Registered number: 02763690

GROSVENOR FABRICATIONS LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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GROSVENOR FABRICATIONS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 02763690

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Note		2017 £		2016 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		20,630		12,430
		_	20,630	_	12,430
Current assets					
Stocks	5	211,334		230,584	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	96,952		128,478	
Cash at bank and in hand	7	107,775		44,907	
	-	416,061	_	403,969	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(310,974)		(330,116)	
Net current assets	_		105,087		73,853
Total assets less current liabilities			125,717		86,283
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9		(8,333)		(25,000)
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax			(2,411)		(226)
Net assets		_	114,973	_	61,057
Capital and reserves		_			
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			114,873		60,957
		<u> </u>	114,973	_	61,057

The Directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

GROSVENOR FABRICATIONS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 02763690

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 25/07/2018 and were signed on its behalf.

S C Hayter

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1. General information

Grosvenor Fabrications Limited, registration number 02763690, is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered at the address shown on the Company Information page. The Company's place of business address is Unit H, Woodside Suite 15-16, Peek Business Centre, Dunmow Road, Bishop's Stortford, Hertfordshire CM23 5RG.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006 (FRS 102).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue from the sale of goods is recognised:

- · the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant & machinery - 15% straight line
Motor vehicles - 20% straight line
Fixtures & fittings - 15% straight line
Other fixed assets - 33% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a weighted average basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.7 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

2.8 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.9 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.10 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.11 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term, unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the lessee's benefit from the use of the leased asset.

The Company has taken advantage of the optional exemption available on transition to FRS 102 which allows lease incentives on leases entered into before the date of transition to the standard 01 January 2016 to continue to be charged over the period to the first market rent review rather than the term of the lease.

2.12 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance Sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance Sheet.

2.13 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

3. Employees

Staff costs, including Directors' remuneration, were as follows:

The average monthly number of employees, including Directors, during the year was 9 (2016 - 7).

4. Tangible fixed assets

ation 2017 ber 2017 - 2017 e year on owned ber 2017 - ue ber 2017 - ber 2016	11,348 6,090 17,438 9,515 712 10,227	45,445 - 45,445 34,848 3,830 38,678	8,221 6,946 15,167 8,221 294 8,515	16,003 - 16,003 - 16,003	81,017 13,036 94,053 68,587 4,836 73,423
ber 2017 2017 e year on owned ber 2017 ue ber 2017	9,515 712 10,227	34,848 3,830 38,678	6,946 15,167 8,221 294 8,515	16,003 16,003	13,036 94,053 68,587 4,836 73,423
2017 e year on owned ber 2017 ue ber 2017	9,515 712 10,227	34,848 3,830 38,678	15,167 8,221 294 8,515	16,003	94,053 68,587 4,836 73,423
2017 e year on owned ber 2017 ue ber 2017	9,515 712 10,227	34,848 3,830 38,678	8,221 294 8,515	16,003	68,587 4,836 73,423
2017 e year on owned ber 2017 ue ber 2017	712 10,227	3,830	8,515 -		4,836 73,423
e year on owned ber 2017 ue ber 2017 =	712 10,227	3,830	8,515 -		4,836 73,423
ber 2017 — ue ber 2017 —	10,227	38,678	8,515	16,003	73,423
ue ber 2017 =				16,003	
ber 2017 =	7,211	6,767	6,652	-	20 630
=	7,211 ————	6,767	6,652	-	20 630
her 2016					
=	1,833	10,597	-	-	12,430
•				2017 £	2016 £
ds and goods for re	esale			211,334	230,584
				2017 £	2016 £
S ·				74,470	111,716
3				5,821	8,321
والمستمول المسام	me			16,661	8,441
and accrued inco				96,952	128,478
	s s and accrued inco		6	5	£ 5,821 and accrued income 16,661

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

6. Debtors (continued)

7.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	107,775	44,907
	·		
8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		-
•		2017 £	2016 £
	Trade creditors	146,651	152,648
	Amounts owed to associates	16,667	16,667
	Corporation tax	34,269	31,933
	Other taxation and social security	24,860	54,065
	Other creditors	88,527	74,803
		310,974	330,116
9.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	2047	2046
	•	2017 £	2016 £
	Amounts owed to associates	8,333	25,000
10.	Deferred taxation		
		2017 £	2016 £
	At beginning of year	(226)	222
	Charged to profit or loss	(2,185)	(448)
	At end of year	(2,411)	(226)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

10. Deferred taxation (continued)

The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:

	2017 £	2016 £
Accelerated capital allowances	(2,411)	(226)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

11. Share capital

12.

	2017 £	2016 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid	L	~
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Related party transactions		
Transactions with related parties in the year were as follows:		
	2017	2016
	£	£
Director's loan accounts		
Balance owed to directors brought forward Capital added	64,125 8,583	68,375 90,000
Amount repaid	(48,583)	(94,250)
Balance owed to directors at year end	24,125	64,125
Director's dividends paid in the year	98,160	98,160
Sales - Lime Grove Developments Limited	-	-
Sales during the year	15,357	3,546
Balance at year end	-	-
Loans - Lime Grove Developments Limited Balance brought forward	41,667	-
Capital added	- (40.007)	50,000
Amount repaid	(16,667)	(8,333)
Balance at year end	25,000	41,667

Lime Grove Developments Limited is a company under common control.