Registration number: 02951375

# **Swirling Dervish Limited**

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

CLC Accountants & Business Advisors Ltd 32 - 36 Chorley New Road Bolton Lancashire BL1 4AP

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# **Company Information**

**Directors** Mr Craaj Shah

Miss Perveen Shah

Company secretary Mr Craaj Shah

Miss Perveen Shah

Registered office 32 - 36 Chorley New Road

Bolton Lancashire BL1 4AP

Accountants CLC Accountants & Business Advisors Ltd

32 - 36 Chorley New Road

Bolton Lancashire BL1 4AP

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# (Registration number: 02951375) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	248,459	250,221
Current assets			
Debtors		14,805	14,805
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(289,288)	(238,319)
Net current liabilities		(274,483)	(223,514)
Total assets less current liabilities		(26,024)	26,707
Provisions for liabilities		(1,897)	(2,232)
Net (liabilities)/assets		(27,921)	24,475
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>5</u>	2	2
Profit and loss account		(27,923)	24,473
Total equity	_	(27,921)	24,475

For the financial year ending 31 December 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 20 December 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

Miss Perveen Shah
Company secretary and director

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 32 - 36 Chorley New Road Bolton Lancashire BL1 4AP

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 20 December 2019.

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018 (continued)

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

#### **Asset class**

Land and buildings freehold Fixtures, fittings and equipment

#### Depreciation method and rate

2% straight line method15% reducing balance method

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018 (continued)

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 2 (2017 - 3).

#### 4 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 January 2018	307,240	75,760	383,000
At 31 December 2018	307,240	75,760	383,000
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2018	68,766	64,013	132,779
Charge for the year		1,762	1,762
At 31 December 2018	68,766	65,775	134,541
Carrying amount			
At 31 December 2018	238,474	9,985	248,459
At 31 December 2017	238,474	11,747	250,221

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £238,474 (2017 - £238,474) in respect of freehold land and buildings.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018 (continued)

### 5 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2018	2018		2017	
	No.	£	No.	£	
Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2	2	2	
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