Directors' Report and Consolidated Financial Statements

31 December 1999

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International Art and Antique Loss Register Limited

Directors' report and consolidated financial statements

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CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

This has been an extremely successful year, demonstrated both in our financial results and in the position that the company has developed as the recognised central database for the art trade in relation to stolen art and due diligence before purchase. The investment that we have been making out of revenue in the last few years has been well justified and the results for 1999 show a profit of £281,076 [1998 – (£28,931)]. We completed the Repayment of the loan stock of £71,550 to shareholders. There was an increase in cash of £38,014 (1998 - £26,914 decrease) and the cash position in early 2000 was strong at £900,000. The net assets of the group at 31 December 1999 were £703,264 (1998 - £418,801).

The company made good progress on all fronts. Our partnership with the BVDG, the German Gallery Association has proved to be effective and we make steady progress in the rest of Europe establishing ourselves with the insurance industry, police, and art trade. In the USA we have signed an agreement with the Insurance Services Office (ISO) whereby we will be able to collect far larger volumes of data on stolen art and antiques then we have been able to obtain before and we are working on arrangements in other countries to systematise this collection with the insurance industry.

There has been an encouraging increase in the number of museums and dealers who are searching with us and the Maastricht Fine Art Fair has led the way in requiring the checking of our register of items before exhibition. We expect this trend to continue with other art fairs including Grosvenor House, Basle, and Zurich. We have committed to major capital expenditure to upgrade our systems to make them fully compatible with Internet searching, to improve our speed of response and our management and statistical data. We are developing our web site to provide general

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

marketing information and the full e-commerce credibility for self searching of the database under close control and with a full audit trail. We aim to increase our annual searches from 300,000 to 1 million over the next few years.

The highlight of the year was the recovery, after some 80 days of negotiation, of the Cézanne "Bouilloire et Fruits" stolen from a private owner in the USA in 1978 and subsequently sold at Sotheby's for £16.5 million. This was a classic example of the work of the Register in matching an item when it surfaced and then undertaking the complex negotiations in conjunction with the Police in different countries for its recovery.

We continue to develop the database for claimants in relation to the Holocaust and a new register of items held by museums with questionable provenance which need further research.

We are exploring a number of options in relation to the future development of the company, particularly in relation to the Internet which may involve partnerships, joint ventures or licence agreements, to exploit our unique position.

In line with our standard accounting practice, we carried forward into 2000 £389,000 of recovery income from the Cézanne and other cases which were invoiced in 1999 but not paid until 2000. The results for 2000 will benefit from this and the trading in the first six months of 2000 has been encouraging.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Thanks to nine years of dedicated effort by all our staff, we have achieved a company of considerable value to our shareholders and clients, the insurance industry, the art trade and the police with whom we co-operate closely. I am delighted that their hard work has been rewarded by such obvious success and we see no reason why that should not continue.

JULIAN RADCLIFFE

CHAIRMAN

13 July 2000

Directors' report

The directors present their annual report on the affairs of the Group and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1999.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Group during the year was to develop and operate an international register of stolen works of fine art. There is a subsidiary company in New York and in Germany.

Business review

The results of the Group for the year to 31 December 1999 and the state of the Group's affairs at that date are shown in the attached accounts. The result for the Group was a profit of £281,076 after taxation (1998 - £36,224 loss). A review of the year's activities is set out in the chairman's statement.

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (1998 - nil)

Directors and directors' interests

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

JGY Radcliffe (Chairman)

JB Emson

JM Linell (resigned 8 December 1999)

WRI Crewdson

F Feldman

PAT Davidson

C Wakeford (resigned 31 July 1999)

G Nott

PW Marx

R Tauber

JA Josephson

ACA Gribben

M Zuckerman (appointed 8 December 1999)

Directors' report

Directors' interests in the ordinary shares and loan stock of the company were as follows:

	Class of share and debenture	Interest at end of year	Interest at beginning of year
JGY Radcliffe	"B" Ordinary shares		
	of 0.5p each	1,645,603	1,645,603
	"B" Loan stock	Nil	11,108
PAT Davidson	"B" Ordinary shares		
	of 0.5p each	117,546	117,546
	"B" Loan stock	Nil	794
F Feldman	"B" Ordinary shares		
	of 0.5p each	37,522	37,522
R Tauber *	"B" Ordinary shares	31,322	37,322
	of 0.5p each	338,180	338,180

^{*} These shares are registered in the name of "The Register Partnership", a partnership of which R Tauber is a member.

