Company Registration No. 02948329 (England and Wales)

Speechless Features Limited

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

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Company information

Directors

Timothy Bevan

Eric Fellner

Secretary

Alison Mansfield

Company number

02948329

Registered office

1 Central St. Giles

St. Giles High Street

London WC2H 8NU

Independent auditor

Saffery Champness LLP

71 Queen Victoria Street

London EC4V 4BE

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Directors' report

For the year ended 31 December 2018

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is that of motion picture and video production.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Timothy Bevan

Eric Fellner

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 6.

The profit for the year amounted to £nil (2017: £nil). The directors have not recommended a dividend.

Auditor

Saffery Champness LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Small company provisions statement

The directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies under s415A of the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the board

Timothy Bevan

Director 19/9/19

Directors' responsibilities statement For the year ended 31 December 2018

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report To the members of Speechless Features Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Speechless Features Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2018 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of financial position, the statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's* responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
 may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
 accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

Independent auditor's report (continued) To the members of Speechless Features Limited

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the company is not entitled to claim exemption in preparing a strategic report due to it being a member of an ineligible group.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

To the members of Speechless Features Limited

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Nigel Walde (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Saffery Champness LLP

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors

24/9/19

71 Queen Victoria Street London EC4V 4BE

Statement of comprehensive income For the year ended 31 December 2018

| | | 2018 | 2017 |
|-------------------------------|-------|--------------|-----------|
| | Notes | 2018 £ | 2017 £ |
| | | - | _ |
| Turnover | 3 | 11,591 | 3,577 |
| Cost of sales | | (9,598) | (77) |
| Gross profit | | 1,993 | 3,500 |
| Administrative expenses | , | (1,993) | (3,500) |
| Result before taxation | · | - | - |
| Taxation | | - | - |
| D. In Co. also Co. and also | | | |
| Result for the financial year | | <u>-</u> | |
| | | | |

The statement of comprehensive income has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

Statement of financial position As at 31 December 2018

| | 2018 | | 18 | 2017 | 2017 | |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-------------|-----|-----------|------|--|
| | Notes | £ | £ | £ | £ | |
| Current assets | | | | | | |
| Debtors | 5 | 6,065 | | 1,573 | | |
| | 3 | | | | | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 146,362 | • | 149,313 | | |
| | | 152,427 | | 150,886 | | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within | | | | | | |
| one year | 6 | (152,327) | | (150,786) | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Net current assets | | | 100 | | 100 | |
| | | | | | | |
| Capital and reserves | | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | 8 | | 100 | | 100 | |
| • • • • | | | | | | |

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 19.9.19... and are signed on its behalf by:

Timothy Bevan

Director

Company Registration No. 02948329

Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 31 December 2018

| | Share capital £ |
|--|-----------------------|
| Balance at 1 January 2017 | 100 |
| Year ended 31 December 2017: | |
| Result and total comprehensive income for the year | - |
| Balance at 31 December 2017 | 100 |
| Year ended 31 December 2018: | |
| Result and total comprehensive income for the year | - |
| | |
| Balance at 31 December 2018 | 100 |
| | |

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Speechless Features Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 1 Central St. Giles, St. Giles High Street, London, WC2H 8NU.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

This company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 102, being a member of a group where the parent of that group prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements, including this company, which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the group. The company has therefore taken advantage of exemptions from the following disclosure requirements:

- Section 4 'Statement of Financial Position' Reconciliation of the opening and closing number of shares:
- Section 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' Presentation of a statement of cash flow and related notes and disclosures;
- Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instrument Issues' —
 Carrying amounts, interest income/expense and net gains/losses for each category of financial
 instrument; basis of determining fair values; details of collateral, loan defaults or breaches,
 details of hedges, hedging fair value changes recognised in profit or loss and in other
 comprehensive income;
- amount of liabilities for cash-settled share-based payments, explanation of modifications to arrangements;
- Section 33 'Related Party Disclosures' Compensation for key management personnel. The company has taken advantage of Section 33.1(a) of FRS 102 from disclosing transactions between two or more members of a group, where any subsidiary undertaking which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by a member of that group.

Further details about the group structure and published consolidated accounts can be found in note 10.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2018

1 Accounting policies (continued)

1.3 Turnover

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Value of work done in respect of long-term contracts and contract for on-going services is determined by reference to stage of completion.

1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2018

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including debt instruments that do not meet the definition of a basic financial instrument, are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss in finance costs or finance income as appropriate, unless hedge accounting is applied and the hedge is a cash flow hedge.

Debt instruments may be designated as being measured at fair value though profit or loss to eliminate or reduce an accounting mismatch or if the instruments are measured and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2018

2 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Turnover and other revenue

An analysis of the company's turnover is as follows:

| | | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|--|--------|-------|
| | | £ | £ |
| | Turnover analysed by class of business | | |
| | Sale of rights | 11,591 | 3,577 |
| | | | |
| | | 2018 | 2017 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Turnover analysed by geographical market | | |
| | United States of America | 11,591 | 3,577 |
| | | ==== | |
| 4 | Operating profit | | |
| | | 2018 | 2017 |
| | Operating profit for the year is stated after charging: | £ | £ |
| | Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's | | |
| | financial statements | 1,493 | 3,000 |
| | Fees payable to the company's auditor for non-audit services | 500 | 500 |
| | | | |

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2018

| 5 | Debtors | | 2040 | 2047 |
|---|--|-------|------------|---------|
| | Amazonta fallina dos coisteis anacesas | | 2018 | 2017 |
| | Amounts falling due within one year: | | £ | £ |
| | Amounts owed by group undertakings | | 5,333 | - |
| | Other debtors . | | 732 | 1,573 |
| | | • | 6,065 | 1,573 |
| | | | ===== | ==== |
| 6 | Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | | | |
| Ü | creditors. amounts faming due within one year | | 2018 | 2017 |
| | | Notes | £ | £ |
| | Bank loans and overdrafts | 7 | - | 86 |
| | Trade creditors | | 4,353 | - |
| | Amounts owed to group undertakings | | 144,474 | 142,959 |
| | Other creditors | | - | 4,241 |
| | Accruals and deferred income | | 3,500 | 3,500 |
| | | | 152,327 | 150,786 |
| | | | | |
| 7 | Loans and overdrafts | | | |
| | | | 2018 | 2017 |
| | | | · £ | £ |
| | Bank overdrafts | | - | 86 |
| | | | | |
| | Payable within one year | | - | 86 |
| | , , | | | |
| 8 | Share capital | | | |
| | | | 2018 | 2017 |
| | | | £ | £ |
| | Ordinary share capital | | | |
| | Issued and fully paid | | | |
| | 100 Ordinary shares of £1 each | | 100 | 100 |

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2018

9 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under paragraph 33.1a of FRS 102 from disclosing transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, where any subsidiary undertaking which is a party to the transactions is wholly owned by a member of that group.

10 Ultimate controlling party

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Working Title Films Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. Working Title Films Limited is a subsidiary in the NBCUniversal Media LLC group.

The smallest group in which the results of the company will be consolidated is that headed by NBCUniversal Media LLC, a company incorporated in the United States of America. The largest group in which the results of the company will be consolidated is that headed by its ultimate parent undertaking, Comcast Corporation, a company incorporated in the United States of America. The consolidated financial statements for both these companies are available to the public and may be obtained from 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, New York 10112-0002, USA and One Comcast Center, 1701 John F Kennedy Blvd, 47th Floor, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103-2838, USA or at www.comcast.com respectively.