

Company Information

Directors D Hail

K Hail

Company number 02763763

Registered office John Loftus House

Summer Road Thames Ditton Surrey KT7 0QQ

Accountants Kingston Smith LLP

Charlotte Building 17 Gresse Street

London W1T 1QL

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Balance Sheet

As at 28 February 2018

| | | 2018 | | 2017 | |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| | Notes | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Fixed assets | | | | | |
| Tangible assets | 3 | | 14,394 | | 22,760 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Debtors | 4 | 300,647 | | 776,975 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 1,556,111 | | 2,399,859 | |
| | | 1,856,758 | | 3,176,834 | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within | | | | | |
| one year | 5 | (600,591) | | (2,056,912) | |
| Net current assets | | | 1,256,167 | | 1,119,922 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | | 1,270,561 | | 1,142,682 |
| | | | | | |
| Capital and reserves | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | 6 | | 150 | | 150 |
| Other reserve | | | 50 | | 50 |
| Profit and loss reserves | | | 1,270,361 | | 1,142,482 |
| Total equity | | | 1,270,561 | | 1,142,682 |
| | | | | | |

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 28 February 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 28 November 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

D Hail

Director

Company Registration No. 02763763

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 28 February 2018

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Serac Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is John Loftus House, Summer Road, Thames Ditton, Surrey, KT7 0QQ.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest pound.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts and settlement discounts.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment 5 - 7 years
Computer equipment 4 years
Motor vehicles 4 years

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.5 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended 28 February 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Financial instruments

The company only has basic financial instruments measured at amortised cost, with no financial instruments classified as other or basic instruments measured at fair value.

1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

1.9 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.10 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.11 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

1.12 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation are included in the profit and loss account for the period.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended 28 February 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.13 Revenue recognition

Fee income represents revenue earned under a wide variety of contracts to provide consultancy services. Revenue is recognised as earned when, and to the extent that, the firm obtains the right to consideration in exchange for its performance under these contracts. It is measured at the fair value of the right to consideration, which represents amounts chargeable to clients, including expenses and disbursements but excluding value added tax

Revenue is generally recognised as contract activity progresses so that for incomplete contracts it reflects the partial performance of the contractual obligations. For such contracts the amount of revenue reflects the accrual of the right to consideration by reference to the value of work performed. Revenue not billed to clients is included in debtors and payments on account in excess of the relevant amount of revenue are included in creditors.

Fee income that is contingent on events outside the control of the firm is recognised when the contingent event occurs.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 5 (2017: 5)

3 Tangible fixed assets

| - | Fixtures, fittings & equipment | Computer Motor vehicles equipment | | Total | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|----------|--|
| | £ | £ | £ | £ | |
| Cost | | | | | |
| At 1 March 2017 | 48,796 | 118,510 | 45,790 | 213,096 | |
| Additions | 671 | 183 | - | 854 | |
| Disposals | - | (22,326) | - | (22,326) | |
| At 28 February 2018 | 49,467 | 96,367 | 45,790 | 191,624 | |
| Depreciation and impairment | | | | | |
| At 1 March 2017 | 45,300 | 99,247 | 45,789 | 190,336 | |
| Depreciation charged in the year | 1,172 | 8,040 | - | 9,212 | |
| Eliminated in respect of disposals | - | (22,318) | - | (22,318) | |
| At 28 February 2018 | 46,472 | 84,969 | 45,789 | 177,230 | |
| Carrying amount | | | | | |
| At 28 February 2018 | 2,995 | 11,398 | 1 | 14,394 | |
| At 28 February 2017 | 3,496 | 19,263 | 1 | 22,760 | |
| | | | | | |

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended 28 February 2018

| 4 | Debtors | | |
|---|--|-------------|-----------|
| • | | 2018 | 2017 |
| | Amounts falling due within one year: | £ | £ |
| | Trade debtors | 122,429 | 663,470 |
| | Other debtors | 178,218 | 113,505 |
| | | 300,647 | 776,975 |
| | | | |
| 5 | Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 2018 | 2017 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Trade creditors | 62,474 | 119,834 |
| | Corporation tax | 173,166 | 243,505 |
| | Other taxation and social security | 12,764 | 12,914 |
| | Other creditors | 352,187 | 1,680,659 |
| | | 600,591 | 2,056,912 |
| | | | |
| 6 | Called up share capital | | |
| | | 2018 | 2017 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Issued and fully paid | 450 | 450 |
| | 15,000 Ordinary shares of 1p each | 150 | 150 |

7 Related party transactions

Included within other creditors is a balance due to D Hail, a director, amounting to £43,222 (2017: £34,665). During the year to 28 February 2018, the company paid D Hail, a director, £600,000 (2017: £800,000) in respect of dividends.

During the year the company recharged costs of £17,994 to Serac Healthcare Limited, a company with a common director. At the year end Serac Healthcare Limited owed the company £21,593, this amount is included in trade debtors.

During the year the company recharged costs of £9,014 to Serac Imaging Systems Limited, a company with a common director. At the year end Serac Imaging Systems Limited owed the company £10,817, this amount is included in trade debtors.

During the year the company recharged costs of £7,923 to Serac Life Sciences Limited, a company with a common director. At the year end Serac Life Sciences Limited owed the company £9,508, this amount is included in trade debtors.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.