Aircare Compressor Services Limited

Report and Unaudited Accounts

31 March 2018

Aircare Compressor Services Limited

Registered number: 02648531

Balance Sheet

as at 31 March 2018

No	tes		2018		2017
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		247,339		271,584
Investments	4		50		50
			247,389	-	271,634
Current assets					
Stocks		35,000		38,105	
Debtors	5	526,443		416,550	
Cash at bank and in hand		413,953		385,618	
		975,396		840,273	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	6	(372,952)		(450,731)	
Net current assets			602,444		389,542
Total assets less current liabilities			849,833	-	661,176
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		(16,859)		(40,934)
Provisions for liabilities			(14,111)		(17,810)
Net assets			818,863	-	602,432
				-	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			9		9
Profit and loss account			818,854		602,423
Shareholders' funds			818,863	-	602,432

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mrs W J Hayward
Director
Approved by the board on 5 July 2018

Aircare Compressor Services Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2018

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Tools & equipment 20% reducing balance
Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance
Land and buildings 2% reducing balance

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value. Unlisted investments are measured at fair value unless the value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Changes in fair value are included in the profit and loss account.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans

and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2018	2017
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	17	17

3 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Tools & equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 April 2017	235,479	100,354	135,381	471,214
Additions	-	6,786	-	6,786
Disposals	-	(1,900)	(30,404)	(32,304)

At 31 March 2018	235,479	105,240	104,977	445,696
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2017	59,418	74,080	66,132	199,630
Charge for the year	3,521	4,915	16,162	24,598
On disposals	-	(1,581)	(24,290)	(25,871)
At 31 March 2018	62,939	77,414	58,004	198,357
Net book value				
At 31 March 2018	172,540	27,826	46,973	247,339
At 31 March 2017	176,061	26,274	69,249	271,584
Investments				
	lnv	estments in		
		subsidiary	Other	
	u	ndertakings	investments	Total
		£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 April 2017		-	50	50
Additions		50	-	50
Disposals		-	(50)	(50)
At 31 March 2018	_	50	-	50
Debtors			2018	2017
			£	£
Trade debtors			481,202	387,856
Amounts owed by group under		ngs in which		
the company has a participatin	g interest		15,000	-
Other debtors			30,241	28,694
			526,443	416,550
Creditors: amounts falling di	ue within one year		2018	2017
			£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts			-	20,000
Obligations under finance lease	e and hire purchase co	ontracts	7,107	17,634
Trade creditors			264,713	257,770
Taxation and social security co	ests		97,907	102,369
Other creditors			3,225	52,958
			372,952	450,731
Creditors: amounts falling d	ue after one year		2018	2017
			£	£

	Bank loans	-	4,450
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	-	4,993
	Directors' loans	16,859	31,491
		16,859	40,934
8	Other financial commitments	2018	2017
0	Other imancial communents		
		£	£
	Total future minimum payments under non-cancellable operating		
	leases	43,921	34,570
9	Related party transactions		
	Interest free loan from related party	16,859	31,491
	Director's remuneration	116,563	112,483
	Aircare (Corby) Limited		
	Company in which Aircare Compressor Services Limited owns 50% of the shares and in which B T Bennett and Mrs W Hayward are directors.		
	Sales made during the year	37,934	34,221
	Purchases made during the year	4,954	9,456
	Ledger balance due to the related party	873	323
	Ledger balance due from the related party	9,014	7,241
	Dividends receivable from related party	15,000	10,000
	Amounts due from related party	15,000	10,000

10 Controlling party

The company's controlling party was the director Mrs W J Hayward, owning two thirds of the issued share capital.

11 Other information

Aircare Compressor Services Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Glebe House

Crucible Road

Corby

Northants

NN17 1TS

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