

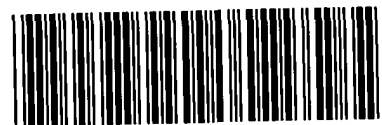
Registered number
02763686

Worldwide Trade And Marketing Limited

Filleted Accounts

30 November 2017

THURSDAY



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19/07/2018
COMPANIES HOUSE

Worldwide Trade And Marketing Limited**Registered number: 02763686****Balance Sheet****as at 30 November 2017**

	Notes	2017 £	2016 £
Current assets			
Cash at bank and in hand	2,455	3,705	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	3 (4,482)	(4,537)	
Net current liabilities		(2,027)	(832)
Net liabilities		(2,027)	(832)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	100	100	
Profit and loss account	(2,127)	(932)	
Shareholders' funds		(2,027)	(832)

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.



Al-Ghazali Yusuf Fadi Hasan

Director

Approved by the board on 9 July 2018

Worldwide Trade And Marketing Limited
Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 30 November 2017

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Worldwide Trade And Marketing Limited
Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 30 November 2017

2 Debtors	2017	2016
	£	£
Trade debtors	-	900
Bad debt provision	-	(900)
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

3 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2017	2016
	£	£
Accruals	350	420
Director's Current Account	4,132	4,117
	<u>4,482</u>	<u>4,537</u>

4 Related party transactions

The directors Mr Al-G.Y.F Hassan & Ms A.O.G.AKariem director's account balance at the year end was £4,132 (£4,117 - 2016) in credit. This account has always remained in credit.

5 Controlling party

The company is controlled jointly by Ms Amira Omer Gorani Abdel Kariem and Mr Al-Ghazali Yusuf Fadl Hasan by virtue of owning 50% each of the issued share capital.

6 Other information

Worldwide Trade And Marketing Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:
42 Brompton Road
Kingsbury
London
NW9 9BU

7 Going Concern

The directors has reviewed a period of 12 months from approval of these financial statements and concluded the company is able to meet all its liabilities as they fall due. As a result it is appropriate to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis.