# AFRICAN EXPLOSIVES INTERNATIONAL LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019



#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Directors

Miss J A Kirton (alternate director)

Mr J Human Mr R Fernandes

Secretary

St James's Corporate Services Limited

Company number

02767001

Registered office

Suite 31 Second Floor

107 Cheapside

London England EC2V 6DN

**Auditor** 

**Bruton Charles** 

The Coach House

**Greys Green Business Centre** 

Henley-on-Thames

Oxfordshire RG9 4QG

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#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

#### **Principal activities**

The company is an investment holding company. The Directors have the present intention of maintaining the business in its current form for the foreseeable future. The Group is involved in the manufacture and sale of explosives and explosives accessories.

#### **Directors**

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Miss J A Kirton (alternate director) Mr J Human Mr R Fernandes

#### Results and dividends

Dividends declared to the shareholders during the year amounted to \$10,277,144 (2018: \$14,505,496).

#### Auditor

Bruton Charles were appointed auditors to the company and in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that they be re-appointed will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

#### Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board

Mr R Fernandes Director

Date: 25-05-2020

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF AFRICAN EXPLOSIVES INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of African Explosives International Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2019 which comprise the profit and loss account, the statement of comprehensive income, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
  cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are
  prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF AFRICAN EXPLOSIVES INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies
  regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the directors' report and take
  advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Jonathan Lawrence-Archer (Senior Statutory Auditor)

awrenn.

for and on behalf of Bruton Charles

28-05-2020

**Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor** 

The Coach House Greys Green Business Centre Henley-on-Thames Oxfordshire RG9 4QG

# **PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

		2019	2018
	Notes	\$	\$
Administrative expenses		(231,780)	(149,291)
Income from shares in group undertakings	4	12,565,393	11,908,068
Profit before taxation		12,333,613	11,758,777
Tax on profit	5	(1,150,236)	(1,200,815)
Profit for the financial year		11,183,377	10,557,962
		Control of the Contro	

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	2019 \$	2018
Profit for the year	11,183,377	10,557,962
Other comprehensive income	<u>.</u>	
Total comprehensive income for the year	11,183,377	10,557,962

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

#### AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

		20	119	20	18
	Notes	\$	\$	\$	\$
Fixed assets					
Investments	7		12,062,233		9,615,218
Current assets					
Debtors	9	1,743,352		3,285,324	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(11,268,637)		(11,269,827)	
·	••			(**,===,==,	
Net current liabilities			(9,525,285)		(7,984,503)
Total assets less current liabilities			2,536,948		1,630,715
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	12		151		151
Profit and loss reserves			2,536,797		1,630,564
Total equity			2,536,948		1,630,715
			2,000,040		-,000,71

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on .....25-05-2020 .... and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr R Fernandes

Director

Company Registration No. 02767001

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

		Share capital	Profit and loss reserves	Total
	Notes	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 January 2018		151	5,578,098	5,578,249
Year ended 31 December 2018:				
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	10,557,962	10,557,962
Dividends	6	-	(14,505,496)	(14,505,496)
Balance at 31 December 2018		151	1,630,564	1,630,715
Year ended 31 December 2019:				
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	11,183,377	11,183,377
Dividends	6	-	(10,277,144)	(10,277,144)
Balance at 31 December 2019		151	2,536,797	2,536,948

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

African Explosives International Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Suite 31 Second Floor, 107 Cheapside, London, England, EC2V 6DN.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in dollars, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \$.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

This company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 102, being a member of a group where the parent of that group prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements, including this company, which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the group. The company has therefore taken advantage of exemptions from the following disclosure requirements:

- Section 4 'Statement of Financial Position' Reconciliation of the opening and closing number of shares;
- Section 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' Presentation of a statement of cash flow and related notes and disclosures:
- Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instrument Issues' —
  Carrying amounts, interest income/expense and net gains/losses for each category of financial
  instrument; basis of determining fair values; details of collateral, loan defaults or breaches, details of
  hedges, hedging fair value changes recognised in profit or loss and in other comprehensive income;
- Section 26 'Share based Payment' Share-based payment expense charged to profit or loss, reconciliation of opening and closing number and weighted average exercise price of share options, how the fair value of options granted was measured, measurement and carrying amount of liabilities for cash-settled share-based payments, explanation of modifications to arrangements;
- Section 33 'Related Party Disclosures' Compensation for key management personnel.

The financial statements of the company are consolidated in the financial statements of AECI Limited which is incorporated in the Republic of South Africa. These consolidated financial statements are available from its registered office, AECI Place, 24 The Woodlands, Woodlands Drive, Woodmead, Sandton, South Africa.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### 1.2 Going concern

The effects of the outbreak of COVID-19 in China in January 2020 and its rapid spread thereafter was identified as a new and serious concern. The World Health Organization declared the novel coronavirus COVID-19 outbreak to be a pandemic and this outbreak has created global uncertainty. The duration and extent of the impact on the Company's financial position, and those of its subsidiaries is also uncertain.

