Registration number: 00691955

# Alswick Hall Farms Limited

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

Landmark Accountants Limited
Chartered Accountants
Leavesden Park
5 Hercules Way
Watford
Hertfordshire
WD25 7GS

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# **Company Information**

**Directors** M A Johnson

G D M Johnson D M Melman P A Hearn J D A Johnson A M Johnson P D A A Johnson

Company secretary A M Johnson

Registered office Alswick Hall

Buntingford Hertfordshire SG9 0AA

**Solicitors** Nockolds

Market Square Bishop's Stortford Hertfordshire CM23 3UZ

Bankers Lloyds Banking Group Plc

1 Bircherley Street Hertfordshire SG14 1BU

Accountants Landmark Accountants Limited

Chartered Accountants Leavesden Park 5 Hercules Way Watford Hertfordshire WD25 7GS

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# Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# (Registration number: 00691955) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2018

	Note	20	018	20	)17
		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>		2,623,932		2,603,374
Investments	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	_	180,000	_	180,000
			2,803,932		2,783,374
Current assets					
Stocks	<u>6</u>	547,508		486,124	
Debtors	<u>6</u> <u>7</u>	619,946		757,786	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,057	_	1,056	
		1,168,511		1,244,966	
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(2,072,279)	_	(3,631,250)	
Net current liabilities		_	(903,768)	_	(2,386,284)
Total assets less current liabilities			1,900,164		397,090
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	8	-	(1,812,034)	-	(497,938)
Net assets/(liabilities)		=	88,130	=	(100,848)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital		142		142	
Share premium reserve		379,958		379,958	
Profit and loss account		(291,970)	_	(480,948)	
Total equity		=	88,130	=	(100,848)

For the financial year ending 31 March 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

# Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

(Registration number: 00691955) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2018

Approved and authorised by the Board on 19 December 2018 and signed on its behalf by:
M A Johnson
Director
The notes on pages $\underline{5}$ to $\underline{10}$ form an integral part of these financial statements Page 4

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Alswick Hall Buntingford Hertfordshire SG9 0AA

### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

# Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

# Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class Leasehold improvements

Plant & machinery

Tractors, combines, motor vehicles

Depreciation method and rate

10 years 10 years

20% reducing balance

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

#### **Business combinations**

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method. The consideration for each acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values at acquisition date of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the group in exchange for control of the acquired, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. When a business combination agreement provides for an adjustment to the cost of the combination contingent on future events, the group includes the estimated amount of that adjustment in the cost of the combination at the acquisition date if the adjustment is probable and can be measured reliably.

#### Investments

Investments in equity shares which are publicly traded or where the fair value can be measured reliably are initially measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Investments in equity shares which are not publicly traded and where fair value cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Interest income on debt securities, where applicable, is recognised in income using the effective interest method. Dividends on equity securities are recognised in income when receivable.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### **Defined contribution pension obligation**

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 10 (2017 - 9).

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

# 4 Tangible assets

	Leasehold improvements £	Tractors and combines	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles
Cost or valuation				
At 1 April 2017	2,513,339	1,125,135	810,056	129,910
Additions	125,025	354,658	27,330	-
Disposals	<del>-</del>	(410,000)	(4,850)	<del>-</del>
At 31 March 2018	2,638,364	1,069,793	832,536	129,910
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2017	611,982	841,066	441,232	80,786
Charge for the year	230,857	104,787	60,413	11,316
Eliminated on disposal	<del>-</del> -	(335,768)	<del>-</del>	<u>-</u>
At 31 March 2018	842,839	610,085	501,645	92,102
Carrying amount				
At 31 March 2018	1,795,525	459,708	330,891	37,808
At 31 March 2017	1,901,357	284,069	368,824	49,124
				Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 April 2017				4,578,440
Additions				507,013
Disposals			_	(414,850)
At 31 March 2018			_	4,670,603
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2017				1,975,066
Charge for the year				407,373
Eliminated on disposal			_	(335,768)
At 31 March 2018			-	2,046,671
Carrying amount				
At 31 March 2018			=	2,623,932
At 31 March 2017			=	2,603,374

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £1,795,525 (2017 - £1,901,357) in respect of short leasehold land and buildings.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

# Restrictions on title and pledges as security

Tangible fixed assets with a carrying amount of £2,623,932 (2017 - £2,603,374) have been pledged as security for the company's finance lease liabilities and bank borrowings.

5 Investments		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Investments in subsidiaries	180,000	180,000
Subsidiaries		£
Cost or valuation		
At 1 April 2017		180,000
At 31 March 2018		180,000
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2018		180,000
At 31 March 2017		180,000
6 Stocks		

2018

£

547,508

2017

£

486,124

The carrying amount of stocks pledged as security for liabilities amounted to £547,508 (2017 - £486,124).

# 7 Debtors

Other inventories

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors		327,534	411,381
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest		143,996	143,333
Prepayments		14,075	2,257
Other debtors		134,341	200,815
		619,946	757,786

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

# 8 Creditors

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	<u>9</u>	1,826,002	3,359,392
Trade creditors		136,056	133,369
Taxation and social security		9,187	9,406
Other creditors		101,034	129,083
	_	2,072,279	3,631,250
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	9	131,853	17,757
Other non-current financial liabilities		1,680,181	480,181
	_	1,812,034	497,938
9 Loans and borrowings			
		2018 £	2017 £
Non-current loans and borrowings		*	<b>&amp;</b>
Finance lease liabilities	_	131,853	17,757
		2018	2017
		£ £	£
Current loans and borrowings			
Bank borrowings		1,100,000	2,850,000
Bank overdrafts		616,763	421,344
Finance lease liabilities		109,239	88,048
		1,826,002	3,359,392

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