The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of **Receipts and Payments** Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986

S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use

Company Number

02831995

Name of Company

Computabyte Limited

1/We Jonathan Law Third Floor Goldsmiths House Broad Plain Bristol BS2 0JP

John C Sallabank Third Floor Goldsmiths House Broad Plain Bristol BS2 0JP

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

Date 2 9 FEB 2012

For Official Use

Harrisons Business Recovery and Insolvency Limited

Third Floor

Goldsmiths House

Broad Plain

Bristol

BS2 0JP

Ref COMPU/JL/JCS/HC/TW

Insolvency Sect

Post Room



A36

07/03/2012 **COMPANIES HOUSE**

Software Supplied by Turnkey Computer Technology Limited Glasgow

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company Computabyte Limited

Company Registered Number 02831995

State whether members' or

creditors' voluntary winding up Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up 24 February 2009

Date to which this statement is

brought down 23 February 2012

Name and Address of Liquidator

Jonathan Law John C Sallabank

Third Floor Third Floor

Goldsmiths House Goldsmiths House

Broad Plain
Bristol
BS2 0JP
BS2 0JP
Broad Plain
Bristol
Bristol

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor or contributory.
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's statement of account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations

Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amoun
		Brought Forward	91,444 16
31/08/2011 30/09/2011	RBS RBS	Bank Interest Gross Bank Interest Gross	5 90 5 10
14/10/2011	HM Revenue & Customs	Vat Control Account	2,843 50
31/10/2011	RBS	Bank Interest Gross	4 2
30/11/2011	RBS	Bank Interest Gross	06
30/12/2011	RBS	Bank Interest Gross	01
31/01/2012 13/02/2012	RBS HM Revenue & Customs	Bank Interest Gross Vat Control Account	0 1 350 9
			<u> </u>

Disbursemer	- 		
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
		Brought Forward	78,371 65
24/08/2011	Willis Limited	Insurance of Assets	5,930 64
24/08/2011	Willis Limited	Insurance of Assets	5,930 64
24/08/2011	Willis Limited	Insurance of Assets	1,007 38
25/08/2011	Harrisons		500 00
23/00/2011	Hallisons	Liquidator's Fee	100 00
00/00/0044	Danasa	VAT Receivable	II .
23/09/2011	Harrisons	Stationery & Postage	432 64
	\	VAT Receivable	86 53
23/09/2011	Harrisons	Storage Costs	72 00
		VAT Receivable	14 40
22/11/2011	Harrisons	Liquidator's Fee	1,250 00
		VAT Receivable	250 00
19/01/2012	Harrisons	Stationery & Postage	0 72
		VAT Receivable	0 14
19/01/2012	Harrisons	Storage Costs	72 00
19/01/2012	Hallisons	VAT Receivable	14 40
		Carried Forward	94,033 1

Analysis of balance

_	tal realisations tal disbursements		£ 94,654 84 94,033 14
		Balance £	621 70
Th	is balance is made up as follows		
1	Cash in hands of liquidator		0 00
2	Balance at bank		621 70
3	Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00
		£	
4	Amounts invested by liquidator	0 00	
	Less The cost of investments realised	0 00	
	Balance		0 00
5	Accrued Items		0 00
	Total Balance as shown above		621 70

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors including the holders of floating charges)

Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors

Floating charge holders

Preferential creditors

3,409 46
Unsecured creditors

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash 100 00 Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash 0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

None

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Closing procedures

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

6 months