

Registered number: 02231001

UNAUDITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

M Taylor

T Taylor

Company secretary

T Taylor

Registered number

02231001

Registered office

Mill Green

30 Orchard Coombe Whitchurch Hill Reading

Berkshire RG8 7QL

Accountants

Haines Watts

Chartered Accountants

Advantage 87 Castle Street

Reading Berkshire RG1 7SN

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Company during the year was that of the import and export of chemicals, machinery and allied products.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

M Taylor T Taylor

Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 19 December 2018 and signed on its behalf.

M Taylor Director

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF PROBE INTERNATIONAL LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Probe International Limited for the year ended 31 March 2018 which comprise the Statement of comprehensive income, the Balance sheet and the related notes from the Company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/.

This report is made solely to the Board of directors of Probe International Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 29 November 2010. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Probe International Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of directors of Probe International Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release TECH07/16AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Probe International Limited and its Board of directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Probe International Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of Probe International Limited. You consider that Probe International Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or review of the financial statements of Probe International Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Haines Watts

Chartered Accountants

Advantage 87 Castle Street Reading Berkshire RG1 7SN 19 December 2018

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	2040	2047
Note	2018 £	2017 £
	261,547	328,676
	(257,115)	(294,494)
	4,432	34,182
	-	137
	(24,881)	46,614
	(20,449)	80,933
	197	179
	(1,875)	(1,327)
	(22,127)	79,785
	(36)	-
	(22,163)	79,785
	Note	261,547 (257,115) 4,432 (24,881) (20,449) 197 (1,875) (22,127) (36)

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2018 or 2017 other than those included in the statement of comprehensive income.

There was no other comprehensive income for 2018 (2017:£NIL).

The notes on pages 5 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

PROBE INTERNATIONAL LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 02231001

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

	Note		2018 £		2017 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		-		401
		•	-		401
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	336,730		315,945	
Cash at bank and in hand	6	721		780	
		337,451	-	316,725	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(386,879)		(344,392)	
Net liabilities			(49,428)	<u>-</u>	(27,266)
Capital and reserves				_	
Called up share capital			10,000		10,000
Profit and loss account			(59,428)		(37,266)
		•	(49,428)	_	(27,266)

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 19 December 20/18.

M Taylor Director

The notes on pages 5 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1. General information

Probe International Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated in England. Its primary trading activities, being the import and export of chemicals, machinery and allied products, derive from its principal place of business in Reading, Berkshire.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

2.2 Going concern

Despite the Company's net liability position, the financial statements have been drawn up on a going concern basis since the Company's controlling shareholder has pledged to continue to support the Company for the forseeable future.

2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

2.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Computer equipment

- 4 years

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

2.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.7 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in the case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

2.8 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Statement of comprehensive income within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement of comprehensive income within 'other operating income'.

2.10 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of comprehensive income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.11 Operating leases

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of comprehensive income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2.12 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest method.

2.13 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income in the year in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.14 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 1 (2017 - 1).

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Computer equipment £
Cost	
At 1 April 2017	2,178
At 31 March 2018	2,178
Depreciation	
At 1 April 2017	1,778
Charge for the year on owned assets	400
At 31 March 2018	2,178
Net book value	
At 31 March 2018	-
At 31 March 2017	401
At OT IMAIGH 2011	401

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

5.	Debtors		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Trade debtors	331,681	310,975
	Other debtors	4,831	4,754
	Prepayments and accrued income	218	216
		336,730	315,945
6.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	721	780
	Less: bank overdrafts	(23,751)	(21,601)
		(23,030)	(20,821)
7.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Bank overdrafts	23,751	21,601
	Trade creditors	94,190	58,853
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	265,903	260,903
	Accruals and deferred income	3,035	3,035
		386,879	344,392

The amounts owed to group undertakings represents an interest free loan, repayable on demand, in favour of the Company's parent.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

8. Financial instruments

	2018 £	2017 £
Financial assets		
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	721	780

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise of cash and cash equivalents.

9. Related party transactions

The Company is a subsidiary of BTI Overseas Limited, which is also a shareholder in Invesco Zambia. During the year, sales of £183,916 (2017 - £236,351) were made to Invesco Zambia by the Company, and at the balance sheet date, £307,021 (2017 - £281,307) was owed to the Company by Invesco for current and historic sales.

10. Controlling party

The Company was under the control of its parent company, BTI Overseas Limited, which is ultimately owned by Mr and Mrs A Patel.