Executive Share Option Scheme

	Class of share and debenture	Number of Options at 31.12.99	Number of Options at 31.12.98
JB Emson	"B" Ordinary shares of 0.5p each	237,000	237,000

Directors' report

Shareholders

A list of the shareholders of the Group at 31 December 1999 is as follows:

3i Group plc

Sotheby's

International Foundation for Art Research Inc.

Aon Corporation

Rosenthal Inc.

LLP Limited

Equifax Infolink Limited

Christie's International plc

Phillips Son & Neale

Axa Nordstern Allgemeine Versicherungs Aktiengesellschaft

JH Vaughn

PAT Davidson

JGY Radcliffe

Bonhams

CINOA

FIDOA

British Antique Dealers Association

Society of London Art Dealers (JA Partridge)

Society of Fine Art Auctioneers (C Weston)

Franklin Feldman

The Register Partnership

Directors' report

Auditors

In accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as auditors of the Group is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By order of the board

J.∕É. Pinchen

Secretary

12 Grosvenor Place London SW1X 7HH

13 July 2000

Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the auditors to the members of International Art and Antique Loss Register Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 11 to 29.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

The directors are responsible preparing the directors' report and, as described on page 8, the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and by our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared inaccordance with the Companies Act. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the finanacial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

BASIS OF OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Group's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Report of the auditors to the members of International Art and Antique Loss Register Limited

OPINION

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group as at 31 December 1999 and of the profit of the Group for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985

KPMG

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

24 July, 2000

Consolidated profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 1999

	Note	1999	1998
		£	£
Turnover		2,070,084	944,485
Administrative expenses		(1,748,521)	<u>(980,475)</u>
Operating profit/(loss)		321,563	(35,990)
Interest receivable and similar income	6	6,091	25,910
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(4,167)	(15,057)
Profit/ (loss) on ordinary activities before			
taxation		323,487	(25,137)
Taxation	8	(42,411)	(11,087)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities after			
taxation		281,076	(36,224)
Attributable to Minority Shareholders of			
Subsidiary Undertakings: equity	21	-	7,293
Profit/(loss) attributable to Shareholders		281,076	(28,931)

The results for the year and prior year are all derived from continuing operations.

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the year in either the current or preceding financial year.

There is no difference between the group's historical cost loss and the loss shown in the accounts.

Consolidated balance sheet at 31 December 1999

at 31 December 1999					
	Note	_	1999	_	1998
		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets	_				
Intangible assets	9		15,758		30,258
Tangible assets	10		95,806		103,482
			111,564		133,740
Current assets					
Debtors	12	1,541,643		230,675	
Cash at bank and in hand		70,273		292,676	
		1,611,916		523,351	
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	13	(1,020,216)		(238,290)	
Net current assets		 .	591,700	<u></u>	285,061
The state of the s			702.264		410.001
Net assets			703,264 ======		418,801
Capital and reserves Called up ordinary share					
capital	14		186,132		186,132
Share premium account	15		76,268		76,268
Profit and loss account	15		(184,136)		(465,212)
Total equity shareholders' funds/(deficit)			78,264		(202,812)
Total non-equity					
shareholders' funds	14		625,000		625,000
Tulido					
Total shareholders' funds Minority interest in			703,264		422,188
subsidiary undertaking	21		-		(3,387)
			703,264		418,801
			=======		

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 13 July 2000 and signed on its behalf by:

Director

Director

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Company balance sheet at 31 December 1999

at 31 December 1999	Note		1999		1998
	11000	£	£	£	
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	9		15,758		30,258
Tangible assets	10		81,358		83,838
Investment in subsidiary					
companies	11		3,053		14,994
			100,169		129,090
Current assets			100,100		127,070
Debtors	12	1,061,866		278,663	
Cash at bank and in hand		44,320		271,550	
				<u> </u>	
O 10 4 4 5 111		1,106,186		550,213	
Creditors: Amounts falling	13	(538,871)		(221,900)	
due within one year	13	(330,071)		(221,900)	
Net current assets			567,315		328,313
Net assets			667,484		457,403
ivet assets			=====		=====
Capital and reserves					
Called up ordinary share			186,132		186,132
capital	14		100,132		100,132
Share premium account	15		76,268		76,268
Profit and loss account	15		(219,916)		(429,997)
Total equity shareholders'			42,484		(167,597)
funds/(deficit)					
Total non-equity	1.4		(25,000		(25,000
shareholders' funds	14		625,000		625,000
Turida					
Total shareholders' funds			667,484		457,403
			=======		

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 13 July 2000 and signed on its behalf by:

Director

Dir ator

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Consolidated cash flow statement for the year ended 31 December 1999

for the year ended 31 December 1999	Note		1999		1998
		£	£	£	£
Net cash outflow from operating activities	16		(92,430)		(34,456)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance					
Interest received Interest paid		6,091 (4,167)		25,910 (15,057)	
•		———			
Net cash inflows from returns on investment and servicing of finance			1,924		10,853
Taxation			(4,177)		(6,369)
Capital expenditure Purchase of tangible fixed assets			(29,972)		(45,528)
Acquisitions and disposals Disposal of tangible fixed assets Purchase of subsidiary undertakings			(1,146)		(2,296)
Management of liquid resources Cash inflow from short term deposits			235,365		146,282
Net cash inflow before financing			109,564		68,486
Financing Repayment of loan stock		(71,550)		(95,400)	
Net cash outflow from financing			(71,550)		(95,400)
Increase/(decrease) in cash	17		38,014		(26,914)

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the company and its subsidiary undertakings made up to 31 December 1999. Unless otherwise stated the acquisition method of accounting has been adopted. Under this method, the results of subsidiary undertakings acquired or disposed of in the year are included in the consolidated profit and loss account from the date of acquisition or up to the date of disposal.

Under section 230 (4) of the Companies Act 1985 the company is exempt from the requirement to present its own profit and loss account.

Goodwill

Purchased goodwill (both positive and negative) arising on consolidation in respect of acquisitions before 1 January 1998, when FRS 10 *Goodwill and intangible assets* was adopted, was written off to reserves in the year of acquisition. When a subsequent disposal occurs any related goodwill previously written off to reserves is written back through the profit and loss account as part of the profit or loss on disposal.

Fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Office furniture -

and equipment 5 years Software - 3 years

Leasehold improvements are being depreciated over the period of the lease to the first break clause (5 years).

Notes (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Intangible assets

The Group has two intangible assets:-

- a) the first represents the cost of acquiring the right to use existing files of stolen items of fine art. The cost of the files is being amortised in equal instalments over a period of 10 years, commencing in the period in which revenue first arose (which was 1991).
- b) the Group continues to develop its second database which has a commercial value. This value is not recognised in the accounts and the costs of developing the database are written off to the profit and loss account as incurred, except where a major upgrading of the system has taken place when the cost is capitalised and written off over three years.

Leases

Rental charges for operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the life of the lease.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Provision is made for deferred tax only to the extent that it is probable that an actual liability will crystallise.

Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts (excluding value added tax) derived from the provision of services to customers during the year.

Recovery fees are due to the company when stolen works of art are recovered. Recovery fee income is recognised when payment is received, or a) where the recovery fee has been invoiced but not paid, or b) where the recovery has been made in the year but not invoiced, then 75% and 33% respectively of the recovery fees are recognised.

Deferred income

Deferred income represents subscriptions received which relate to a subsequent accounting period. These have been transferred to the balance sheet at the year end.

Notes (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

The assets and liabilities and profit and loss accounts of overseas subsudiary undertakings are translated at the closing exchange rates. Gains and losses arising on these translations are taken to reserves, net of exchange differences arising on related foreign currency borrowings.

Cash and liquid resources

Cash, for the purpose of the cash flow statement, comprises cash in hand and deposits repayable on demand, less overdrafts payable on demand.