Owing to this uncertainty, it is difficult at this time to predict or quantify the potential impact on the Company in 2020. The extent to which the coronavirus impacts the company's subsidiary and fellow group companies results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information that may emerge concerning the severity of the coronavirus and the actions to contain the spread of the coronavirus or treat its impact, among others.

National lockdowns commenced in March 2020 in line with the COVID-19 pandemic mitigation measures announced by the various governments. Businesses which have been determined by those governments as essential to support its response to the pandemic are exempted from the lockdown measures. This company, as an investment holding company, that does not trade is not directly affected by these measures but is indirectly affected by the impact on its subsidiary and fellow group companies. The Board will continue to monitor the impact of COVID-19 on the affects on this Company's financial position.

The financial statements have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies, supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates. The directors are of the opinion that the Company has adequate resources to continue as a going concern in the foreseeable future. This is especially the case as the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of AECI Limited and can access support from AECI when required. The AECI Group has stress tested multiple solvency and liquidity scenarios with no loan covenants breached in any of those scenarios, has postponed its dividend payment which was due to be made on 6 April 2020 and has undrawn committed banking facilities of approximately ZAR 2.4 billion that will position AECI to remain well capitalised through these uncertain times.

#### 1.3 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

An associate is an entity, being neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture, in which the company holds a long-term interest and where the company has significant influence. The company considers that it has significant influence where it has the power to participate in the financial and operating decisions of the associate.

Entities in which the company has a long term interest and shares control under a contractual arrangement are classified as jointly controlled entities.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### 1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

#### 1.6 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than US dollars are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1	Accounting	a policies
	Account	4 DOUGLES

#### 1.7 Taxation

The tax charge disclosed in the financial statements represents the notional foreign withholding tax suffered on investment income received from overseas subsidiary companies which is in line with section 29.19 of FRS 102. There is no taxation in respect of trading as all income is derived from dividends from subsidiaries and associated undertakings.

#### 2 Operating loss

Operating loss for the year is stated after charging:	2019 \$	2018 \$
Exchange differences apart from those arising on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss	225,170	136,49 <del>6</del>
		***************************************

#### 3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

		2019 Number	2018 Number
		2	2
	The employees above represent the 2 directors who held office during the year.		
4	Interest receivable and similar income		
		2019 \$	2018 \$
	Income from fixed asset investments		
	Income from shares in group undertakings	12,565,393	11,908,068
	Investment income includes the following:		
	AECI Ghana Limited - Dividend	9,000,000	5,478,947
	AEL Zambia Plc - Dividend	3,065,393	5,679,121
	African Explosives (Tanzania) Limited - Dividend	500,000	750,000
	Total for the year	12,565,393	11,908,068

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

201	2019		Taxation
	\$		
4.000.04	4 440 070		Current tax
1,200,81	1,113,079		Foreign current tax on profits for the current period
			Deferred tax
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	37,157		Origination and reversal of timing differences
1,200,81	1,150,236		Total tax charge
the profit o	he year based or	he expected charge for th	The actual charge for the year can be reconciled loss and the standard rate of tax as follows:
201	2019 \$		
11,758,77	12,333,613		Profit before taxation
		rporation tax in South	Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of
3,292,45	3,453,412		Africa of 28.00% (2018: 28.00%)
4 000 04	37,157		Deferred tax adjustments in respect of prior years
1,200,81	1,113,079		Withholding tax paid Foreign dividends income not subject to UK tax
(3,334,25) 41,80	(3,518,310) 64,898	•	Tax losses not recognised - management expense
71,00			Tax 10000 Not 1000g Note Management expense
1,200,81	1,150,236		Taxation charge for the year
thorities ha			African Explosives International Limited is a Sorrecognised this status and has confirmed that it is e
	ax.		
thorities had			recognised this status and has confirmed that it is e
201	2019		recognised this status and has confirmed that it is e
<b>201</b> 1	2019 \$		recognised this status and has confirmed that it is e
<b>201</b> 1	2019 \$		recognised this status and has confirmed that it is e Dividends Interim paid
201; 14,505,496 201;	2019 \$ 10,277,144 2019	mpt from UK corporation to	recognised this status and has confirmed that it is e Dividends Interim paid
2016 14,505,490 2016	2019 \$ 10,277,144 2019	mpt from UK corporation to	recognised this status and has confirmed that it is end of the

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

#### 7 Fixed asset investments

#### Fixed asset investments not carried at market value

The investments in subsidiaries above are represented by the cost of shares in the following:

100% shareholding in AECI Ghana Limited. Ordinary shares, company is incorporated in Ghana.
75% shareholding in AEL Zambia PLC. Ordinary shares, company is incorporated in Zambia.
50% shareholding in African Explosives (Tanzania) Limited. Ordinary shares, company is incorporated in Tanzania.

