Company Registration No. 01521122 (England and Wales)
M C ELECTRONICS LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MAY 2018

		201	2018		2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Tangible assets	3		28,941		36,673	
Current assets						
Stocks		368,488		274,547		
Debtors	4	193,880		116,876		
Cash at bank and in hand		850,770		774,786		
		1,413,138		1,166,209		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(268,453)		(226,364)		
Net current assets			1,144,685		939,845	
Total assets less current liabilities			1,173,626		976,518	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		-		(5,460)	
Provisions for liabilities			(4,920)		(6,235)	
Net assets			1,168,706		964,823	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	7		25,000		25,000	
Profit and loss reserves			1,143,706		939,823	
Total equity			1,168,706		964,823	

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 May 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 MAY 2018

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 21 September 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr I Mathias

Director

Company Registration No. 01521122

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

1 Accounting policies

Company information

M C Electronics Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 61 Grimsdyke Road, Hatch End, Pinner, Middlesex, HA5 4PP.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery 25% on reducing balance Fixtures, fittings & equipment 25% on reducing balance Motor vehicles 25% on reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

1.9 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

1.10 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

1.11 Leases

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of chare on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 2 (2017 - 2).

3 Tangible fixed assets

,	Tangare Tixes assets	Plant and m	Plant and machinery etc £		
	Cost		ı.		
	At 1 June 2017		73,134		
	Additions		1,625		
	At 31 May 2018		74,759		
	Depreciation and impairment				
	At 1 June 2017		36,460		
	Depreciation charged in the year		9,358		
	At 31 May 2018		45,818		
	Carrying amount				
	At 31 May 2018		28,941		
	At 31 May 2017		36,673		
4	Debtors				
4	Debtors	2018	2017		
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£		
	Trade debtors	189,769	112,903		
	Other debtors	4,111	3,973		
		193,880	116,876		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	·	2018	2017
		£	£
	Trade creditors	92,092	79,425
	Corporation tax	59,584	48,413
	Other taxation and social security	17,249	15,662
	Other creditors	99,528	82,864
		268,453	226,364
4	Craditores amounts falling due ofter mare than one year		
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2018	2017
		£	£
	Other creditors	-	5,460
	Included in other creditors above is a hire purchase liability of £Nil (2017:£5,460). This liability which it relates.	is secured over th	e asset to
	William Folders.		
7	Called up share capital		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid	25.000	25,000
	25,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	25,000	25,000
		25,000	25,000

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.