Liquid resources are current asset investments which are disposable without curtailing or disrupting the business and are either readily convertible into known amounts of cash at or close to their carrying value or traded in an active market. Liquid resources comprise term deposits of less than one year.

2 Turnover

	1999	1998
	£	£
U.K.	1,411,179	773,165
U.S.A.	658,905	155,923
Other	-	15,397
	2,070,084	944,485
	=====	======

Notes (continued)

3 Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities

	1999 £	1998 £
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities is state after charging/(crediting):	• -	r.
Auditors' remuneration		
Group - audit	6,650	6,000
- other services	3,625	1,000
Company - audit	1,100	1,000
Depreciation and other amounts written o	ff	
owned tangible and intangible fixed as	ssets 51,691	52,059
Hire of plant and machinery - rentals paya	able	
under operating leases	12,375	11,784
Hire of other assets - operating leases	50,682	62,819
Profit on disposal of subsidiary	(2,901)	-
•		
4 Remuneration of directors		
	1999	1998
	£	£
Directors' emoluments:		
For services as directors	504,162	144,197
Pension contributions	9,291	7,355
	513,453	151,552
	=== ==	
	Number of	f directors
	1999	1998
Retirement benefits are accruing to the number of directors under:	e following	
Money purchase schemes	2	2
money parenase contenies	====	====

Aon Corporation charged the company a management fee of £12,500 for the first six months of the year (1998 - £25,000) in the year for JGY Radcliffe's services.

Compensation of £23,400 was paid to a former director for loss of office.

Notes (continued)

5 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the Group (including directors) during the year, analysed by category, was as follows:

		1999	1998
	Administration	15	15
	Management	11	12
		26	27
		===	====
	The aggregate payroll costs of these person	s were as follows:	
		1999	1998
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	702,607	375,914
	Social security costs	47,541	33,930
	Pension contributions	13,363	12,855
		763,511	422,699
			======
6	Other interest receivable and similar inc	oma	
U	Other interest receivable and similar inc	1999	1998
		£	£
	Bank deposit interest	6,091	25,910
	Buik deposit interest		=====
7	Interest neverble and similar sharess		
/	Interest payable and similar charges		
		1999	1998
		£	£
	Other loans	4,167	15,057
			

Notes (continued)

8 Taxation

	1999	1998
	£	£
UK Corporation at 21%	28,821	5,324
Prior year adjustment	(1,147)	5,763
Overseas corporation taxes	14,737	-
	42,411	11,087
	42,411	11,067

9 Intangible fixed assets

Group and Company

	Files of stolen fine art
Cost	£
At 1 January 1999	145,001
Additions	-
At 31 December 1999	145,001
	
Amortisation	
At 1 January 1999	114,743
Charge for the year	14,500
At 31 December 1999	129,243
Net book value	
At 31 December 1999	15,758
At 31 December 1998	30,258
	

Notes (continued) 10 Tangible fixed assets

		Group	
	Furniture,		
	equipment	Leasehold	mom. 1
	and software	improvements	TOTAL
	£	£	£
Cost	222 452	10,468	233,921
At 1st January 1999	223,453 29,972	10,400	29,972
Additions	(25,560)	<u>-</u>	(25,560)
Disposals	782	<u>-</u>	782
Exchange movements	/02	-	702
At 31st December 1999	228,647	10,468	239,115
	===# =		====
Depreciation			
At 1st January 1999	127,822	2,617	130,439
Charge for the year	35,098	2,093	37,191
Disposals	(24,414)	, •	(24,414)
Exchange movements	93	-	93
At 31st December 1999	138,599	4,710	143,309
	====		====
Net book value			
At 31st December 1999	90,048	5,758	95,806
			======
At 31st December 1998	95,631 =====	7,851	103,482
		Company	
	Furniture,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	equipment	Leasehold	
	and software	improvements	TOTAL
	£	£	£
Cost		40.440	****
At 1st January 1999	200,540	10,468	211,008
Additions	29,972	-	29,972
Disposals	(23,894)	-	(23,894)
At 31st December 1999	206,618	10,468	217,086
	====	====	====
Depreciation			
At 1st January 1999	124,553	2,617	127,170
Charge for the year	30,359	2,093	32,452
Disposals	(23,894)	-	(23,894)
A. 31 A.D L 1000	131,018	4,710	135,728
At 31st December 1999	====	====	=====
Net book value	con	5.750	01.250
At 31st December 1999	75,600	5,758 ====	81,358
	==:-	===	
A . 21 Th 1000	75 007	7 951	63 636
At 31st December 1998	75,987	7,851 ====	83,838

