

JOBTHEME LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

JOBTHEME LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 02238231

BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	116	218
Current assets			
Stocks		5,000	7,742
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	62,673	67,072
Cash at bank and in hand		29,557	29,614
		<u>97,230</u>	<u>104,428</u>
Current liabilities			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(2,903)	(12,667)
		<u>94,327</u>	<u>91,761</u>
Net current assets			
		<u>94,443</u>	<u>91,979</u>
Total assets less current liabilities			
		<u>94,443</u>	<u>91,979</u>
Net assets			
		<u>94,443</u>	<u>91,979</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	40,000	40,000
Capital redemption reserve		76,650	76,650
Profit and loss account		(22,207)	(24,671)
		<u>94,443</u>	<u>91,979</u>

JOBTHEME LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 02238231

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)
AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr I D James
Director

Date: 16 September 2022

The notes on pages 3 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021**

1. General information

Jobthema Limited is a private Company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales within the United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is 287 Newmarket Road, Cambridge, CB5 8JE. This Company is part of a group.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Basis other than going concern

The Company ceased to trade on 30 September 2021. These accounts have been prepared on a basis other than going concern and the stock figure has been reduced by £2,742 to reflect the net realisable value.

2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2.5 Government grants

Grants are accounted under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102. Grants relating to expenditure on tangible fixed assets are credited to profit or loss at the same rate as the depreciation on the assets to which the grant relates. The deferred element of grants is included in creditors as deferred income.

Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings in the same period as the related expenditure.

2.6 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

2.7 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2.8 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery	-	25%	reducing balance
Motor vehicles	-	30%	reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.10 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

2.11 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a weighted average basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.12 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.13 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.14 Creditors

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021**

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.15 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 2 (2020 - 3).

JOBTHEME LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

4. Intangible assets

	Goodwill £
Cost	
At 1 October 2020	10,375
At 30 September 2021	<u>10,375</u>
Amortisation	
At 1 October 2020	10,375
At 30 September 2021	<u>10,375</u>
Net book value	
At 30 September 2021	<u>-</u>
At 30 September 2020	<u>-</u>

JOBTHEME LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021**

5. Tangible fixed assets

	Other fixed assets £
Cost	
At 1 October 2020	36,185
Disposals	(10,299)
	<hr/>
At 30 September 2021	25,886
	<hr/>
Depreciation	
At 1 October 2020	35,967
Charge for the year on owned assets	57
Disposals	(10,254)
	<hr/>
At 30 September 2021	25,770
	<hr/>
Net book value	
At 30 September 2021	<hr/> <hr/> 116
At 30 September 2020	<hr/> <hr/> 218

JOBTHEME LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021**

6. Fixed asset investments

	Investments in subsidiary companies £
Cost	
At 1 October 2020	1,000
	<hr/>
At 30 September 2021	1,000
	<hr/>
Impairment	
At 1 October 2020	1,000
	<hr/>
At 30 September 2021	1,000
	<hr/>
Net book value	
At 30 September 2021	-
	<hr/> <hr/>
At 30 September 2020	-
	<hr/> <hr/>

7. Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors	161	2,314
Other debtors	62,512	57,976
Accrued income	-	6,782
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	<u>62,673</u>	<u>67,072</u>

8. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Bank overdrafts	424	271
Trade creditors	-	4,606
Corporation tax	1	-
Accruals and deferred income	2,478	7,790
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	<u>2,903</u>	<u>12,667</u>

JOBTHEME LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021**

9. Share capital

	2021 £	2020 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
40,000 (2020 - 40,000) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	<u>40,000</u>	<u>40,000</u>

10. Commitments under operating leases

At 30 September 2021 the Company had future minimum lease payments due under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

	2021 £	2020 £
Not later than 1 year	<u>-</u>	<u>2,420</u>

11. Related party transactions

During the year the Company operated a loan account with Dent Security Systems Limited, a Company under common control. The amount due from Dent Security Systems Limited at the year end was £60,074 (2020 - £56,513). This loan is interest free and repayable on demand.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.