**COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 02569855** 

# SOUTHERN CONSTRUCTION & SURFACING LIMITED Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 31 March 2018

# **SOUTHERN CONSTRUCTION & SURFACING LIMITED**

# **Statement of Financial Position**

#### 31 March 2018

	2018	2017	
Note	£	£	£
5		103,440	150,444
	190,668		4,248
6	190,698		470,931
	4		42,685
	381,370		517,864
7	259,664		364,965
		121,706	152,899
		225,146	303,343
ne			
8	3	41,0	<b>52</b> 77,377
		19,654	30,089
		164,440	195,877
			•••••
9		500	500
		163,940	195,377
		164,440	195,877
	5 6 7	Note £  5  190,668 6 190,698 4 381,370 7 259,664	Note £ £  5 103,440  190,668 6 190,698 4 381,370 7 259,664  121,706 225,146  ne 8 41,08  19,654 164,440 9 500 163,940

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

# **SOUTHERN CONSTRUCTION & SURFACING LIMITED**

# Statement of Financial Position (continued)

# 31 March 2018

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 18 December 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

K Barlow M T Blain
Director Director

Company registration number: 02569855

# SOUTHERN CONSTRUCTION & SURFACING LIMITED

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## Year ended 31 March 2018

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 5 The Chambers, Vineyard, Abingdon-on-Thames. The trading address is Hitchcopse Farm, Cothill Road, Cothill, Abingdon-on-Thames.

# 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. Accounting policies

# Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

# Revenue recognition

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts receivable for work undertaken during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. In the statement of financial position, bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings or current liabilities.

#### Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

#### **Taxation**

Tax on income represents the sum of tax currently payable and deferred tax. The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the note to the accounts because of items of that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using the tax rates that have been enacted or subsequently enacted by the end of the accounting period. Deferred tax arises as a result of including items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the company accounts. Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation to pay more (or less) tax at a future date, at the average tax rates that are expected to apply when timing differences reverse, based on current tax rates and laws. Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings.

#### Related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, a party is considered to be related to the Company if:

- (i) the party has the ability, directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, to control the Company or exercise significant influence over the Company in making financial and operating policy decisions, or has joint control over the Company;
- (ii) the Company and the party are subject to common control;
- (iii) the party is an associate of the Company or a joint venture in which the Company is a venturer;
- (iv) the party is a member of key management personnel of the Company or the Company's parent, or a close family member of such an individual, or is an entity under the control, joint control or significant influence of such individuals;
- (v) the party is a close family member of a party referred to in (i) or is an entity under the control, joint control or significant influence of such individuals; or
- (vi) the party is a post-employment benefit plan which is for the benefit of employees of the Company or of any entity that is a related party of the Company.

Close family members of an individual are those family members who it may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that individual in their dealings with the entity.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - 25% reducing balance

Motor vehicles - 25% reducing balance

Office equipment - 15% reducing balance

#### Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition. When stocks are sold, the carrying amount of those stocks is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of stocks to net realisable value and all losses of stocks are recognised as an expense in the period in which the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of stocks is recognised as a reduction in the amount of stocks recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

#### Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

# 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 5 (2017: 5).

## 5. Tangible assets

	Plant and	Office			
	machinery	Motor vehicles	equipment	Total	
	£	£	£	£	
Cost					
At 1 April 2017	169,261	119,950	32,184	321,395	
Disposals	( 26,456)	_	( 27,730)	( 54,186)	
At 31 March 2018	142,805		4,454	267,209	
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2017	98,088	47,800	25,063	170,951	
Charge for the year	15,563	18,037	469	34,069	
Disposals	( 17,523)	_	(23,728)	( 41,251)	
At 31 March 2018	96,128	65,837	1,804	163,769	
Carrying amount					
At 31 March 2018	46,677	54,113	2,650	103,440	
At 31 March 2017	71,173	72,150	7,121	150,444	

# Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Included within the carrying value of tangible assets are the following amounts relating to assets held under finance leases or hire purchase agreements:

	Plant and		
	machinery	Motor vehicle	es Total
	£		£
At 31 March 2018	36,990	54,11	
At 31 March 2017	49,321	72,15	50 121,471
6. Debtors			
		2018	2017
		£	£
Trade debtors		139,151	419,591
Other debtors		51,547	51,340
		190,698	470,931

# 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

•			2018	2017
			£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts			63,861	5,746
Trade creditors			62,612	156,484
Corporation tax			2,920	5,418
Social security and other taxes			6,901	57,015
Other creditors			123,370	140,302
			259,664	364,965
8. Creditors: amounts falling due after mo	re than one ye	ar	<del></del>	
			2018	2017
			£	£
Other creditors			41,052	77,377
9. Called up share capital Issued, called up and fully paid			<del></del>	<del></del>
,	2018		2017	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	500	500	500	500

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.