Notes (continued)

11 Investments

	Company		
	1999	1998	
	£	£	
Investments in subsidiary undertakings			
Cost			
At 1 January 1999	14,994	11,288	
Additions	-	3,706	
Disposals	(11,941)	-	
1.000	2.052	14.004	
At 31 December 1999	3,053	14,994	

Principal company investments

The company had investments in the following subsidiary undertakings at 31 December 1999, which have the same principal activity as the Company.

Subsidiary	Investment	% holding
Art Loss Register, Inc.	1,000 shares of \$1 each	100%
Incorporated in the USA		
Art Loss Register	25,500 shares of 1 Dmk each	51%
(Deutschland) GmbH		
Incorporated in Germany		

The subsidiary incorporated in Germany is dormant and has been written off during the year.

Notes (continued)

12 **Debtors**

Debtors	Group		Company	
	1999	1998	1999	1998
	£	£	£	£
Trade debtors	1,436,279	190,106	845,177	190,106
Other debtors	87,304	23,549	82,735	9,690
Amount due from subsidiary undertakings	-	-	115,894	61,847
Prepayments and accrued income	18,060	17,020	18,060	17,020
	1,541,643	230,675	1,061,866	278,663
		=====	=======	=====

13 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

Group		Group		Com	pany
1999	1998	1999	1998		
£	£	£	£		
-	25,052	-	25,052		
438,803	52,084	133,094	52,084		
43,086	5,324	28,821	5,324		
12,658	11,521	12,658	11,521		
525,669	72,759	364,298	56,369		
-	71,550	-	71,550		
1,020,216	238,290	538,871	221,900		
	1999 £ - 438,803 43,086 12,658 525,669	1999 1998 £ £ - 25,052 438,803 52,084 43,086 5,324 12,658 11,521 525,669 72,759 - 71,550	1999 1998 1999 £ £ £ - 25,052 - 438,803 52,084 133,094 43,086 5,324 28,821 12,658 11,521 12,658 525,669 72,759 364,298 - 71,550 -		

Notes (continued)

14 Share capital

	1999 £	1998 £
Authorised		~
Equity shares		
125,003 'A' Ordinary shares of £1 each	125,003	125,003
50,000,000 'B' Ordinary shares of 0.5p each	250,000	250,000
	375,003	375,003
Non-equity shares		
625,000 Redeemable preference shares of £1 each	625,000	625,000
	1,000,003	1,000,003
Allotted, called up and fully paid	1000	1000
	1999	1998
	£	£
Equity shares		
125,003 'A' Ordinary shares of £1 each	125,003	125,003
12,225,702 'B' Ordinary shares of 0.5p each	61,129	61,129
	186,132	186,132
Non-equity shares		
625,000 Redeemable preference shares of £1 each	625,000	625,000
	811,132	811,132

(a) Redeemable Preference Shares

The company may redeem the Preference Shares in multiples of 5,000 shares at any time with the prior consent of not less than 75% in value of the holders of the Preference Shares. Any redemption will be at nominal value.

The Preference Shares carry no voting rights. On winding-up the Preference Shares shall be entitled to repayment of the nominal value of their holdings plus all dividends declared but not yet paid in priority to any payment of capital or dividend to any other shareholder.

