Registration number: 02762335

# D.F.J. Automotive Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2018

Crossley & Davis Ground Floor Seneca House, Links Point Amy Johnson Way Blackpool FY4 2FF

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## **Company Information**

**Director** Mr Francis Luke Watson

Company secretary Michael Frank Parkin

Registered office Unit 55

Roman Way Preston Lancashire PR2 5BE

Accountants Crossley & Davis

Ground Floor Seneca House,

Links Point Amy Johnson Way

Blackpool FY4 2FF

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In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of D.F.J. Automotive Limited for the year ended 30 June 2018 as set out on pages  $\underline{3}$  to  $\underline{9}$  from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of D.F.J. Automotive Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of D.F.J. Automotive Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of D.F.J. Automotive Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than D.F.J. Automotive Limited and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that D.F.J. Automotive Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of D.F.J. Automotive Limited. You consider that D.F.J. Automotive Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of D.F.J. Automotive Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

Crossley & Davis Ground Floor Seneca House, Links Point Amy Johnson Way Blackpool FY4 2FF

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5 February 2019

(Registration number: 02762335)
Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	1,592	1,270
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	86,311	107,072
Debtors	<u>6</u>	206,387	254,175
Cash at bank and in hand		24,156	28,315
		316,854	389,562
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(291,119)	(371,276)
Net current assets		25,735	18,286
Net assets	_	27,327	19,556
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		3,000	3,000
Profit and loss account		24,327	16,556
Total equity	_	27,327	19,556

For the financial year ending 30 June 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages  $\frac{5}{2}$  to  $\frac{9}{2}$  form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 3

(Registration number: 02762335) Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2018

Approved and authorised	by the director on 5 February 2019
Mr Francis Luke Watson Director	
	The notes on pages 5 to 9 form an integral part of these financial statements Page 4

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2018

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: Unit 55 Roman Way Preston Lancashire PR2 5BE

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 5 February 2019.

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts. The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2018

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Plant and machinery
Furniture and fittings
Motor vehicles

Depreciation method and rate 12.5% to 33.3% reducing balance 15% reducing balance 25% reducing balance

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2018

#### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 7 (2017 - 7).

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2018

## 4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Other property, plant and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 July 2017	12,581	64,801	77,382
Additions		721	721
At 30 June 2018	12,581	65,522	78,103
Depreciation			
At 1 July 2017	12,345	63,767	76,112
Charge for the year	35	364	399
At 30 June 2018	12,380	64,131	76,511
Carrying amount			
At 30 June 2018	201	1,391	1,592
At 30 June 2017	236	1,034	1,270

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £Nil (2017 - £Nil) in respect of long leasehold land and buildings.

## 5 Stocks

J Stocks	2018 £	2017 £
Other inventories	86,311	107,072
6 Debtors		
	2018 £	2017 £
	r	r
Trade debtors	189,921	216,687
Prepayments	5,901	30,085
Other debtors	10,565	7,403
	206,387	254,175

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2018

## 7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

creators amounts taking due walkin one year	2018 £	2017 £
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	85,508	128,281
Taxation and social security	71,819	68,454
Accruals and deferred income	116,738	130,526
Other creditors	17,054	44,015
	291,119	371,276

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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.