

R.E.M ELECTRONICS LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

CONTENTS

	Page
Accountants' report	1
Balance sheet	2
Notes to the financial statements	3 - 6

**CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTOR ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF R.E.M ELECTRONICS LIMITED
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018**

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of R.E.M Electronics Limited for the year ended 30 June 2018 which comprise the Balance sheet and the related notes from the Company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at <http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/>.

This report is made solely to the director of R.E.M Electronics Limited in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of R.E.M Electronics Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the director of R.E.M Electronics Limited in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release TECH07/16AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than R.E.M Electronics Limited and its director for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that R.E.M Electronics Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of R.E.M Electronics Limited. You consider that R.E.M Electronics Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or review of the financial statements of R.E.M Electronics Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

BAGINSKY COHEN
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
930 HIGH ROAD
LONDON
N12 9RT
7 February 2019

BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

	Note	2018 £	2018 £	2017 £	2017 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		1,838		1,278
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	19,624		8,905	
Cash at bank and in hand	6	22,166		19,788	
		<hr/>		<hr/>	
		41,790		28,693	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(4,041)		(3,654)	
		<hr/>		<hr/>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			37,749		25,039
			<hr/>		<hr/>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			39,587		26,317
			<hr/>		<hr/>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			39,487		26,217
			<hr/>		<hr/>
			39,587		26,317
			<hr/>		<hr/>

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 7 February 2019.

JOHN H. PHILLIPS
Director

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018**

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 2).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

1.2 REVENUE

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

1.3 INTEREST INCOME

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest method.

1.4 TAXATION

Tax is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

1.5 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018**

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

1.5 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures and fittings	-	20%	reducing balance
Computer equipment	-	33%	reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

1.6 DEBTORS

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

1.7 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

1.8 CREDITORS

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.9 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

2.

JUDGMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the company's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised affects only that period or in the period of the revision affects both current and future periods.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018**

3. EMPLOYEES

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 0 (2017 - 0).

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Fixtures & fittings £	Computer equipment £	Total £
COST OR VALUATION			
At 1 July 2017	7,557	4,429	11,986
Additions	-	1,364	1,364
At 30 June 2018	7,557	5,793	13,350
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 July 2017	6,990	3,718	10,708
Charge for the year on owned assets	113	691	804
At 30 June 2018	7,103	4,409	11,512
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 30 June 2018	454	1,384	1,838
At 30 June 2017	567	710	1,277

5. DEBTORS

	2018 £	2017 £
Other debtors	19,351	8,906
Prepayments and accrued income	273	-
	19,624	8,906

Included in other debtors at 30th June 2018 is the Directors Loan Account which was overdrawn by £18,898.39. This was repaid after the year end.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018**

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2018 £	2017 £
Cash at bank and in hand	<u>22,166</u>	<u>19,788</u>

7. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	2018 £	2017 £
Corporation tax	3,001	2,614
Accruals and deferred income	1,040	1,040
	<u>4,041</u>	<u>3,654</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.