REGISTERED NUMBER: 00602040 (England and Wales)

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

for

Rophet Property Co.limited

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Rophet Property Co.limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

DIRECTORS:S Santaub
M G Woolfson

REGISTERED OFFICE: Spitalfields House

Stirling Way Borehamwood Hertfordshire WD6 2FX

REGISTERED NUMBER: 00602040 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: J.D. Bregman & Co Limited

First Floor

Spitalfields House Stirling Way Borehamwood Hertfordshire WD6 2FX

Balance Sheet 31 March 2021

	Notos	31.3.21	31.3.20 £
FIXED ASSETS	Notes	£	L
	4	7.563	0.514
Tangible assets	4	7,563	9,514
Investment property	5	_650,000_	650,000
		657,563	659,514
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash at bank		24,883	31,231
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	6	(5,733)	(6,088)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		19,150	25,143
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			
LIABILITIES		676,713	684,657
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		(127,597)	(127,597)
NET ASSETS		549,116	557,060
11217100210			
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	7	100	100
Fair value reserve	8	510,388	510,388
Retained earnings	-	38,628	46,572
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		549,116	557,060
		<u> </u>	

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2021.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

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Balance Sheet - continued

31 March 2021

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 23 December 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

S Santaub - Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Fair value reserve £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 April 2019	100	51,869	510,388	562,357
Changes in equity				
Dividends	-	(18,000)	-	(18,000)
Total comprehensive income	-	12,703	-	12,703
Balance at 31 March 2020	100	46,572	510,388	557,060
Changes in equity				
Dividends	•	(18,500)	-	(18,500)
Total comprehensive income		10,556	-	10,556
Balance at 31 March 2021	100	38,628	510,388	549,116

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Rophet Property Co.limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life. Land and buildings - 10% on cost

Investment property

Investment property is shown at most recent valuation. Any aggregate surplus or deficit arising from changes in fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments. Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method. Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued

for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Going concern

The directors have considered the company's financial resources and performance and believe that the company is well placed to manage its business risks successfully and that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Consequently, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 3 (2020 - 3).

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued

for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

4.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		Land and
			buildings
			f
	COST		-
	At 1 April 2020		
	and 31 March 2021		19,504
	DEPRECIATION		
	At 1 April 2020		9,990
	Charge for year		1,951
	At 31 March 2021		11,941
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 March 2021		<u>7,563</u>
	At 31 March 2020		<u>9,514</u>
5.	INVESTMENT PROPERTY		
			Total
			£
	FAIR VALUE		
	At 1 April 2020		
	and 31 March 2021		650,000
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 March 2021		650,000
	At 31 March 2020		<u>650,000</u>
	The properties were valued by the director at its fair value of £650,000 at the year end	d.	
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		31.3.21	31.3.20
		£	£
	Taxation and social security	2,980	3,498
	Other creditors	2,753	2,590
		5,733	6,088

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

7. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted alla issue	Allotted	and	issued	:
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Number:	Class:	Nominal	31.3.21	31.3.20
		value:	£	£
100	Share capital 1	£1	100	100

8. RESERVES

Fair value reserve £

At 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2021

510,388

9. **COVID 19**

The Covid-19 pandemic occurred during the Company's financial period ended 31 March 2021. The directors have carefully considered the likely effect of the Covid-19 pandemic on the future performance of the company and consider that it is likely to have an adverse impact on this. It is not possible to quantify this impact. However, the directors consider that the company has sufficient resources to enable it to remain in business for the foreseeable future

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.