### **WINTERWARM UK LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

COMPANIES HOUSE

21/04/2017

#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Director

L B G Looman

Secretary

L Buil

Company number

02231586

Registered office

Unit H3, Taylor Business Park

Risley Warrington Cheshire WA3 6BL

**Auditor** 

Hall Livesey Brown

**Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors** 

68 High Street Tarporley

Cheshire CW6 0AT

**Bankers** 

Natwest Bank plc Culcheth Branch 446 Warrington Road

Culcheth Warrington Cheshire WA3 5QS

### **CONTENTS**

	Page
Statement of financial position	1
Notes to the financial statements	2 - 7

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

		201	6	201	5
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investments	5	,	1		1
Current assets					
Stocks	8	176,197		155,898	
Debtors	9	418,117		441,677	
Cash at bank and in hand		138,053		124,853	
		732,367		722,428	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(287,009)		(347,230)	
Net current assets			445,358		375,198
Total assets less current liabilities			445,359		375,199
			====		=====
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	11		10,000		10,000
Share premium account			315,700		315,700
Profit and loss reserves			119,659		49,499
Total equity			445,359		375,199
					=

The director of the company have elected not to include a copy of the income statement within the financial statements.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on APRIL 4, 2017

L B G Looman

Director

Company Registration No. 02231586

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Winterwarm UK Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Unit H3, Taylor Business Park, Risley, Warrington, Cheshire, WA3 6BL.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 are the first financial statements of Winterwarm UK Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 January 2015. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the director has a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the director continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

#### 1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

#### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and equipment

Fully depreciated

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.5 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

#### 1.6 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell.

#### 1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

#### 1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

#### 1.10 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

#### 1.11 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the director is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### 3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2016 Number	2015 Number
Administration	2	2
Sales	2	2
Warehousing	2	2
	6	6
	· <u>—</u>	
Their aggregate remuneration comprised:		
	2016	2015
	£	£
Wages and salaries	184,594	181,321
Social security costs	19,064	18,392
Pension costs	9,685	9,452
	213,343	209,165
	<del></del>	203,103
	<del></del>	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

4	Tangible fixed assets			
			Plant an	d equipment
	Cost			£
	At 1 January 2016			9,326
	Disposals			(9,326)
	2.06000.0			<del></del>
	At 31 December 2016			-
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 January 2016			9,326
	Eliminated in respect of disposals			(9,326)
	·			
	At 31 December 2016			-
	Carrying amount			
	At 31 December 2016			-
	At 31 December 2015			
	At 31 December 2015			
				<del></del>
5	Fixed asset investments			
			2016	2015
		Notes	£	£
	Investments in subsidiaries	6	1	1
	Movements in fixed asset investments			
	wovements in fixed asset investments			Shares in
		•		group
			une	dertakings
		·		£
	Cost or valuation			
	At 1 January 2016 & 31 December 2016			1
	O-mating and and			_===-
	Carrying amount			4
	At 31 December 2016			1
	At 31 December 2015			1
	ALOT DECEMBER 2013			

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

6	Subs	idiari	96
U	Juba	Miai	63

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 31 December 2016 are as follows:

	Name of undertaking	Registered office	Nature of business	Class of shares held	% Held Direct Indirect
	Winterwarm Agri UK Limite	dEngland and Wales	Sale and manufacture of industrial heating systems	Ordinary	100.00
7	Financial instruments			004	
				201	6 2015 £ £
	Carrying amount of finance Debt instruments measured		st	404,69	9 438,086
	Carrying amount of finance	cial liabilities			<del>-</del>
	Measured at amortised cos	t		173,29 ———	5 230,961 = <del>====</del>
8	Stocks				
		·		201	6 2015 £ £
	Finished goods and goods	for resale		176,19 ———	7 155,898
9	Debtors				
	Amounts falling due within	in one year:		201	6 2015 £ £
	Trade debtors			394,57	9 438,086
	Amounts due from subsidia			10,12	
	Prepayments and accrued	income		13,41	8 3,591
				418,11	
				<del></del>	= ====
10	Creditors: amounts falling	g due within one	year eyear		
				201	6 2015 £ £
	Trade creditors			139,49	
	Corporation tax			17,54	
	Other taxation and social se Accruals and deferred income	•		96,17 33,80	
	Accidate and deterred INCO	IIIC			4 18,604
				287,00	9 347,230
					<del></del>

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

11	Share capital		
		2016	2015
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	10,000 Ordinary of £1 each	10,000	10,000

#### 12 Audit report information

As the income statement has been omitted from the filing copy of the financial statements the following information in relation to the audit report on the statutory financial statements is provided in accordance with s444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006:

The auditor's report was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was Robert Evans BSc FCA.

The auditor was Hall Livesey Brown.

#### 13 Operating lease commitments

#### Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows:

·	2016	2015
	£	£
Within one year	25,228	22,226
Between two and five years	26,286	24,663
In over five years	-	6,782
	51,514	53,671
		<del></del>