ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

THURSDAY



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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Lord Leigh of Hurley

Jonathan Buxton
Joseph Stelzer
Peter Gray
Jennifer Leigh
Caroline Belcher
Nicholas Jones
Philip Barker

Company number 02234889

Registered office 40 Portland Place

London W1N 3DG

Accountants UHY Hacker Young

Quadrant House

4 Thomas More Square

London E1W 1YW

Bankers National Westminster Bank Plc

208 Picadilly London W1A 2DG

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is that of being a member of Cavendish Corporate Finance LLP, a limited liability partnership.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Lord Leigh of Hurley
Jonathan Buxton
Joseph Stelzer
Peter Gray
Jennifer Leigh
Caroline Belcher
Nicholas Jones
Philip Barker

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 3.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

On behalf of the board

Joseph Stelzer

Director

15/12/17

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

		2017	2016
	Notes	£	£
Turnover Administrative expenses	3	491,247 (479,080)	539,313 (539,312)
Operating profit	4	12,167	1
Interest receivable and similar income	5	3	3
Profit before taxation		12,170	4
Tax on profit	6	(27,400)	(36,417)
Loss for the financial year		(15,230)	(36,413)

The Profit And Loss Account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31 MARCH 2017

		201	.7	201	6
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investments	7		87,260		87,260
Current assets					
Debtors	. 9	91,250		91,250	
Cash at bank and in hand		17,799		17,796	
		109,049		109,046	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(196,262)		(181,029)	
Net current liabilities			(87,213)	 	(71,983)
Total assets less current liabilities			47	•	15,277
					
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	12		22,531		22,531
Profit and loss reserves			(22,484)	·	(7,254)
Total equity			47		15,277

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2017

For the financial year ended 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

Joseph Stelzer

Director

Company Registration No. 02234889

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

		Share capital	Profit and loss	Total
	Notes	£	reserves £	£
Balance at 1 April 2015		25,000	26,690	51,690
Period ended 31 March 2016: Loss and total comprehensive income for the year Reduction of shares	12	(2,469)	(36,413) 2,469	(36,413)
Balance at 31 March 2016		22,531	(7,254)	15,277
Period ended 31 March 2017: Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	(15,230)	(15,230)
Balance at 31 March 2017		22,531	(22,484)	47

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

▼ FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Cavendish Corporate Finance (UK) Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 40 Portland Place, London, W1N 3DG.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable from being a member of Cavendish Corporate Finance LLP.

1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

Classification of financial liabilities

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

1.7 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the limited liability partnership's accounting policies, the members are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

There are no estimates and assumptions which are considered to have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities.

3 Turnover and other revenue

An analysis of the company's turnover is as follows:

	2017	2016
	£	£
Turnover analysed by class of business		
Amounts receivable from being a member of Cavendish Corporate		
Finance LLP	491,247	539,313

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

3	Turnover and other revenue	(Continued)
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Other significant revenue	2	2
	Interest income	3	3
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Turnover analysed by geographical market		
	United Kingdom	491,247 ———	539,313
4	The geographical location of turnover is determined based on the principal company's services are provided which is considered to be the United Kingo		which the
4	Operating profit	2017	2016
	Operating profit for the year is stated after charging:	£	£
	Operating lease charges	352,833	354,804
5	Interest receivable and similar income		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Interest income	_	
	Interest on bank deposits	3	3
	Investment income includes the following:		
	Interest on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or		
		2	2
	loss	3	3
6			
6	loss	2017	2016
6	loss Taxation		
6	Taxation Current tax	2017 £	2016 £
6	loss Taxation	2017	2016

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

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,	Taxation	(Continued)
	The actual charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected charge profit or loss and the standard rate of tax as follows:	for the year ba	sed on the
		2017 £	2016 £
	Profit before taxation	12,170	4
	Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20.00% (2016: 20.00%) Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable	2,434	1
	profit	24,966	36,902 (406)
	Adjustments in respect of prior years Other tax adjustments	- -	(80)
	Taxation charge for the year	27,400	36,417
,	Fixed asset investments		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Unlisted investments	87,260	87,260
	Unlisted investments represent the company's interest in Cavendish Corpora	ate Finance LLP	
}	Financial instruments		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Carrying amount of financial assets Equity instruments measured at cost less impairment	87,260	87,260
	Equity instruments measured at cost less impairment		
	Carrying amount of financial liabilities	1.00.000	144.00
	Measured at amortised cost	168,862	144,206

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

9	Debtors		
		2017	2016
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Prepayments and accrued income	91,250	91,250
			
10	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Amounts due to subsidiary undertakings	75,280	38,457
	Corporation tax	27,400	36,823
	Other creditors	. 303	303
	Accruals and deferred income	93,279	105,446
		196,262	181,029

11 Reserves

Called up share capital - represents the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

Profit and loss reserves - includes all current and prior period retained profits and loses.

12 Share capital

•	2017	2016
	£	£
Ordinary share capital		
Authorised		
75,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	75,000	75,000
10,000 Ordinary "A" shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000
2,500 Ordinary "B" shares of £1 each	2,500	2,500
12,500 Ordinary "C" shares of £1 each	12,500	12,500
	100,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid		
22,531 Ordinary shares of £1 each	22,531	22,531

13 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the company for its office premises.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

13 Operating lease commitments

(Continued)

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows:

	2017	2016
	£	£
Within one year	352,833	360,273
Between two and five years	1,411,333	1,411,333
In over five years	940,889	1,293,722
	2,705,055	3,065,328

14 Related party transactions

At the year end, the company owed £75,280 (2016: £38,457) to Cavendish Corporate Finance LLP. The balance represents amounts payable to the company in excess of the profit share from the LLP and payments made by the LLP on behalf of the company.