Notes (continued)

14 Share Capital (continued)

(b) At 31 December 1999 the undermentioned 'B' Ordinary Shares of 0.5 p each were subject to options under the Executive Share Option Scheme. Each 'B' share has one vote and has the same rights as the 'A' shares:

	<u>Date of Grant</u> <u>No of Shares</u> <u>Option</u> <u>Price</u>			Normal exercise period			
	8 December 1994	237,000	3.5p	Decembe	r 1997 - 2001		
	31 July 1997	104,782	3.5p	July 2000	- 2004		
15	Reserves						
				Share	Profit and		
				premium	loss	Total	
	Group			£	£	£	
	Balance at 1 January 1999			76,268	(465,212)	(388,944)	
	Profit for the year			-	281,076	281,076	
	At 31 December 199	99		76,268	(184,136)	(107,868)	
	Company						
	Balance at 1 January	₇ 1999		76,268	(429,997)	(353,729)	
	Profit for the year	Profit for the year		-	210,081	210,081	
	Balance at 31 Decer	nber 1999		76,268	(219,916)	$\overline{(143,648)}$	
				=======			

Notes (continued)

Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash outflow from operating activities

	Group		
	1999	1998	
	£	£	
Operating profit/(loss)	321,563	(35,990)	
Depreciation charge	37,191	37,559	
Amortisation of intangible fixed assets	14,500	14,500	
Profit on disposal of subsidiary	(2,901)	_	
Increase in debtors	(1,310,968)	(70,149)	
Increase in creditors	848,185	19,624	
Net cash outflowfrom operating activities	(92,430)	(34,456)	
		======	

17 Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds

	Group		
	1999	1998	
	£	£	
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year	38,014	(26,914)	
Cash inflow from decrease in liquid resources	(235,365)	(146,282)	
Repayment of loan stock	71,550	95,400	
Movement in net funds	125,801	(77,796)	
Net funds at 1 January 1999	196,074	273,870	
Net funds at 31 December 1999	70,273	196,074	
		======	

Notes (continued)

18	Reconciliation of movement in shareho	olders' funds		
			1999	9 1998
	Group		j	£
	Shareholders' funds at 1 January		422,188	8 453,658
	Profit/(loss) for the year		281,076	5 (28,931)
	Goodwill arising on acquisition		·	- (2,539)
	Shareholders' funds at 31 December		703,264	4 422,188
			==	= =======
			1999	9 1998
	Company		å	£
	Shareholders' funds at 1 January		457,403	473,567
	Profit/(loss) for the year		210,081	(16,164)
	Shareholders' funds at 31 December		667,484 =====	457,403
19	Analysis of net funds			
	Group	A 4 1 To	O1- O	4 4 D
		At 1 January 1999	Cash flow	At December 1999
		£	£	£
	Cash at bank and in hand	32,259	38,014	70,273
	Liquid resources	235,365	(235,365)	-
	Loan stock due within one year	(71,550)	71,550	-
	Total	196,074	(125,801)	70,273

Notes (continued)

20 Commitments

Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

1999	9	1998	}
and and uildings	Other £	Land and buidings £	Other £
00.001			2 220
20,321	-	-	2,320
-	11,313		9,464
30,361	-	30,005	-
50 682	11 313	62.819	11,784
=====	=====	=====	=====
1999	9	1998	3
and and		Land and	
uildings	Other	buidings	Other
£	£	£	£
-	_	-	2,320
-	- 8,449	- -	2,320 6,506
30,361	- 8,449 -	30,005	-
30,361	8,449 - - 8,449	30,005	-
	and and uildings £ 20,321 30,361 50,682 1999 and and uildings	20,321 - 11,313 30,361 - 50,682 11,313 - 1999 and and uildings Other	and and uildings Other buildings £ £ £ 20,321 11,313 32,814 30,361 - 30,005 50,682 11,313 62,819 =

Notes (continued)

21 Minority interests

	1999	1998
	£	£
At beginning of year	(3,387)	3,663
Share of loss for year	-	(7,293)
Exchange differences	-	243
Subsidiary undertaking written off	3,387	-
At end of year	-	(3,387)
	=====	=====

22 Related party transactions

During the year Aon Corporation was paid £14,339 (1998 - £15,515) in respect of various insurance premiums, all such transaction being negotiated on an arm's length basis. A number of shareholders are major clients of the Group

23 Directors and officers insurance

Insurance is maintained for the directors of the company in respect of their duties as directors.