Registered number: 02236172

International Alliance for Responsible Drinking (UK) Limited
(A company limited by guarantee)

Financial statements

Information for filing with the registrar

For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

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International Alliance for Responsible Drinking (UK) Limited

(A company limited by guarantee) Registered number: 02236172

Balance sheet

As at 31 December 2017

Note		2017 £		2016 £
4		13,319		1,318
	-	13,319	,	1,318
5	37,703			
5	58,761		848	
6	174,061	•	76,630	
•	270,525		77,478	
7	(267,456)		(48,322)	
•		3,069		29,156
	•	16,388		30,474
	-	16,388		30,474
	_	16,388		30,474
	-	16,388	-	30,474
	5 5 6	5 37,703 5 58,761 6 174,061 270,525	Note £ 4	Note £ 4

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 16 April 2018.

H Ashworth Director

The notes on pages 2 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements
For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

1. General information

The company is incorporated as a company limited by guarantee in England & Wales and has it's registered office at 24 Chiswell Street, London, EC1Y 4YX

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Office equipment - 33%
Computer equipment - 33%
Other fixed assets - 20%

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

Notes to the financial statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.6 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.8 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

2.9 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of comprehensive income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

Notes to the financial statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of comprehensive income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term, unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the lessee's benefit from the use of the leased asset.

2.11 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of comprehensive income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.12 interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest method.

2.13 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

3. Employees

Staff costs, including director's remuneration, were as follows:

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 8 (2016 - 3).

Notes to the financial statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

4. Tangible Fixed Assets

• •	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Computer Equipment £	Other Fixed Assets £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 January 2017	•	4,030	325,707	329,737
Additions	12,508 .	1,980	` -	14,488
At 31 December 2017	12,508	6,010	325,707	344,225
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2017	-	2,712	325,707	328,419
Charge for the year on owned assets	1,722	765	-	2,487
At 31 December 2017	1,722	3,477	325,707	330,906
Net book value		•		
At 31 December 2017	10,786	2,533	-	13,319
At 31 December 2016	-	1,318	•	1,318

Notes to the financial statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

5. Debtors

v.	D 05(0)0		
		2017	2016
	Due after more than one year	£	£
	Other debtors	37,703	-
	Cilici debiora	37,703	
		37,703	
	·		2016
		£	£
	Due within one year		
	Other debtors	24,446	848
	Prepayments and accrued income	34,315	-
	•	58,761	848
6.	Cash and cash equivalents	·	
		2017 £	2016 £
			_
	Cash at bank and in hand	174,061	76,630
		174,061 =	76,630
7.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one	e year	
	· ·	2017 £	2016 £
	Trade creditors		192
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	234,782	39,753
	Corporation tax	10	5
	Other creditors		3,072
	Accruals and deferred income	25,274	5,300
	•	267,456	48,322

Notes to the financial statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

8. Financial instruments

2017 £	2016 £
270,525	77,478
270,525	77,478
	.
267,456	48,322
267,456	48,322
	270,525 270,525 267,456

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise of cash and cash equivalent, other debtors and prepayments.

Other financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise taxation, other creditors, accruals and trade creditors.

9. Reserves

Retained reserves

This reserve comprises all current and prior period retained surplus and deficits.

10. Company status

The company is a private company limited by guarantee and consequently does not have share capital. Each of the members is liable to contribute an amount not exceeding £1 towards the assets of the company in the event of liquidation.

11. Pension commitments

The company has an obligation to make contributions to the employees' personal pension plans at the rate of 10% of their gross salary. The amount charged to the statement of comprehensive income for the year represents the actual amount due for the year. Contributions unpaid at the year end have been fully provided for.

12. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption provided by Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102 from disclosing related party transactions entered into between the company and other group companies, where the subsidiary undertaking is wholly owned by a member of the group.

There were no other related party transactions in the year.

Notes to the financial statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

13. Controlling party

The company's immediate, and ultimate, parent undertaking is International Alliance for Responsible Drinking, a company incorporated in the United States of America.

Copies of the group accounts are available from it's registered office which is:

The Jefferson Building 1225 19th Street NW, Suite 500 Washington DC, 20036

14. Auditors' information

The auditors' report on the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017 was unqualified.

The audit report was signed on 16 April 2018 by P D Hudson BA, FCA (Senior statutory auditor) on behalf of Kreston Reeves LLP.