JOHN KING (CHAINS) LTD

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

FOR

31 MARCH 2008



# PETER HOWARD FOREMAN & CO

Accountants & Registered Auditors
1 Wharfe Mews
Cliffe Terrace
Wetherby
LS22 6LX

# JOHN KING (CHAINS) LTD ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO JOHN KING (CHAINS) LTD UNDER SECTION 247B OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts, together with the financial statements of John King (Chains) Ltd for the year ended 31 March 2008 prepared under Section 226 of the Companies Act 1985.

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 247B of the Companies Act 1985. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE AUDITOR

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you.

#### **BASIS OF OPINION**

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2006/3 "The special auditor's report on abbreviated accounts in the United Kingdom" issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared.

#### **OPINION**

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Companies Act 1985, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

PETER HOWARD FOREMAN & CO

Howard

Accountants

& Registered Auditors

1 Wharfe Mews Cliffe Terrace Wetherby LS22 6LX

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# JOHN KING (CHAINS) LTD ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

#### 31 MARCH 2008

		2008	3	200	7
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2				
Tangible assets			1,596,082		1,515,779
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		460,358		386,277	
Debtors		891,975		782,335	
Cash at bank and in hand		232,581			
				1.160.610	
CDEDITORS 1		1,584,914		1,168,612	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	3	1,580,775		1,243,486	
NET CURRENT		<del></del>			
ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)			4,139		(74,874)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			1,600,221		1,440,905
ODEDITODS A CHILL					
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due			025 212		924.550
after more than one year	4		925,312		834,559
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			74,870		46,123
GOVERNMENT GRANTS	5		58,750		60,000
	_				
			541,289		500,223
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	7		100		100
Revaluation reserve			292,167		292,167
Profit and loss account			249,022	•	292,107
			<del></del>		<del></del> _
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			541,289		500,223

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on ... 2911 109 and are signed on their behalf by:

MR D W WADSWORTH

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007).

#### Changes in accounting policies

In preparing the financial statements for the current year, the company has adopted the Financial Reporting Standards for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007).

The adoption of FRSSE 2007 has not resulted in any changes in accounting policy.

#### **Turnover**

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

In respect of contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

#### Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Freehold and leasehold land and buildings are subject to a policy of revaluation. A full valuation is obtained from a professional qualified independent valuer at least every 5 years.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold Buildings

- 2% Straight line

Plant & Machinery

- 15% Reducing balance

Fixtures, Fittings and Equipment

- 15% and 25% Reducing balance

Motor Vehicles

- 25% Reducing balance

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

# JOHN KING (CHAINS) LTD NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Finance lease agreements

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated in accordance with the above depreciation policies. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included within creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

#### Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

#### **Deferred** taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### **NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS**

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the average rate of exchange for the month in which the transaction occured. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### **Deferred government grants**

Deferred government grants in respect of capital expenditure are treated as deferred income and are credited to the profit and loss account over the estimated useful life of the assets to which they relate.

#### 2. FIXED ASSETS

			Tangible Assets
COST OR VALUATION			£
At 1 April 2007			1,743,110
Additions			164,628
Disposals			(36,200)
At 31 March 2008			1,871,538
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 April 2007			227,331
Charge for year			73,504
On disposals			(25,379)
At 31 March 2008			275,456
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2008			1,596,082
At 31 March 2007			1,515,779
	11		1,313,777
The net book value of freeho	id properties comprise:-	2000	2007
		2008 £	2007 £
	Freehold land	195,000	195,000
	Freehold buildings	1,088,377	1,055,000

Freehold properties were revalued during the year to 31 March 2007 by Lawrence Hannah independent valuers. The valuation was prepared on the basis of current market value.

## NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

#### 3. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company:

	2008	2007
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	783,931	215,728
Hire purchase & finance lease agreements	61,430	49,475
	845,361	265,203

#### 4. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are secured by the company:

	2008	2007
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	487,444	445,317
Hire purchase and finance lease agreements	131,468	112,842
	618,912	558,159

Included within creditors falling due after more than one year is an amount of £409,341 (2007 - £355,173) in respect of liabilities which fall due for payment after more than five years from the balance sheet date.

#### 5. GOVERNMENT GRANTS

£
75,000
(15,000)
60,000

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

#### 6. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE DIRECTORS

The following transactions occurred between John King (Chains) Ltd and John King USA Inc a company in which Mr DW Wadsworth and Mr JSR King each own shares:

	2008 £	2007 £
Sales to John King USA Inc	185,617	99,134
Loan to John King USA Inc	nil	22,315
Purchases from John King USA	38,468	21,075

The amounts outstanding at the year end in respect of these transactions were:

	2008 £	2007 £
Sales to John King USA Inc	49,230	26,266
Loan to John King USA Inc	nil	22,315
Purchases from John King USA	3,895	3,582

There is no fixed repayment term on the loan.

The following transactions took place between John King (Chains) Ltd and John King Chains (SA)(PTY)Ltd a company that Mr DW Wadsworth and Mr JSR King each own shares:

	2008	2007
	£	£
Loan to John King South Africa	24,442	nil

The following transactions took place between John King (Chains) Ltd and Powermotion, a partnership business run by Mr DW Wadsworth and Mr JSR King:

	2008	2007
	£	£
Sales to Powermotion	9,396	9,137
Purchases from Powermotion	120-467	115,949

The amounts outstanding at the year end in respect of these transactions were:

	2008	2007
	£	£
Sales to Powermotion	2,025	7,447
Purchases from Powermotion	13,534	17,660

In addition, the company charged a management charge to Powermotion amounting to £30,000 which remained outstanding at 31 March 2008.

#### 7. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital:

	2008	2007
	£	£
10,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000

# JOHN KING (CHAINS) LTD NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

### 7. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2008		2007	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100