Company Registration No. 02233556 (England and Wales)

# **TOWER PROPERTIES LTD**

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2017
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR



### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** Mr H Chauhan

Mrs B Chauhan

Secretary Mrs B Chauhan

Company number 02233556

Registered office Richard House

9, Winckley Square

Preston PRI 3HP

Accountants MHA Moore and Smalley

Fylde House

Skyways Commercial Campus

Amy Johnson Way

Blackpool FY4 3RS

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#### **BALANCE SHEET**

#### **AS AT 31 JULY 2017**

		201	7	2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		300,000		300,000
Current assets					
Debtors	3	138,117		191,426	
Investments	4	30,000		30,000	
Cash at bank and in hand		6,984		13,020	
		175,101		234,446	
Creditors: amounts falling due within					
one year	5	(1,218)		(1,528)	
Net current assets			173,883		232,918
Total assets less current liabilities			473,883		532,918
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		1,000		1,000
Fair Value reserve	7		101,755		101,755
Profit and loss reserves			371,128		430,163
Total equity			473,883		532,918
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The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 July 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30 April 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr H Chauhan Director

Company Registration No. 02233556

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Tower Properties Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Richard House, 9, Winckley Square, Preston, PRI 3HP.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2017 are the first financial statements of Tower Properties Ltd prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 August 2015. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration receivable for rent due in the period.

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Land and buildings Freehold

Not depreciated

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

#### 1.5 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities, Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2017

2	Tangible fixed assets  Land and		d buildings
	<b>Cost</b> At 1 August 2016 and 31 July 2017		£ 300,000
	Depreciation and impairment At 1 August 2016 and 31 July 2017		
	Carrying amount At 31 July 2017		300,000
	At 31 July 2016		300,000
3	Debtors	2017	2016
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors Other debtors	8,000 130,117	6,000 185,426
		138,117	191,426
4	Current asset investments	2017 £	2016 £
	Other investments	30,000	30,000
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2017 £	2016 £
	Trade creditors Other creditors	624 594	624 904
		1,218	1,528

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2017

6	Called up share capital  Ordinary share capital	2017 £	2016 £
	Issued and fully paid		
	1,000 ordinary of £1 each	1,000	1,000
		1,000	1,000
7	Fair Value reserve		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	At beginning and end of year	101,755	101,755

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.