STROQUHAN ESTATE LIMITED Unaudited Financial Statements 31 July 2017



HARRISON & CO

Chartered accountant
Navity House
Cromarty
Inverness
IV11 8XY

Financial Statements

Year ended 31 July 2017

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Directors' Report

Year ended 31 July 2017

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 July 2017.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

Miss A McKeown Mr G J Henry

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 25 September 2017 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Miss A McKeown
Director

Mr G J Henry Director

Miss A McKeown Company Secretary

Registered office: 110 - 112 Lancaster Road New Barnet Herts EN4 8AL

Statement of Income and Retained Earnings

Year ended 31 July 2017

Turnover	Note	2017 £ 108,203	2016 £ 98,758
Cost of sales		25,714	25,826
Gross profit		82,489	72,932
Administrative expenses		69,815	80,456
Operating profit/(loss)		12,674	(7,524)
Profit/(loss) before taxation	5	12,674	(7,524)
Tax on profit/(loss)		(27,911)	
Profit/(loss) for the financial year and total comprehensive incor	ne	40,585	(7,524)
Dividends paid and payable		(26,212)	(45,000)
Retained earnings at the start of the year		1,704,263	1,756,787
Retained earnings at the end of the year		1,718,636	1,704,263

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

Statement of Financial Position

31 July 2017

		2017		
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	6		2,292,304	2,215,659
Current assets				•
Stocks	7	19,800		35,200
Debtors	8	13,138		21,010
		32,938		56,210
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	483,031		416,120
Net current liabilities		-	450,093	359,910
Total assets less current liabilities			1,842,211	1,855,749
Provisions			400 475	454 200
Taxation including deferred tax			123,475	151,386
Net assets			1,718,736	1,704,363
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital			100	100
Profit and loss account			1,718,636	1,704,263
Members funds			1,718,736	1,704,363

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

For the year ending 31 July 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 5 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 July 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 25 September 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Director

Miss A McKeown Director

Company registration number: 02236653

The notes on pages 5 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 July 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 110 - 112 Lancaster Road, New Barnet, EN4 8AL, Herts.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 August 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 12

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 July 2017

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery Motor Vehicles 10% straight line 25% straight line

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 July 2017

4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the directors, amounted to 2 (2016: 2).

5. Profit before taxation

	Profit/(loss) before taxation is stated	after charging:		2017 £	2016 £
	Depreciation of tangible assets			2,536	3,080
6.	Tangible assets				
		Land and buildings £	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
	Cost At 1 August 2016 Additions Disposals	2,202,980 78,439 –	135,942 742 -	58,100 - (44,600)	2,397,022 79,181 (44,600)
	At 31 July 2017	2,281,419	136,684	13,500	2,431,603
	Depreciation At 1 August 2016 Charge for the year Disposals	- - -	123,263 2,536	58,100 — (44,600)	181,363 2,536 (44,600)
	At 31 July 2017		125,799	13,500	139,299
	Carrying amount At 31 July 2017	2,281,419	10,885		2,292,304
	At 31 July 2016	2,202,980	12,679	-	2,215,659
7.	Stocks				
	Raw materials and consumables			2017 £ 19,800	2016 £ 35,200
8.	Debtors				
				2017 £	2016 £
	Other debtors			13,138	21,010

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 July 2017

9. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017	2016
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	471,705	395,104
Trade creditors	3,941	11,753
Other creditors	7,385	9,263
	483,031	416,120

10. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

The directors loan account balance is £nil. 2016 the balance was £1237 credit.

11. Related party transactions

No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under FRSSE.

12. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 August 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.