Company Registration No. 02826451 (England and Wales)

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL ADVISERS LIMITED

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 1 MARCH 2019

PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

SOMERBYS LIMITED
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
30 NELSON STREET
LEICESTER
LE1 7BA

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 1 MARCH 2019

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Debtors	5	115,443		396,018	
Cash at bank and in hand		133		27,514	
		115,576		423,532	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(201,711)		(347,470)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(86,135)		76,062
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		-		(86,808)
Net liabilities			(86,135)		(10,746)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		2		2
Profit and loss reserves					
- Distributable			(86,137)		(10,748)
Total equity			(86,135)		(10,746)

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial Period ended 1 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the Period in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 27 June 2019 and are signed on its behalf by:

S Hopkinson

Director

Company Registration No. 02826451

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 1 MARCH 2019

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Bankfield Financial Advisers Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 1 The Bulrushes, Boldon Business Park, Boldon Colliery, Tyne and Wear, UK, NE35 9PF.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

1.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 1 MARCH 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.5 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.6 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

1.7 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the Period was 7 (2018 - 7).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 1 MARCH 2019

Amortisation and impairment	0,000
At 1 April 2018 and 1 March 2019 Amortisation and impairment At 1 April 2018 and 1 March 2019 Carrying amount	
Amortisation and impairment At 1 April 2018 and 1 March 2019 Carrying amount	
At 1 April 2018 and 1 March 2019 Carrying amount),000
At 1 April 2018 and 1 March 2019 Carrying amount	0,000
ACT Match 2010	
At 31 March 2018	-
-	_
4 Tangible fixed assets	
Plant and machiner	y etc
	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2018 and 1 March 2019	7,764
Depreciation and impairment	
	7,764
Carrying amount At 1 March 2019	
At 1 Warch 2019	
At 31 March 2018	
-	_
5 Debtors 2019	2018
Amounts falling due within one year:	£
•	
•	
Corporation tax recoverable -	9,255
Other debtors 105,127 226	339
115,443 396	
	339

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 1 MARCH 2019

6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	·	2019	2018
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	-	42,902
	Trade creditors	2,114	10,657
	Other taxation and social security	1,138	1,041
	Other creditors	198,459	292,870
		201,711	347,470
7	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Other creditors	-	86,808
8	Called up share capital		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
		2	2

9 Directors' transactions

Advances or credits have been granted by the company to its directors as follows:

Mr NG Naik resigned as a director on 1 March 2019.

Description	% Rate Opening balance		AmountsAmounts repaidClosing balance advanced		
		£	£	£	£
N G Naik - Advance	-	10,615	103,119	(10,615)	103,119
		10,615	103,119	(10,615)	103,119

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.