Testday Limited Unaudited Financial Statements 31 March 2017



SAINT & CO

Chartered accountant 12/13 Church Street Whitehaven Cumbria CA28 7AY

Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2017

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Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2017

		2017	2016	
	Note	£	£	2010 £
Fixed assets		-	_	_
Tangible assets	6		368	511
Current assets				
Debtors	7	3,646		2,652
Cash at bank and in hand		43,969		51,597
		47,615		54,249
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(14,797)		(20,581)
Net current assets			32,818	33,668
Total assets less current liabilities			33,186	34,179
Net assets			33,186	34,179
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital			20	20
Profit and loss account			33,166	34,159
Members funds			33,186	34,179

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 March 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on .15.7....., and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr R Trving

Company registration number: 02827488

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Grike Cottage, Ennerdale Bridge, Cleator, Cumbria, CA23 3AS.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 April 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 11.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Significant judgements

There have been no judgements (apart from those involving estimations) made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and none that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

No accounting estimates or assumptions were made concerning the future. No key assumptions or other sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year were made.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises revenue earned. The charge payable by the customer on the amount of credit advanced is the company's revenue. It is included in the customers account balance at the inception of the instalment credit agreement and is recognised in the profit and loss account proportionately to collections received.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2017

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Equipment

20% straight line

4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the directors, amounted to 2 (2016: 2).

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2017

5.	Profit before taxation		
	Profit before taxation is stated after charging:	2017	2016
	Depreciation of tangible assets	£ 143 —	£ 143
6.	Tangible assets		
			Equipment £
	Cost At 1 Apr 2016 and 31 Mar 2017		3,378
	Depreciation At 1 April 2016 Charge for the year		2,867 143
	At 31 March 2017		3,010
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2017		368
	At 31 March 2016		511
7.	Debtors		
	Trade debtors	2017 £ 3,552	2016 £ 2,564
	Other debtors	3,646	2,652
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	Corporation tax Social security and other taxes Other creditors	2017 £ 10,450 3,063 1,284	2016 £ 11,451 2,677 6,453
		14,797	20,581

9. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

The directors were not advanced any amounts during the period.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2017

10. Related party transactions

No transactions with related parties were undertaken, other than disclosed in the notes above, such as are required to be disclosed under the FRS102 Section 1A.

11. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 April 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.