Company Registration No. 02647929 (England and Wales)

ITHEALTH U.K. LTD

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

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ITHEALTH U.K. LTD

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

| | | 20 | 2021 | | 20 |
|---|-------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| | Notes | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Fixed assets | | | | | |
| Tangible assets | 4 | | 24,726 | | 30,189 |
| Investments | 5 | | 1 | | 1 |
| | | | 24,727 | | 30,190 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Stocks | | 4,467 | | 2,665 | |
| Debtors | 6 | 5,500,448 | | 3,891,450 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 2,604,093 | | 3,054,295 | |
| | | 8,109,008 | | 6,948,410 | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one | | | | | |
| year | 7 | (3,663,969) | | (2,541,117) | |
| Net current assets | | | 4,445,039 | | 4,407,293 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | | 4,469,766 | | 4,437,483 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year | 8 | | (1,201,212) | | (1,340,048 |
| Provisions for liabilities | | | (2,943) | | (1,709 |
| Net assets | | | 3,265,611 | | 3,095,726 |
| Capital and reserves | | | | | |
| Capital and reserves Called up share capital | | | 10,003 | | 10,003 |
| Profit and loss reserves | | | 3,255,608 | | 3,085,723 |
| Total equity | | | 3,265,611 | | 3,095,726 |

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 30 September 2022

B G Draper

Director

Company Registration No. 02647929

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

ITHealth U.K. Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 10 Churchill Park, Private Road No.2, Colwick, Nottingham, NG4 2HF.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover in respect of support contracts is recognised in equal instalments over the term of the contract, with the associated costs of each contract also being recognised over the same period.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery 20 % straight line basis
Fixtures, fittings & equipment 20 % - 33 % straight line basis
Motor vehicles 25 % reducing balance basis

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

1.6 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell.

1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and loans from fellow group companies are initially recognised at transaction price. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

1.8 Equity instruments

Share capital issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on share capital recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received

1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.12 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the director is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

(Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The estimates and assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are as follows.

Deferred income

Deferred income is calculated based on the length of the contract sold. There is a degree of judgement on the associated costs related to the income and proportion of the invoice that needs to be deferred.

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

| | | | | 2021 Number | 2020 Number |
|---|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|----------------|----------------|
| | Total | | | 14 | 14 |
| 4 | Tangible fixed assets | | | Motor vehicles | |
| | | Plant and ixt machinery | Plant and ixtures, fittings & machinery equipment | | Total |
| | | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| | Cost | | | | |
| | At 1 January 2021 | 25,160 | 266,640 | 24,898 | 316,698 |
| | Additions | - | 16,728 | - | 16,728 |
| | Disposals | | = | (13,000) | (13,000) |
| | At 31 December 2021 | 25,160 | 283,368 | 11,898 | 320,426 |
| | Depreciation and impairment | | | | |
| | At 1 January 2021 | 23,329 | 247,486 | 15,694 | 286,509 |
| | Depreciation charged in the year | 823 | 14,954 | 930 | 16,707 |
| | Eliminated in respect of disposals | - | - | (7,516) | (7,516) |
| | At 31 December 2021 | 24,152 | 262,440 | 9,108 | 295,700 |
| | Carrying amount | | | | |
| | At 31 December 2021 | 1,008 | 20,928 | 2,790 | 24,726 |
| | At 31 December 2020 | 1,831 | 19,154 | 9,204 | 30,189 |
| | | | | | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

| 5 | Fixed asset investments | | |
|---|---|-----------|-----------------|
| | | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Investment in subsidiary | 1 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Movements in fixed asset investments | | |
| | | | Investment in |
| | | | subsidiary £ |
| | Cost or valuation | | a |
| | At 1 January 2021 & 31 December 2021 | | 1 |
| | Carrying amount | | |
| | At 31 December 2021 | | 1 |
| | At 31 December 2020 | | 1 |
| | ACST December 2020 | | |
| 6 | Debtors | | |
| U | Debiols | 2021 | 2020 |
| | Amounts falling due within one year: | £ | £ |
| | Trade debtors | 2,659,695 | 1,155,878 |
| | Amounts owed by group undertakings | 2,225,236 | 2,225,236 |
| | Other debtors | 425,517 | 320,336 |
| | | 5,310,448 | 3,701,450 |
| | | | |
| | | 2021 | 2020 |
| | Amounts falling due after more than one year: | £ | £ |
| | Other debtors | 190,000 | 190,000 |
| | Cite decicio | | ==== |
| | T. () 1 1 (| 5 500 410 | 2.001.450 |
| | Total debtors | 5,500,448 | 3,891,450 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

| 7 | Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | | |
|---|---|-----------|-----------|
| | · · | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Trade creditors | 1,066,951 | 549,019 |
| | Amounts owed to group undertakings | 67,078 | 67,078 |
| | Corporation tax | 168,266 | 333,589 |
| | Other taxation and social security | 386,274 | 153,692 |
| | Other creditors | 1,975,400 | 1,437,739 |
| | | 3,663,969 | 2,541,117 |
| 8 | Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year | | |
| | | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Other creditors | 1,201,212 | 1,340,048 |
| | | | |

Section 4.7 of FRS 102 states that an entity shall classify a creditor as due within one year when the entity does not have an unconditional right, as at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

During the current period the director identified that other creditors included £1,201,212 (2020 - £1,340,048) which the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement until at least 12 months following the reporting period.

9 Audit report information

As the income statement has been omitted from the filing copy of the financial statements, the following information in relation to the audit report on the statutory financial statements is provided in accordance with s444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006:

The auditor's report was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was James Simmonds and the auditor was UHY Hacker Young.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

10 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

| 2021 | 2020 |
|--------|--------|
| £ | £ |
| 23,000 | 23,000 |

All operating lease commitments were due within one year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

11 Related party transactions

The premises in which ITHealth U.K. Ltd operates is owned by the pension scheme of the director.Rental costs of £23,000 (2020: £23,000) are included in the profit and loss account in respect of these premises.

12 Directors' transactions

| Description | % Rate | Opening balance | Amounts advanced | Amount Closing balance repaid | |
|------------------|--------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|---------|
| | | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Loan to director | - | 301,298 | 42,805 | (41,948) | 302,155 |
| | | 301,298 | 42,805 | (41,948) | 302,155 |

The balance owed from the director is included within other debtors.

13 Parent company

The ultimate parent company is Friar 137 Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office address is 10 Churchill Park, Colwick, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire, NG4 2HF.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.