58,003)		(68,589)	
Net current assets			497,496	-	444,628
Total assets less current liabilities			648,518		601,256
Net assets			648,518		601,256
					
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		4		4
Share premium account			44,999		44,999
Revaluation reserve			4,561		4,561
Profit and loss account			598,954		551,692
Shareholders funds			648,518		601,256

For the year ending 5th April 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The shareholders have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of financial position (continued) 5th April 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 20th December 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mrs Julie Starr Director

Company registration number: 3087822

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 5th April 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England. The address of the registered office is Starr Consulting Limited, The Stables, Lilac Cottage, Hawling, Cheltenham, GL54 5SZ.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 6th April 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 10.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 5th April 2017

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - 25% reducing balance
Fittings fixtures and equipment - 25% reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 25% reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 5th April 2017

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 5th April 2017

4.	Tangible assets				
		Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost At 6th April 2016 Additions Disposals	2,676 - -	13,424 - -	33,754 24,588 (33,754)	49,854 24,588 (33,754)
	At 5th April 2017	2,676	13,424	24,588	40,688
	Depreciation At 6th April 2016 Charge for the year Disposals	2,084 148	9,900 881 -	8,439 6,147 (8,439)	20,423 7,176 (8,439)
	At 5th April 2017	2,232	10,781	6,147	19,160
	Carrying amount At 5th April 2017	444	2,643	18,441	21,528
	At 5th April 2016	592 	3,524 	25,315 =====	29,431 ———
5.	Investments		Other investments other than loans	Other unlisted investments	Total
	Cost At 6th April 2016 Fair value adjustment		£ 7,291 2,297	£ 119,906 -	£ 127,197 2,297
	At 5th April 2017		9,588	119,906	129,494
	Impairment At 6th April 2016 and 5th April 2017			·	
	Carrying amount At 5th April 2017		9,588	119,906	129,494
	At 5th April 2016		7,291	119,906	127,197

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 5th April 2017

6.	Debtors				
				2017	2016
				£	£
	Trade debtors			128,511	87,241
	Other debtors			1,482	3,192
				129,993	90,433
7.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year				
				2017	2016
				£	£
	Trade creditors			25,331	16,964
	Corporation tax			22,716	16,220
	Social security and other taxes			2,603	7,897
	Other creditors			7,353	27,508
				58,003	68,589
8.	Called up share capital				
	Issued, called up and fully paid				
		2017		2016	
		No	£	No	£
	Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	3	3	3	3
	Ordinary 'A' shares of £1.00 each	1	1	1	1

9. Controlling party

At the balance sheet date, the director Mrs Julie Starr had a controlling interest by virtue of the fact that she owned 100% of the Ordinary shares and thereby 75% of the share capital of the company.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 5th April 2017

10. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 6th April 2015.

Reconciliation of equity

	At (6 April 2015		At :		
	Previously stated	Effect of transition	FRS 102 (restated)	Previously stated	Effect of transition	FRS 102 (restated)
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets	145,273	4,432	149,705	154,562	2,066	156,628
Current assets	472,297	-	472,297	513,217	-	513,217
Creditors amounts falling due within 1						
year	(49,669)	-	(49,669)	(68,589)	-	(68,589)
Net current assets	422,628		422,628	444,628	-	444,628
Total assets less current liabilities	567,901	4,432	572,333	599,190	2,066	601,256
Net assets	567,901	4,432	572,333	599,190	2,066	601,256
		4 400		500.400		
Equity	567,900	4,432	572,332	599,190 ————	2,066	601,256