J. T. Jewell Limited Unaudited Financial Statements 31 March 2019



CARY AND COMPANY

Certified Practising Accountant
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Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2019

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Directors' Report

Year ended 31 March 2019

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2019.

The company has been dormant as defined in section 1169 of the Companies Act 2006 throughout the year and preceding financial year. It is anticipated that the company will remain dormant for the foreseeable future.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

Mrs E G Jewell Mr C A Jewell Mrs P A Wass Mrs C E Jewell

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 1 July 2019 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr OA Jewell Director

Registered office:

Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2019

		2019		2018
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets Investments	4		23,000	23,000
Current assets Debtors	5	55,619		55,619
Net current assets			55,619	55,619
Total assets less current liabilities			78,619	78,619
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital			27,264	27,264
Capital redemption reserve			32,486	32,486
Profit and loss account			18,869	18,869
Shareholders funds			78,619	78,619

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

The company did not trade during the current year or prior year and has not made either a profit or loss.

For the year ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 1 July 2019, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr/C A Jewell Director

Company registration number: 00491384

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is .

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Income statement

The company is dormant as defined by section 1169 of the Companies Act 2006. The company received no income and incurred no expenditure during the current year or prior year and therefore no income statement is presented within these financial statements. There have been no movements in shareholders funds during the current year or prior year.

Consolidation

The company has taken advantage of the option not to prepare consolidated financial statements contained in Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 on the basis that the company and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small group.

Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Investments in associates

Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income/profit or loss. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted.

Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the associate arising before or after the date of acquisition.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2019

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Investments in joint ventures

Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income/profit or loss. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted.

Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the joint venture arising before or after the date of acquisition.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2019

4. Investments

Shares in group
undertakings £
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23,000
23,000
23,000

Subsidiary undertakings

All held by the company:

J. Jewell Limited 100%

Aggregate capital and reserves	21,354	25,157
Profit and (loss) for the year	(3,803)	4,895

5. Debtors

	2019	2018
	£	£
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the		
company has a participating interest	11,170	11,170
Other debtors	44,449	44,449
	55,619	55,619

6. Financial instruments at fair value

Insert text in reportpad FinancialInstrumentFairValue2R on the methods and assumptions used by the company in estimating the fair values of financial instruments included in the above table. Insert text in reportpad FinancialInstrumentFairValue2R on the methods and assumptions used by the group in estimating the fair values of financial instruments included in the above table.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2019

7. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

Balance brought forward

	•	and outstanding	
	2019	2018	
Mr CA and Mrs CE Jewell	£ 41,976	£ 41,976	
Mrs P A Wass	2,473	2,473	
	44,449	44,449	

8. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of it's directors throughout the current and previous year.

Included within other debtors is the intercompany balance owed by its subsidiary undertaking. The balance outstanding at 31 March 2019 amounted to £11,170 (2018 - £11,170).