

REGISTERED NUMBER: 03087025 (England and Wales)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

FOR

N.J.S. CONSULTING LIMITED

**CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

	Page
Company Information	1
Statement of Financial Position	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	4

DIRECTOR: N R Sharpe

SECRETARY: D G Sharpe

REGISTERED OFFICE: 10 Simcoe Close
Earls Barton
Northamptonshire
NN6 0FP

REGISTERED NUMBER: 03087025 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: DNG Dove Naish LLP
Chartered Accountants
Eagle House
28 Billing Road
Northampton
NN1 5AJ

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
31 MARCH 2019

	Notes	2019 £	£	2018 £	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		484		554
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	5	10,800		24,524	
Cash at bank		<u>17,791</u>		<u>21,483</u>	
		28,591		46,007	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	6	<u>27,154</u>		<u>30,978</u>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			<u>1,437</u>		<u>15,029</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			1,921		15,583
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			<u>82</u>		<u>105</u>
NET ASSETS			<u><u>1,839</u></u>		<u><u>15,478</u></u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	7		100		100
Retained earnings			<u>1,739</u>		<u>15,378</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			<u><u>1,839</u></u>		<u><u>15,478</u></u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2019.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.
- (b)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION - continued
31 MARCH 2019

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director on 11 December 2019 and were signed by:

N R Sharpe - Director

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

N.J.S. Consulting Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Significant judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed within the individual accounting policies below.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Computer equipment	- 33% on cost
--------------------	---------------

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items of property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each balance sheet date. The selection of these residual values and estimated lives requires the exercise of judgement. The directors are required to assess whether there is an indication of impairment to the carrying value of assets. In making that assessment, judgements are made in estimating value in use. The directors consider that the individual carrying values of assets are supportable by their value in use.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Financial instruments

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and in hand and short term deposits with an original maturity date of three months or less.

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income under administrative expenses.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 1 (2018 - 2) .

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Computer equipment £
COST	
At 1 April 2018	2,393
Additions	311
At 31 March 2019	<u>2,704</u>
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 April 2018	1,839
Charge for year	381
At 31 March 2019	<u>2,220</u>
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2019	<u>484</u>
At 31 March 2018	<u>554</u>

5. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	10,800	24,180
Other debtors	-	344
	<u>10,800</u>	<u>24,524</u>

6. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2019 £	2018 £
Tax	17,228	19,045
Social security and other taxes	1,061	664
VAT	6,761	7,743
Other creditors	-	3
Directors' current accounts	400	456
Accruals and deferred income	1,704	3,067
	<u>27,154</u>	<u>30,978</u>

7. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issued and fully paid:		Nominal value: £1	2019 £	2018 £
Number:	Class:			
100	Ordinary		<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

8. TRANSACTIONS WITH DIRECTORS

The following advances and credits to a director subsisted during the years ended 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2018:

	2019 £	2018 £
N R Sharpe		
Balance outstanding at start of year	(456)	(426)
Amounts advanced	117,471	68,258
Amounts repaid	(117,415)	(68,288)
Amounts written off	-	-
Amounts waived	-	-
Balance outstanding at end of year	<u>(400)</u>	<u>(456)</u>

The loan account was overdrawn during the year to a maximum balance of £57,984. Interest of £733 (2018: £395) was charged on the overdrawn balance at the official rate.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.