The above loans to group companies represent an equity loan to AECI Mauritius Ltd, a fellow group subsidiary company, which was interest free, unsecured and is effectively repayable on demand. During the previous year this was disclosed as an inter-group loan repayable within one year.

#### Movements in fixed asset investments

	Shares in group undertakings and participating interests	Loans to group undertakings and participating interests	Total
	\$	· \$	\$
Cost or valuation			
At 1 January 2019	9,615,218	-	9,615,218
Re-classification	·	2,447,015	2,447,015
At 31 December 2019	9,615,218	2,447,015	12,062,233
Carrying amount			
At 31 December 2019	9,615,218	2,447,015	12,062,233
At 31 December 2018	9,615,218	-	9,615,218

#### 8 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 31 December 2019 are as follows:

	Name of undertaking	Registered office	Class of shares held	% Held Direct
	AECI Ghana imited	Ghana	Ordinary \$100 shares	100.00
	AEL Zambia Pic	Zambia	Ordinary ZMW0.01 shares	75.00
9	Debtors		2019	2049
	Amounts falling due within one year	:	\$	2018 \$
	Amounts owed by group undertakings		1,743,352 3,	248,167

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

9	Debtors (continued)		
	Amounts falling due after more than one year:	2019 \$	2018 \$
	Amounts failing due after more than one year.	4	•
	Deferred tax asset (note 11)	**************************************	37,157
	Total debtors	1,743,352	3,285,324
10	Creditors: amounts failing due within one year		
•	Oregitors, amounts raining due within one year	<b>2019</b> \$ -	2018 \$
	Amounts owed to group undertakings Accruals and deferred income	11,259,877 8,760	11,259,877 9,950
		11,268,637	11,269,827
11	Deferred taxation		
11	Deferred taxation  The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognisthereon:	sed by the company and	d movements
11	The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognit	Assets	Assets
11	The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognit		
11	The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognisthereon:	Assets 2019	Assets 2018
11	The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognisthereon:  Balances:	Assets 2019	Assets 2018
11	The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognisthereon:  Balances: Tax losses	Assets 2019	Assets 2018 \$ 37,157 2019 \$
11	The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognist thereon:  Balances: Tax losses  Movements in the year:	Assets 2019	Assets 2018 \$ 37,157 2019
11	The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognist thereon:  Balances: Tax losses  Movements in the year: Asset at 1 January 2019	Assets 2019	Assets 2018 \$ 37,157 2019 \$ (37,157)
11	The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognist thereon:  Balances:  Tax losses  Movements in the year:  Asset at 1 January 2019 Charge to profit or loss	Assets 2019	Assets 2018 \$ 37,157 2019 \$ (37,157)
11	The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognist thereon:  Balances:  Tax losses  Movements in the year:  Asset at 1 January 2019 Charge to profit or loss	Assets 2019 \$	Assets 2018 \$ 37,157 2019 \$ (37,157) 37,157
	The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognist thereon:  Balances: Tax losses  Movements in the year: Asset at 1 January 2019 Charge to profit or loss Liability at 31 December 2019	Assets 2019 \$	Assets 2018 \$ 37,157 2019 \$ (37,157) 37,157

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

#### 13 Events after the reporting date

No events after the reporting date occurred that may give rise to further disclosures on reported figures. The outbreak of COVID\_19 and subsequent declaration as a pandemic by the World Health organisation has created global uncertainty. These circumstances arose after 31 December 2019, and is a non-adjusting subsequent event, but is expected to impact the world economy. At this stage, the impact on the Company's future performance is uncertain and depending on the extent and severity of the pandemic, there may be an impact on the Company's accounting estimates in future periods.

#### 14 Ultimate controlling party

The immediate parent company is African Explosive Holdings (Proprietary) Limited, a company which is incorporated in the Republic of South Africa and which owns 100% of the issued share capital of the group headed by African Explosives International Limited. There are no group accounts for African Explosives Holdings (Proprietary) Limited because it is 100% held by AEL Mining Services, a company which is 100% held by AECI Mining Solutions.

The ultimate parent company is AECI Limited which is incorporated in the Republic of South Africa. Group accounts can be obtained from AECI Place, 24 The Woodlands, Woodlands Drive, Woodmead, Sandton, South Africa or from Companies House in Cardiff.