Abbreviated accounts

for the year ended 30 November 2004

AD9119EK

COMPANIES HOUSE

0326 07/10/05

Contents

	Page
Abbreviated balance sheet	1 - 2
Notes to the financial statements	3 - 5

Abbreviated balance sheet as at 30 November 2004

	2004		2003		
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		170,770		186,457
Investments	2		16,296		12,713
			187,066		199,170
Current assets					
Debtors		170		205	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,510		1,322	
		2,680		1,527	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	3	(8,351)		(43,301)	
Net current liabilities			(5,671)	"	(41,774)
Total assets less current					
liabilities			181,395		157,396
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	4		(42,420)		(42,420)
Net assets			138,975		114,976
Capital and reserves			<u>==</u> ===		
Called up share capital	6		100		100
Revaluation reserve			105,950		90,950
Profit and loss account			32,925		23,926
Shareholders' funds			138,975		114,976
					

The directors' statements required by Section 249B(4) are shown on the following page which forms part of this Balance Sheet.

Abbreviated balance sheet (continued)

Directors' statements required by Section 249B(4) for the year ended 30 November 2004

In approving these abbreviated accounts as directors of the company we hereby confirm:

- (a) that for the year stated above the company was entitled to the exemption conferred by Section 249A(1) of the Companies Act 1985;
- (b) that no notice has been deposited at the registered office of the company pursuant to Section 249B(2) requesting that an audit be conducted for the year ended 30 November 2004 and
- (c) that we acknowledge our responsibilities for:
- (1) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Section 221, and
- (2) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the year then ended in accordance with the requirements of Section 226 and which otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts are prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

The abbreviated accounts were approved by the Board on 30 September 2005 and signed on its behalf by

Y M Tucker X J. M. The Director

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2004

1. Accounting policies

1.1. Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective June 2002).

1.2. Turnover

Turnover represents the total value of rents received during the year.

1.3. Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Land and buildings

no provision

Fixtures, fittings

and equipment

25% Straight Line

1.4. Investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for permanent diminution in value.

1.5. Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold;

Provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable;

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2004

..... continued

2.	Fixed assets	Tangible fixed assets £	Investments £	Total £
	Cost/revaluation			
	At 1 December 2003	188,715	13,902	202,617
	Additions	-	3,208	3,208
	Revaluation	20,000	-	20,000
	Disposals	(35,000)	-	(35,000)
	At 30 November 2004	173,715	17,110	190,825
	Depreciation and			
	Provision for			
	diminution in value			
	At 1 December 2003	2,258	1,189	3,447
	Charge for year and movement	687	(375)	312
	At 30 November 2004	2,945	814	3,759
	Net book values		<u></u>	
	At 30 November 2004	170,770	16,296	187,066
	At 30 November 2003	186,457	12,713	199,170
3.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2004 £	2003 £
	Creditors include the following:			
	Secured creditors		-	***************************************
4.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		2004 £	2003 £
	Creditors include the following:			
	Instalments repayable after more than five years		42,420	42,420
	Secured creditors		42,420	42,420

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2004

continued		

5. Provision for deferred taxation

No provision has been made for taxation that would be payable if the freehold investment properties of the company were to be sold for their revalued book amounts. The maximum amount not provided at 30th November 2004 amounted to £15,915 (2003 - £12,588).

6.	Share capital	2004	2003
	-	£	£
	Authorised		
	2,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2,000	2,000
	10 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m		
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
			

7. Departure from Companies Act Requirements

The accounts have been prepared incorporating the requirements of SSAP 19, which require Investment Properties to be included at open market value. This is a departure from the Companies Act 1985 which requires that depreciation is applied to all fixed assets. The departure is necessary to ensure that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the year end and of its profit for the year.