Registered number: 00871726

BALKAN & BLACK SEA SHIPPING COMPANY LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018



COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

A Dinkov V Atanasov K Terziev

Registered number

00871726

Registered office

Black Sea House 72 Wilson Street

London EC2A 2DH

Auditor

Barnes Roffe LLP Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Leytonstone House

Leytonstone London E11 1GA

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

A Dinkov V Atanasov K Terziev

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Post balance sheet events

The company paid a dividend of £1.14m after the year end date.

There have been no other significant events affecting the Company since the year end.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Auditor

The auditor, Barnes Roffe LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on

14.05.2019

and signed on its behalf.

A Dinkov Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF BALKAN & BLACK SEA SHIPPING COMPANY LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Balkan & Black Sea Shipping Company Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 December 2018, which comprise the Statement of income and retained earnings, the Balance sheet and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and the provisions available for small entities, in the circumstances set out in note 14 to the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF BALKAN & BLACK SEA SHIPPING COMPANY LIMITED (CONTINUED)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies
 regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' report and
 from the requirement to prepare a Strategic report.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF BALKAN & BLACK SEA SHIPPING COMPANY LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Stunt Main.

Stuart Moon (Senior statutory auditor) for and on behalf of

Barnes Roffe LLP
Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditor
Leytonstone House
Leytonstone

London

E11 1GA Date:

14 May 2019

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Turnover		465,565	407,280
Gross profit		465,565	407,280
Administrative expenses		(317,614)	(430,845)
Other operating income	4	229,200	229,825
Operating profit		377,151	206,260
Interest payable and similar charges		(18)	(9)
Profit before tax		377,133	206,251
Tax on profit		(73,438)	(41,833)
Profit after tax		303,695	164,418
Retained earnings at the beginning of the year		1,556,338	1,391,920
Profit for the year		303,695	164,418
Retained earnings at the end of the year		1,860,033	1,556,338

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

BALKAN & BLACK SEA SHIPPING COMPANY LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 00871726

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note		2018 £		2017 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	7		634,341		644,436
Investments	8		100		100
			634,441		644,536
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	9	2,387,711		1,119,552	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,390,916		1,418,698	
		3,778,627		2,538,250	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(2,503,035)		(1,576,448)	
Net current assets			1,275,592		961,802
Net assets			1,910,033		1,606,338
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	11		50,000		50,000
Profit and loss account			1,860,033		1,556,338
			1,910,033	-	1,606,338

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

A Dinkov Director

Date: 14. 05. 2019

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1. General information

Balkan & Black Sea Shipping Company Limited ("the company") is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales. Its registered office is Black Sea House, 72 Wilson Street, London, EC2A 2DH.

The company's principal activity is that of shipping services, forwarding freight and chartering brokers.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

The company continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Where the company acts as agent commissions are recognised on inception of the contract in respect of brokerage services and on completion of the contract in respect of voyage charter services.

2.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following annual basis:

Freehold property - 1.67% - 8.90% straight line Plant, furniture, fixtures & fittings- 5 - 25% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

2.6 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

2.7 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

2.8 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

2.9 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Statement of income and retained earnings within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement of income and retained earnings within 'other operating income'.

2.10 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of income and retained earnings on a straight line basis over the lease term.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.11 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of income and retained earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 2, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

4. Other operating income

	2018	2017
	£	£
Rental income	229,200	229,825

5. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 4 (2017 - 4).

6. Directors' remuneration

	2018 £	2017 £
Directors' emoluments	143,091	146,665
Directors' emoluments Directors' pension contributions	7,342	7,399
	150,433	154,064

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

7. Tangible fixed assets

8.

At 31 December 2018

	Freehold property £	Plant, furniture and fixtures & fittings £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 January 2018	1,128,086	18,426	1,146,512
Additions	3,212	6,824	10,036
At 31 December 2018	1,131,298	25,250	1,156,548
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2018	487,432	14,644	502,076
Charge for the year on owned assets	18,739	1,392	20,131
At 31 December 2018	506,171	16,036	522,207
Net book value			
At 31 December 2018	625,127	9,214	634,341
At 31 December 2017	640,654	3,782	644,436
Fixed asset investments			
·	·		Investments in subsidiary companies £
Cost & Net Book Value			
At 1 January 2018			100

100

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

9.	Debtors		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Trade debtors	727,539	48,982
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	26,077	36,202
	Other debtors	6,982	6,396
	Prepayments and accrued income	1,627,113	1,027,972
		2,387,711	1,119,552
10.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Trade creditors	132,132	8,011
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	694,942	384,004
	Corporation tax	73,848	42,519
	Other taxation and social security	3,207	4,537
	Other creditors	992	4,661
	Accruals and deferred income	1,597,914	1,132,716
	·	2,503,035	1,576,448
11.	Share capital		
		2018	2017
	Allotted called up and fully paid	£	£
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 50,000 (2017 - 50,000) Ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000

12. Pension commitments

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the company to the funds in respect of the year.

The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in independently managed funds. There were no outstanding contributions owed to the scheme at the year end (2017 - £1,433). The pension charge for the year amounted to £10,490 (2017 - £12,816).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

13. Related party transactions

The company has taken the exemption available under FRS 102 Section 33 'Related Party Transactions' not to disclose inter-group information.

14. Provisions available for audits of small entities

In common with many other businesses of our size and nature we use our auditor to prepare and submit returns to the tax authorities and assist with the preparation of the financial statements and management accounts.

15. Controlling party

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Navigation Maritime Bulgare, a company incorporated in Bulgaria. The consolidated financial statements of this company are available to the public and can be obtained by contacting the main office at Navibulgar House, 1 Primorski Boulevard, 9000 Varna, Bulgaria.

The company's ultimate parent company as at 31 December 2018 was Advance Properties OOD, incorporated in Sofia, Bulgaria.